

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	Nason Industrial QD ZP Alkyd Primer Red Oxide	
Product code	308-10	
Intended use of the substance/preparation Coating for professional use		
Supplier Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia	
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248	
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial	
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ	
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738	
Date of preparation	2015-01-29	

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", ""cannot classified"" and ""not applicable"" are not shown

GHS-Labelling

Hazard s	ymbols
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Signal word

Hazard statements



Danger

 ements
 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

 Causes skin irritation.
 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

 Suspected of causing cancer.
 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
 Harmful to aquatic life.

 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.



Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
1317-65-3	Limestone (calcium carbonate)	20 - 30%	
14807-96-6	Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)	10 - 20%	
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	\checkmark
110-54-3	n-hexane	5 - 10%	\checkmark
1330-20-7	xylene	5 - 10%	\checkmark
1309-37-1	Iron oxide	3 - 5%	\checkmark
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	1 - 3%	\checkmark
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	1 - 3%	\checkmark
64742-82-1	naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0,1% benzene)	1 - 3%	\checkmark
108-88-3	toluene	1 - 3%	\checkmark
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.3 - 1.0%	\checkmark
14808-60-7	Quartz (SiO2)	0.3 - 1.0%	\checkmark
7727-43-7	barium sulphate, natural	0.1 - 0.3%	
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	0.1 - 0.3%	
7779-90-0	trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	0.1 - 0.3%	\checkmark

Non-regulated ingredients 20 - 30%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

SAFETY DATA SHEET



Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage



Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
Limestone (calcium carbonate)	TWA	10 mg/m3
Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)	TWA	2 mg/m3
n-hexane	TWA	20 ppm
	TWA	72 mg/m3
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m3
Iron oxide	TWA	5 mg/m3
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m3
	TWA	434 mg/m3
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m3
Quartz (SiO2)	TWA	0.2 mg/m3
barium sulphate, natural	TWA	10 mg/m3
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m3
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	TWA	10 mg/m3



Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0,1% benzene)	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: red Odor Threshold : no data available

рН	not applicable
Freezing point	Not applicable.
Boiling point	66 ° C
Flash point	-17°C
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether
Flammability	
Upper explosion limit	Not applicable. %

SAFETY DATA SHEET



Lower explosion limit0.9 %Vapour pressure16.5 hPaSolubility(ies)nilVapour densityno data avaDensity1.21 g/cm³Partition coefficient: n-octanol/waterno data avaIgnition temperature201 °CDecomposition temperature<20 s</td>

 16.5 hPa

 nil

 no data available

 1.21 g/cm³

 DIN 53217/ISO 2811

 no data available

 201 °C

 Solo 2431-1993 6 mm

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability Stable

Olabio

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity not hazardous

% of unknown composition 16 %



2 2

3 2 3

Skin corrosion/irritation

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category
n-hexane	Category
xylene	Category
Iron oxide	Category
ethylbenzene	Category
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0,1% benzene)	Category
toluene	Category
2-butanone oxime	Category

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

2-butanone oxime	Category 2
Quartz (SiO2)	Category 1A

Toxicity for reproduction

n-hexane	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- Skin Absorption
 - Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.



12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Category 1

% of unknown composition 16%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433	
Proper shipping name:	PAINT
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Packing group:	II
Hazchem Code:	3YE



IMDG (Sea transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II
Marine Pollutant:	no
EmS:	F-E,S-E
ICAO/IATA (Air transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information	
HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A HSNO Classification	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date: B13034887	2014-12-05

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet