

400-65 v1.0 Revision Date: 2013-08-26 Print Date: 2013-08-28

Print Date: 2013-08-2 en/NZ Page 1 - 11

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name FUL-THANE 2K FP DIAMOND PEARL

Product code 400-65 reference number 400-65

Intended use of the substance/preparation

Coating for professional use

Supplier Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited

Street address 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia

Telephone Telefax

Emergency telephone number NZ Poisons Information Centre Ph: 0800 764 766

24-hour Emergency Number: (64)-9526 2501

Importer Resene Paints Ltd.

Street/Box 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington,

Auckland, NZ

Nat.-Code/Postal code/City

Telephone +64 (09) 259 2738

Date of preparation 2013-08-28

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433

Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Category 3.1B Flammable liquids Skin corrosion/irritation Category 6.3A Category 6.4A Serious eye damage/eye irritation Skin sensitisation Category 6.5B Carcinogenicity Category 6.7B Toxicity for reproduction Category 6.8B Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure Category 6.9B Category 6.9B Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure Acute aquatic toxicity Category 9.1B Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 9.1B

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", ""cannot classified"" and ""not applicable"" are not shown

GHS-Labelling



Hazard symbols

Signal word Danger

Hazard statements Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye irritation.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Suspected of causing cancer.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Causes damage to organs.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Toxic to aquatic life.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



400-65 v1.0

Revision Date: 2013-08-26 Print Date: 2013-08-28 en/NZ Page 2 - 11

Precautionary statements

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Keep container tightly closed.

Avoid release to the environment.

Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Obtain special instructions before use.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools. Wash hands after handling.

Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.

Collect spillage.

IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label).

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Store locked up.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	10 - 20%	
108-88-3	toluene	5 - 10%	\checkmark
8032-32-4	low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	5 - 10%	\checkmark
64742-94-5	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	3 - 5%	\checkmark
763-69-9	ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	3 - 5%	\checkmark
142-82-5	heptane (mixture of isomers)	3 - 5%	\checkmark
1330-20-7	xylene	3 - 5%	\checkmark
7429-90-5	aluminium powder (stabilized)	1 - 3%	\checkmark
141-78-6	ethyl acetate	1 - 3%	\checkmark
112-07-2	2-butoxyethyl acetate	1 - 3%	\checkmark
108-10-1	4-methylpentan-2-one	1 - 3%	\checkmark
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	0.3 - 1.0%	\checkmark
78-93-3	butanone	0.3 - 1.0%	\checkmark
12001-26-2	Mica	0.3 - 1.0%	
8052-41-3	stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	0.3 - 1.0%	\checkmark
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	0.3 - 1.0%	\checkmark



400-65 v1.0

Revision Date: 2013-08-26 Print Date: 2013-08-28 en/NZ Page 3 - 11

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	0.1 - 0.3%	
108-87-2	methylcyclohexane	0.1 - 0.3%	\checkmark
82919-37-7	methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	0.1 - 0.3%	\checkmark
111-76-2	2-butoxyethanol	0.1 - 0.3%	\checkmark
91-20-3	Naphthalene	0.1 - 0.3%	\checkmark

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

4. First aid measures

Eve contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet Water spray

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

400-65 v1.0

Revision Date: 2013-08-26 Print Date: 2013-08-28 en/NZ Page 4 - 11

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m3
	TWA	713 mg/m3
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m3
heptane (mixture of isomers)	TWA	400 ppm
	STEL	500 ppm



400-65 v1.0

Revision Date: 2013-08-26 Print Date: 2013-08-28 en/NZ Page 5 - 11

Chemical Name	OTE:	0.050/0
	STEL	2,050 mg/m3
	TWA	1,640 mg/m3
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m3
aluminium powder (stabilized)	TWA	5 mg/m3
ethyl acetate	TWA	200 ppm
	TWA	720 mg/m3
4-methylpentan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	307 mg/m3
	TWA	205 mg/m3
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m3
	TWA	434 mg/m3
butanone	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	300 ppm
	STEL	890 mg/m3
	TWA	445 mg/m3
Mica	TWA	3 mg/m3
stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	TWA	100 ppm
	TWA	525 mg/m3
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m3
methylcyclohexane	TWA	400 ppm
	TWA	1,610 mg/m3
2-butoxyethanol	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	121 mg/m3
Naphthalene	TWA	10 ppm
	STEL	15 ppm
	STEL	79 mg/m3
	TWA	52 mg/m3

400-65 v1.0

Revision Date: 2013-08-26 Print Date: 2013-08-28 en/NZ Page 6 - 11

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eve protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
ethyl acetate	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	10 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
butanone	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min
2-butoxyethanol	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form: liquid Colour: silver Odour: Characteristic Paint Odor Odor Threshold: no data available

рН	not applicable
Freezing point	Not applicable.
Boiling point	91 °C
Flash point	10 °C
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether



400-65 v1.0

Revision Date: 2013-08-26 Print Date: 2013-08-28 en/NZ Page 7 - 11

Flammability Upper explosion limit 10.2 % Lower explosion limit 0.9 % Vapour pressure 11.9 hPa Solubility(ies) moderate

Vapour density no data available $0.98 \ q/cm^3$ Density

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water no data available $215\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$

Ignition temperature Decomposition temperature

ISO 2431-1993 Viscosity (23 °C) Not applicable.

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

DIN 53217/ISO 2811

DIN 51794

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %



400-65 v1.0

Revision Date: 2013-08-26 Print Date: 2013-08-28 en/NZ Page 8 - 11

Skin corrosion/irritation

n-butyl acetate toluene low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene) Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate heptane (mixture of isomers) xylene ethyl acetate 2-butoxyethyl acetate 4-methylpentan-2-one ethylbenzene butanone stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene) 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene methylcyclohexane 2-butoxyethanol	Category 3 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2
methylcyclonexane 2-butoxyethanol Naphthalene	Category 2 Category 2 Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

toluene	Category 2B
low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2A
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 2A
xylene	Category 2
ethyl acetate	Category 2
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Category 2A
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
butanone	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
2-butoxyethanol	Category 2
Naphthalene	Category 2A

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Naphthalene Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

• Skin Absorption

Narcotic effects toluene

Inhalation

Respiratory system 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

Central nervous system low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene), 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene **reproductive organs** ethyl acetate, heptane (mixture of isomers)



400-65 v1.0

Revision Date: 2013-08-26 Print Date: 2013-08-28 en/NZ Page 9 - 11

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

• Skin Absorption

Body weight effects ethyl acetate

Central nervous system 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	Category 3
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 1
xylene	Category 3
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2
stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1
Titanium dioxide	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
methylcyclohexane	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1
Naphthalene	Category 1

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 2
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 1
aluminium powder (stabilized)	Category 4
stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
methylcyclohexane	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1
Naphthalene	Category 1

% of unknown composition 9.2%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.



400-65 v1.0

Revision Date: 2013-08-26 Print Date: 2013-08-28 en/NZ Page 10 - 11

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
Hazard Class: 3
Packing group: II
Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263 Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group:

Marine Pollutant: yes [heptane (mixture of isomers)]

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263 Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group:

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code HSR002669

HSNO Control A This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use. HSNO Classification

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 6.3A Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 6.4A Category 6.5B Skin sensitisation Carcinogenicity Category 6.7B Toxicity for reproduction Category 6.8B Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure Category 6.9B Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure Category 6.9B Category 3.1B Flammable liquids Acute aquatic toxicity Category 9.1B Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 9.1B



400-65 v1.0

Revision Date: 2013-08-26 Print Date: 2013-08-28 en/NZ Page 11 - 11

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version Changes 1.0

Revision Date: 2013-08-26

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The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.