

## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

<b>Product name</b>	861-60 Nason Industrial Enamel Reducer
<b>Product code</b>	861-60
<b>Intended use of the substance/preparation</b>	Thinner for professional use
<b>Supplier</b>	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
<b>Emergency Information</b>	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
<b>Importer</b>	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

## 2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433  
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Aspiration toxicity	Category 6.1E
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Collect spillage.  
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.  
 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.  
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
108-88-3	toluene	60 - 70%	✓	
64742-82-1	naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	5 - 10%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
108-67-8	mesitylene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 0.1 - 1.0%

### 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

##### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Notes to physician**

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Dry chemical, Water spray.

**Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons**

High volume water jet

**Specific hazards**

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

**Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

**Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

**Methods for cleaning up**

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

## 7. Handling and storage

**Safe handling advice**

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

**Storage****Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

**Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage**

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name			
toluene	TWA	50 ppm	
	TWA	188 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
n-hexane	TWA	20 ppm	
	TWA	72 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm	
	TWA	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
mesitylene	TWA	25 ppm	
	TWA	25 ppm	
	TWA	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	TWA	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
xylene	TWA	50 ppm	
	TWA	217 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm	
	STEL	125 ppm	
	STEL	543 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	TWA	434 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

#### Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0,1% benzene)	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Form : liquid    Colour: clear    Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	24 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	7.6 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.7 %	
Vapour pressure	37.9 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	nil	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.81 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	201 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	<20 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

## 10. Stability and reactivity

#### Stability

Stable

#### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

#### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

#### Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

#### Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

#### Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

toluene	Category 2
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 3
xylene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Skin sensitisation

not hazardous

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Toxicity for reproduction

toluene	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure**

- **Skin Absorption**

**Testes** n-hexane**Central nervous system** 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene**Aspiration toxicity**

toluene	Category 1
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1
n-hexane	Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 1
mesitylene	Category 1
xylene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2

**Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )**

No information available.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

**12. Ecological information**

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

**Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

**Chronic aquatic toxicity**

naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2

% of unknown composition 0%

**Persistence and degradability**

No information available.

**Bioaccumulation**

No information available.

**Mobility in soil**

No information available.

**Other adverse effects**

No information available.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

### Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information

### NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263  
 Hazard Class: 3  
 Packing group: III  
 Hazchem Code: 3Y

### IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263  
 Hazard Class: 3  
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.  
 Packing group: III  
 Marine Pollutant: yes [naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0,1% benzene)]  
 EmS: F-E,S-E

### ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263  
 Hazard Class: 3  
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.  
 Packing group: III

### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

## 15. Regulatory information

### National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Aspiration toxicity	Category 6.1E
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

## 16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.1	9





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Version	Changes
Revision Date: B12725612	2015-01-29

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet