

## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

<b>Product name</b>	Duxone G.M.H. Black
<b>Product code</b>	1048125
<b>Intended use of the substance/preparation</b>	Coating for professional use
<b>Supplier</b>	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
<b>Emergency Information</b>	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
<b>Importer</b>	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

## 2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433  
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", ""cannot classified"" and ""not applicable"" are not shown

### GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</p>
Precautionary statements	<p>Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.</p>

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.  
 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.  
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**

None known.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Pure substance/mixture**

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz-ardous
108-88-3	toluene	20 - 30%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	5 - 10%	✓	
141-78-6	ethyl acetate	5 - 10%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	5 - 10%	✓	
67-63-0	propan-2-ol	3 - 5%	✓	
108-10-1	4-methylpentan-2-one	3 - 5%	✓	
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	3 - 5%	✓	
1333-86-4	carbon black	1 - 3%		
78-93-3	butanone	1 - 3%	✓	
71-36-3	n-butanol	1 - 3%	✓	
112926-00-8	Amorphous silica - precipitated	0.1 - 0.3%		

Non-regulated ingredients 5 - 10%

### 4. First aid measures

**Eye contact**

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

**Skin contact**

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

**Inhalation**

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

**Ingestion**

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

**Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Notes to physician**

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Dry chemical, Water spray.

**Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons**

High volume water jet

**Specific hazards**

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

**Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

**Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

**Methods for cleaning up**

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

## 7. Handling and storage

**Safe handling advice**

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

**Storage****Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

**Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage**

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

**8. Exposure controls/personal protection****National occupational exposure limits****Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
iso-butanol	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
ethyl acetate	TWA	713 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	200 ppm
n-hexane	TWA	720 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	20 ppm
propan-2-ol	TWA	72 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	400 ppm
	STEL	500 ppm
4-methylpentan-2-one	STEL	1,230 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	983 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	50 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
carbon black	STEL	307 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	205 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
butanone	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	300 ppm
	STEL	890 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	445 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
n-butanol	CEIL	150 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

Chemical Name	CEIL	50 ppm
Amorphous silica - precipitated	TWA	10 mg/m3

### Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

### Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

### Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
ethyl acetate	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	10 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min
butanone	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min
n-butanol	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril<sup>®</sup> glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

Form : liquid    Colour: black    Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	-1 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	12.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	36.0 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.84 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	240 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

## 10. Stability and reactivity

### Stability

Stable

### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

### Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

#### Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

#### Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

toluene	Category 2
iso-butanol	Category 2
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
ethyl acetate	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
propan-2-ol	Category 3
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3
butanone	Category 3
n-butanol	Category 2

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

toluene	Category 2B
iso-butanol	Category 1
ethyl acetate	Category 2A
n-hexane	Category 2B
propan-2-ol	Category 2A
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 2A
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 2A
butanone	Category 2A
n-butanol	Category 1

**Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Skin sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction**

toluene	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure**

- **Skin Absorption**

- **Body weight effects** ethyl acetate

- **Testes** n-hexane

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )**

No information available.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

## 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

**Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

**Chronic aquatic toxicity**

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2

% of unknown composition 0%

**Persistence and degradability**

No information available.

**Bioaccumulation**

No information available.

**Mobility in soil**

No information available.

**Other adverse effects**

No information available.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information

**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

**IMDG (Sea transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT



UN number: 1263  
Hazard Class: 3  
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.  
Packing group: II  
Marine Pollutant: no  
EmS: F-E,S-E

**ICAO/IATA (Air transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263  
Hazard Class: 3  
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.  
Packing group: II

**Matters needing attention for transportation**

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

## 15. Regulatory information

**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

## 16. Other information

## Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2015-01-29  
B12725563

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

<b>Product name</b>	Duxone 1K Acrylic Primer Filler
<b>Product code</b>	1278126
<b>Intended use of the substance/preparation</b>	Coating for professional use
<b>Supplier</b>	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
<b>Emergency Information</b>	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
<b>Importer</b>	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

## 2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433  
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**

None known.

**3. Composition/information on ingredients****Pure substance/mixture**

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
14807-96-6	Talc (Mg <sub>3</sub> H <sub>2</sub> (SiO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> )	10 - 20%		
78-93-3	butanone	10 - 20%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	10 - 20%	✓	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	5 - 10%	✓	
141-78-6	ethyl acetate	5 - 10%	✓	
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	5 - 10%		
27138-31-4	Oxydipropyl dibenzoate	1 - 3%	✓	
67-63-0	propan-2-ol	1 - 3%	✓	
71-36-3	n-butanol	1 - 3%	✓	
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1 - 3%	✓	
14808-60-7	Quartz (SiO <sub>2</sub> )	1 - 3%	✓	
21645-51-2	aluminium hydroxide	0.3 - 1.0%		
7631-86-9	amorphous Silica	0.3 - 1.0%		
1333-86-4	carbon black	0.3 - 1.0%		
64-17-5	ethanol	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 20 - 30%

**4. First aid measures****Eye contact**

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

**Skin contact**

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

**Inhalation**

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

**Ingestion**

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

**Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Notes to physician**

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

**5. Firefighting measures****Suitable extinguishing media**

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Dry chemical, Water spray.

**Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons**

High volume water jet

**Specific hazards**

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

**Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

**6. Accidental release measures****Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

**Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

**Methods for cleaning up**

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

**7. Handling and storage****Safe handling advice**

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

**Storage**

**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

**Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage**

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

**8. Exposure controls/personal protection****National occupational exposure limits****Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
Talc (Mg <sub>3</sub> H <sub>2</sub> (SiO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> )	TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
butanone	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	300 ppm
	STEL	890 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	445 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
ethyl acetate	TWA	713 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	200 ppm
Titanium dioxide	TWA	720 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
propan-2-ol	TWA	400 ppm
	STEL	500 ppm
	STEL	1,230 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
n-butanol	TWA	983 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	CEIL	150 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Quartz (SiO <sub>2</sub> )	CEIL	50 ppm
	TWA	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
aluminium hydroxide	TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
amorphous Silica	TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
carbon black	TWA	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
ethanol	TWA	1,000 ppm
	TWA	1,880 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
xylene	TWA	50 ppm

Chemical Name

TWA 217 mg/m3

**Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

**Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

**Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

**Eye protection**

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

**Hand protection**

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
butanone	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
ethyl acetate	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	10 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min
n-butanol	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatrill<sup>®</sup> glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

**Skin and body protection**

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

**Hygiene measures**

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

**9. Physical and chemical properties**

## Appearance

Form : liquid    Colour: grey    Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	No data available.	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	77 °C	
Flash point	-10 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	11 %	
Lower explosion limit	1 %	
Vapour pressure	33.1 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	appreciable	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.16 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	272 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

## 10. Stability and reactivity

### Stability

Stable

### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

### Hazardous decomposition products

The product contains ingredients which, under certain conditions, also may release formaldehyde. If necessary, the precise concentration has to be determined. When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

**Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute dermal toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

butanone	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
ethyl acetate	Category 3
propan-2-ol	Category 3
n-butanol	Category 2
xylene	Category 2

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

butanone	Category 2A
toluene	Category 2B
ethyl acetate	Category 2A
propan-2-ol	Category 2A
n-butanol	Category 1
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 2A
ethanol	Category 2A
xylene	Category 2A

**Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Skin sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction**

toluene	Category 2
Oxydipropyl dibenzoate	Category 2

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure**

- **Skin Absorption**

- **Body weight effects** ethyl acetate



**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )**

No information available.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

## 12. Ecological information

Product does not contain any environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS

**Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

**Persistence and degradability**

No information available.

**Bioaccumulation**

No information available.

**Mobility in soil**

No information available.

**Other adverse effects**

No information available.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information

**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

**IMDG (Sea transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II  
 Marine Pollutant: no  
 EmS: F-E,S-E

**ICAO/IATA (Air transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263  
 Hazard Class: 3  
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.  
 Packing group: II

**Matters needing attention for transportation**

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

**15. Regulatory information****National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B

**16. Other information**

## Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2015-01-29  
 B12724524

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

<b>Product name</b>	Duxone 1K Plastic Primer RFU
<b>Product code</b>	1278140
<b>Intended use of the substance/preparation</b>	Coating for professional use
<b>Supplier</b>	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
<b>Emergency Information</b>	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
<b>Importer</b>	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

## 2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433  
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1D
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8A
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", ""cannot classified"" and ""not applicable"" are not shown

### GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</p>
Precautionary statements	<p>Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.</p>

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.  
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**

None known.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Pure substance/mixture**

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
71-36-3	n-butanol	30 - 40%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	20 - 30%	✓	
14807-96-6	Talc (Mg <sub>3</sub> H <sub>2</sub> (SiO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> )	5 - 10%		
1330-20-7	xylene	5 - 10%	✓	
141-78-6	ethyl acetate	3 - 5%	✓	
78-93-3	butanone	3 - 5%	✓	
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	3 - 5%		
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	1 - 3%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	1 - 3%	✓	
67-63-0	propan-2-ol	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
14808-60-7	Quartz (SiO <sub>2</sub> )	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
21645-51-2	aluminium hydroxide	0.1 - 0.3%		
7631-86-9	amorphous Silica	0.1 - 0.3%		
872-50-4	N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 10 - 20%

### 4. First aid measures

**Eye contact**

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

**Skin contact**

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

**Inhalation**

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

**Ingestion**

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

**Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Notes to physician**

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Dry chemical, Water spray.

**Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons**

High volume water jet

**Specific hazards**

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

**Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

**Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

**Methods for cleaning up**

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

## 7. Handling and storage

**Safe handling advice**

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

**Storage****Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

**Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage**

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

**8. Exposure controls/personal protection****National occupational exposure limits****Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
n-butanol	CEIL	150 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	CEIL	50 ppm
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Talc (Mg <sub>3</sub> H <sub>2</sub> (SiO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> )	TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
ethyl acetate	TWA	200 ppm
	TWA	720 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
butanone	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	300 ppm
	STEL	890 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Titanium dioxide	TWA	445 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
ethylbenzene	TWA	713 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
propan-2-ol	STEL	543 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	434 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	400 ppm
	STEL	500 ppm
	STEL	1,230 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	983 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

Chemical Name		
Quartz (SiO <sub>2</sub> )	TWA	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
aluminium hydroxide	TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
amorphous Silica	TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	309 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	103 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

### Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

### Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

### Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butanol	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min
ethyl acetate	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	10 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min
butanone	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	60 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril<sup>®</sup> glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier

on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Form : liquid    Colour: grey    Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	108 °C	
Flash point	-10 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	11.2 %	
Lower explosion limit	1 %	
Vapour pressure	17.4 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.94 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	340 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

## 10. Stability and reactivity

#### Stability

Stable

#### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

#### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

## 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

##### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.



**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:****Acute oral toxicity**

n-butanol	Category 4
Talc (Mg <sub>3</sub> H <sub>2</sub> (SiO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> )	Category 4
xylene	Category 5
butanone	Category 5
ethylbenzene	Category 5
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	Category 5

**Acute dermal toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

n-butanol	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
ethyl acetate	Category 3
butanone	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 3
propan-2-ol	Category 3
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	Category 2

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

n-butanol	Category 1
toluene	Category 2B
xylene	Category 2A
ethyl acetate	Category 2A
butanone	Category 2A
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
propan-2-ol	Category 2A
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 2A
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	Category 2A

**Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Skin sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction**

toluene	Category 2
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	Category 1B

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure**• **Skin Absorption****Body weight effects** ethyl acetate**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )**

No information available.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

## 12. Ecological information

Product does not contain any environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS

**Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

**Persistence and degradability**

No information available.

**Bioaccumulation**

No information available.

**Mobility in soil**

No information available.

**Other adverse effects**

No information available.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information

### NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

### IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

### ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

## 15. Regulatory information

### National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1D
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8A
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B

## 16. Other information

### Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2015-01-29  
B12878262

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.



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End of Safety Data Sheet

## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

<b>Product name</b>	Duxone 1K Acrylic Clear
<b>Product code</b>	2021096
<b>Intended use of the substance/preparation</b>	Coating for professional use
<b>Supplier</b>	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
<b>Emergency Information</b>	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
<b>Importer</b>	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

## 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433  
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### GHS-Labeling



Hazard symbols

Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
Causes skin irritation.  
Causes serious eye irritation.  
May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.  
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
Harmful to aquatic life.  
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Avoid release to the environment.  
Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.  
 Keep container tightly closed.  
 Obtain special instructions before use.  
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.  
 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.  
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.  
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.  
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate. May produce an allergic reaction.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
108-88-3	toluene	40 - 50%	✓	
78-93-3	butanone	20 - 30%	✓	
27138-31-4	Oxydipropyl dibenzoate	5 - 10%	✓	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	1 - 3%	✓	
41556-26-7	bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) seba- cate	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 20 - 30%

### 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

##### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Notes to physician**

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Dry chemical, Water spray.

**Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons**

High volume water jet

**Specific hazards**

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

**Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

**Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

**Methods for cleaning up**

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

## 7. Handling and storage

**Handling**

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

**Safe handling advice**

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

**Storage****Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

**Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage**

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

**National occupational exposure limits  
Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
butanone	TWA	188 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	300 ppm
n-butyl acetate		
	STEL	890 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	445 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	713 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

**Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

**Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

**Eye protection**

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

**Hand protection**

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
butanone	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril<sup>®</sup> glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may



occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Form : liquid    Colour: clear    Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	No data available.	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	78 °C	
Flash point	-10 °C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	11 %	
Lower explosion limit	1 %	
Vapour pressure	35.5 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	appreciable	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.93 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	400 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

## 10. Stability and reactivity

#### Stability

Stable

#### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

#### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

## 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:****Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute dermal toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

toluene	Category 2
butanone	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

toluene	Category 2B
butanone	Category 2A

**Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Skin sensitisation**

bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate Category 1

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction**

toluene	Category 2
Oxydipropyl dibenzoate	Category 2

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure**

No data available.

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )**

No information available.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

**12. Ecological information**

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

**Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

**Acute aquatic toxicity**

toluene	Category 2
Oxydipropyl dibenzoate	Category 2
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1

**Chronic aquatic toxicity**

Oxydipropyl dibenzoate	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1

% of unknown composition 0%

**Persistence and degradability**

No information available.

**Bioaccumulation**

No information available.

**Mobility in soil**

No information available.

**Other adverse effects**

No information available.

**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS****Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information

### NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

### IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

### ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

## 15. Regulatory information

### National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

## 16. Other information

### Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date:	2015-01-29
	B12724080

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or



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in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

<b>Product name</b>	Duxone 1K Acrylic White
<b>Product code</b>	2032127
<b>Intended use of the substance/preparation</b>	Coating for professional use
<b>Supplier</b>	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
<b>Emergency Information</b>	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
<b>Importer</b>	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

## 2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433  
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**

None known.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Pure substance/mixture**

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
108-88-3	toluene	30 - 40%	✓	
78-93-3	butanone	10 - 20%	✓	
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	10 - 20%		
108-10-1	4-methylpentan-2-one	5 - 10%	✓	
71-36-3	n-butanol	3 - 5%	✓	
27138-31-4	Oxydipropyl dibenzoate	1 - 3%	✓	
21645-51-2	aluminium hydroxide	0.3 - 1.0%		
7631-86-9	amorphous Silica	0.3 - 1.0%		

Non-regulated ingredients 10 - 20%

### 4. First aid measures

**Eye contact**

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

**Skin contact**

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

**Inhalation**

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

**Ingestion**

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

**Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Notes to physician**

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Dry chemical, Water spray.

**Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons**

High volume water jet

**Specific hazards**

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

**Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

**Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

**Methods for cleaning up**

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

## 7. Handling and storage

**Safe handling advice**

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

**Storage****Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

**Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage**

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection



**National occupational exposure limits  
 Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
butanone	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	300 ppm
	STEL	890 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	445 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
4-methylpentan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	307 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	205 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
n-butanol	CEIL	150 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	CEIL	50 ppm
aluminium hydroxide	TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
amorphous Silica	TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

**Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

**Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

**Eye protection**

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

**Hand protection**

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
butanone	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min
n-butanol	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may

occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Form : liquid    Colour: white    Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	No data available.	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	78 °C	
Flash point	-5 °C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	11 %	
Lower explosion limit	1 %	
Vapour pressure	29.4 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	appreciable	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.02 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	340 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

## 10. Stability and reactivity

#### Stability

Stable

#### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

#### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

## 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:****Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute dermal toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

toluene	Category 2
butanone	Category 3
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3
n-butanol	Category 2

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

toluene	Category 2B
butanone	Category 2A
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 2A
n-butanol	Category 1

**Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Skin sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction**

toluene	Category 2
Oxydipropyl dibenzoate	Category 2

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure**

No data available.

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )**

No information available.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

## 12. Ecological information

Product does not contain any environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS

**Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

**Persistence and degradability**

No information available.

**Bioaccumulation**

No information available.

**Mobility in soil**

No information available.

**Other adverse effects**

No information available.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information

**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name:	PAINT
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Packing group:	II
Hazchem Code:	3YE

**IMDG (Sea transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263  
 Hazard Class: 3  
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.  
 Packing group: II  
 Marine Pollutant: no  
 EmS: F-E,S-E

**ICAO/IATA (Air transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263  
 Hazard Class: 3  
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.  
 Packing group: II

**Matters needing attention for transportation**

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

**15. Regulatory information****National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B

**16. Other information**

## Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2015-01-29  
 B12724547

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

<b>Product name</b>	Duxone 2K Clear
<b>Product code</b>	2221095
<b>Intended use of the substance/preparation</b>	
Coating for professional use	
<b>Supplier</b>	
Street address	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
<b>Emergency Information</b>	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
<b>Importer</b>	
Street/Box	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

## 2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433  
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**

Contains: bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate; methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate. May produce an allergic reaction.

**3. Composition/information on ingredients****Pure substance/mixture**

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	30 - 40%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5 - 10%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	5 - 10%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	5 - 10%	✓	
108-67-8	mesitylene	1 - 3%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	1 - 3%	✓	
41556-26-7	bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
98-82-8	cumene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
82919-37-7	methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

**4. First aid measures****Eye contact**

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

**Skin contact**

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

**Inhalation**

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

**Ingestion**

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

**Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Notes to physician**

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Dry chemical, Water spray.

**Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons**

High volume water jet

**Specific hazards**

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

**Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

**Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

**Methods for cleaning up**

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

## 7. Handling and storage

**Handling**

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

**Safe handling advice**

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

**Storage****Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

**Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage**

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.



## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

### National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	713 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
mesitylene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	434 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
cumene	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	375 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	125 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

### Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

### Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

### Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R)®	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R)®	0.7 mm	30 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R)®	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

Form : liquid    Colour: clear    Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	135 °C	
Flash point	30 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	6.3 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.97 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	415 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	29 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

## 10. Stability and reactivity

### Stability

Stable

**Hazardous polymerisation**

Will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid**

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

**Materials to avoid**

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

**Hazardous decomposition products**

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

## 11. Toxicological information

**Information on likely routes of exposure****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:****Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute dermal toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
xylene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 3

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Skin sensitisation**

bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )**

No information available.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbition, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

**12. Ecological information**

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

**Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

**Acute aquatic toxicity**

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
xylene	Category 3
mesitylene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

**Chronic aquatic toxicity**

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

% of unknown composition 0%

**Persistence and degradability**

No information available.

**Bioaccumulation**

No information available.

**Mobility in soil**

No information available.

**Other adverse effects**

No information available.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information

**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: III

Hazchem Code: 3Y

**IMDG (Sea transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: III

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

**ICAO/IATA (Air transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: III

**Matters needing attention for transportation**

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

## 15. Regulatory information

**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

**16. Other information**

## Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	9

Revision Date: 2015-01-29  
B12752948

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

<b>Product name</b>	DUXONE 2K HGS CLEAR
<b>Product code</b>	2221098
<b>Intended use of the substance/preparation</b>	
Coating for professional use	
<b>Supplier</b>	
Street address	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
<b>Emergency Information</b>	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
<b>Importer</b>	
Street/Box	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-02-02

## 2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433  
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.  
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.  
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.  
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**

Contains: bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate. May produce an allergic reaction.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Pure substance/mixture**

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	5 - 10%	✓	
763-69-9	ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	5 - 10%	✓	
108-10-1	4-methylpentan-2-one	5 - 10%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	5 - 10%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
624-41-9	2-methylbutyl acetate	1 - 3%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	1 - 3%	✓	
112-07-2	2-butoxyethyl acetate	1 - 3%	✓	
628-63-7	pentyl acetate	1 - 3%	✓	
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1 - 3%	✓	
108-67-8	mesitylene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
64-19-7	acetic acid	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
41556-26-7	bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) seba- cate	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
98-82-8	cumene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

### 4. First aid measures

**Eye contact**

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

**Skin contact**

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.



**Inhalation**

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

**Ingestion**

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

**Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Notes to physician**

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Dry chemical, Water spray.

**Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons**

High volume water jet

**Specific hazards**

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

**Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

**Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

**Methods for cleaning up**

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

## 7. Handling and storage

### Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

### National occupational exposure limits

#### Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	713 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
4-methylpentan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	307 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	205 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
pentyl acetate	TWA	434 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	100 ppm
mesitylene	TWA	532 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	25 ppm

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 Chemical Name
 

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	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
acetic acid	TWA	10 ppm
	STEL	15 ppm
	STEL	37 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
cumene	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	375 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	125 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

**Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

**Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

**Eye protection**

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

**Hand protection**

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	30 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril<sup>®</sup> glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

**Skin and body protection**

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

**Hygiene measures**

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

**9. Physical and chemical properties****Appearance**

Form : liquid    Colour: clear    Odour: Characteristic Paint Odor    Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	114 °C	
Flash point	25 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	7.5 %	
Lower explosion limit	1 %	
Vapour pressure	5.8 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.96 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	272 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	<20 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

Does not sustain combustion.

**10. Stability and reactivity****Stability**

Stable

**Hazardous polymerisation**

Will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid**

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

**Materials to avoid**

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

**Hazardous decomposition products**

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

**11. Toxicological information****Information on likely routes of exposure****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:****Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute dermal toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 4
xylene	Category 4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Category 4
acetic acid	Category 4

% of unknown composition 1.3 %

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	Category 3
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3
xylene	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
2-methylbutyl acetate	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 3
pentyl acetate	Category 3
mesitylene	Category 3
acetic acid	Category 1A

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 2A
xylene	Category 2A
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2A
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
pentyl acetate	Category 2A
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 2A
mesitylene	Category 2A
acetic acid	Category 1

**Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Skin sensitisation**

bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate Category 1

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )**

No information available.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

**12. Ecological information**

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

**Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

**Acute aquatic toxicity**

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	Category 3
xylene	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Category 3
mesitylene	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2

**Chronic aquatic toxicity**

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
pentyl acetate	Category 4
mesitylene	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2

% of unknown composition 1.3%

**Persistence and degradability**

No information available.

**Bioaccumulation**

No information available.

**Mobility in soil**

No information available.

**Other adverse effects**

No information available.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information

**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: III

Hazchem Code: 3Y

**IMDG (Sea transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: III

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

**ICAO/IATA (Air transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: III

**Matters needing attention for transportation**

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

## 15. Regulatory information

**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

**16. Other information**

## Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date:	2015-01-29
B12725667	

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

<b>Product name</b>	Duxone Plus 2K Clear
<b>Product code</b>	2221099
<b>Intended use of the substance/preparation</b>	
Coating for professional use	
<b>Supplier</b>	
Street address	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
<b>Emergency Information</b>	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
<b>Importer</b>	
Street/Box	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

## 2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433  
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray.  
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.  
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.  
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.  
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate. May produce an allergic reaction.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz-ardous
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	10 - 20%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	3 - 5%	✓	
763-69-9	ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	3 - 5%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	3 - 5%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	1 - 3%	✓	
112-07-2	2-butoxyethyl acetate	1 - 3%	✓	
108-10-1	4-methylpentan-2-one	1 - 3%	✓	
108-67-8	mesitylene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
688-84-6	2-ethylhexyl methacrylate	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
64-19-7	acetic acid	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
41556-26-7	bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
98-82-8	cumene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

### 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

**Inhalation**

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

**Ingestion**

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

**Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Notes to physician**

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Dry chemical, Water spray.

**Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons**

High volume water jet

**Specific hazards**

The product is not flammable. Avoid heating above flash point. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

**Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

**Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

**Methods for cleaning up**

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

## 7. Handling and storage

### Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

### National occupational exposure limits

#### Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
xylene	TWA	713 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	434 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
4-methylpentan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	307 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
mesitylene	TWA	205 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

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 Chemical Name
 

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	TWA	123 mg/m3
acetic acid	TWA	10 ppm
	STEL	15 ppm
	STEL	37 mg/m3
cumene	TWA	25 mg/m3
	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	375 mg/m3
toluene	TWA	125 mg/m3
	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m3

**Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

**Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

**Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

**Eye protection**

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

**Hand protection**

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril<sup>®</sup> glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

**Skin and body protection**

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

**Hygiene measures**

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

**9. Physical and chemical properties****Appearance**

Form : liquid    Colour: clear    Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	135 °C	
Flash point	28 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	7 %	
Lower explosion limit	1 %	
Vapour pressure	4.7 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.98 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	272 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	29 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

**10. Stability and reactivity****Stability**

Stable

**Hazardous polymerisation**

Will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid**

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

**Materials to avoid**

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

**Hazardous decomposition products**

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

**11. Toxicological information****Information on likely routes of exposure****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:****Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute dermal toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 4
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Category 4
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 4
acetic acid	Category 4
toluene	Category 5

% of unknown composition 0 %

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3
mesitylene	Category 3
2-ethylhexyl methacrylate	Category 3
acetic acid	Category 1A
toluene	Category 2

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Skin sensitisation**

2-ethylhexyl methacrylate	Category 1
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction**

toluene Category 2

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )**

No information available.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

**12. Ecological information**

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

**Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

**Acute aquatic toxicity**

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
xylene	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Category 3
mesitylene	Category 2
2-ethylhexyl methacrylate	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

**Chronic aquatic toxicity**

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
2-ethylhexyl methacrylate	Category 3
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2

% of unknown composition 0%

**Persistence and degradability**

No information available.

**Bioaccumulation**

No information available.

**Mobility in soil**

No information available.



**Other adverse effects**

No information available.

**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS****Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

**14. Transport information****NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: III

Hazchem Code: 3Y

**IMDG (Sea transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: III

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

**ICAO/IATA (Air transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: III

**Matters needing attention for transportation**

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

**15. Regulatory information****National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

## 16. Other information

### Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2014-10-16  
B13135454

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

<b>Product name</b>	Duxone Plus 2K Clear
<b>Product code</b>	2221405
<b>Intended use of the substance/preparation</b>	Coating for professional use
<b>Supplier</b>	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
<b>Emergency Information</b>	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
<b>Importer</b>	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

## 2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433  
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray.  
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.  
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.  
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.  
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**

Contains: bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate. May produce an allergic reaction.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Pure substance/mixture**

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz-ardous
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	10 - 20%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	3 - 5%	✓	
763-69-9	ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	3 - 5%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	3 - 5%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	1 - 3%	✓	
112-07-2	2-butoxyethyl acetate	1 - 3%	✓	
108-10-1	4-methylpentan-2-one	1 - 3%	✓	
108-67-8	mesitylene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
688-84-6	2-ethylhexyl methacrylate	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
64-19-7	acetic acid	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
41556-26-7	bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
98-82-8	cumene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

### 4. First aid measures

**Eye contact**

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

**Skin contact**

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

**Inhalation**

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

**Ingestion**

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

**Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Notes to physician**

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Dry chemical, Water spray.

**Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons**

High volume water jet

**Specific hazards**

The product is not flammable. Avoid heating above flash point. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

**Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

**Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

**Methods for cleaning up**

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

## 7. Handling and storage

### Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

### National occupational exposure limits

#### Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
xylene	TWA	713 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	50 ppm
ethylbenzene	TWA	217 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	434 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
4-methylpentan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	307 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	205 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
mesitylene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

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 Chemical Name
 

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	TWA	123 mg/m3
acetic acid	TWA	10 ppm
	STEL	15 ppm
	STEL	37 mg/m3
cumene	TWA	25 mg/m3
	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	375 mg/m3
toluene	TWA	125 mg/m3
	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m3

**Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

**Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

**Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

**Eye protection**

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

**Hand protection**

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatrill<sup>®</sup> glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

**Skin and body protection**

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

**Hygiene measures**

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

**9. Physical and chemical properties****Appearance**

Form : liquid    Colour: clear    Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	135 °C	
Flash point	28 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	7 %	
Lower explosion limit	1 %	
Vapour pressure	4.7 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.98 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	272 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	29 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

**10. Stability and reactivity****Stability**

Stable

**Hazardous polymerisation**

Will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid**

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

**Materials to avoid**

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

**Hazardous decomposition products**

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

**11. Toxicological information****Information on likely routes of exposure****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.



**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:****Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute dermal toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 4
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Category 4
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 4
acetic acid	Category 4
toluene	Category 5

% of unknown composition 0 %

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3
mesitylene	Category 3
2-ethylhexyl methacrylate	Category 3
acetic acid	Category 1A
toluene	Category 2

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Skin sensitisation**

2-ethylhexyl methacrylate	Category 1
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction**

toluene Category 2

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )**

No information available.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

**12. Ecological information**

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

**Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

**Acute aquatic toxicity**

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
xylene	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Category 3
mesitylene	Category 2
2-ethylhexyl methacrylate	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

**Chronic aquatic toxicity**

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
2-ethylhexyl methacrylate	Category 3
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2

% of unknown composition 0%

**Persistence and degradability**

No information available.

**Bioaccumulation**

No information available.

**Mobility in soil**

No information available.

**Other adverse effects**

No information available.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information

**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: III

Hazchem Code: 3Y

**IMDG (Sea transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: III

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

**ICAO/IATA (Air transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: III

**Matters needing attention for transportation**

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

## 15. Regulatory information

**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

## 16. Other information

### Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2014-10-16  
B13135454

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

<b>Product name</b>	Duxone Trailer Silver
<b>Product code</b>	3531047
<b>Intended use of the substance/preparation</b>	
Coating for professional use	
<b>Supplier</b>	
Street address	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
<b>Emergency Information</b>	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
<b>Importer</b>	
Street/Box	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

## 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433  
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates	Category 9.4C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</p>

Precautionary statements      Avoid release to the environment.  
 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.  
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.  
 Keep container tightly closed.  
 Obtain special instructions before use.  
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.  
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.  
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.  
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
1330-20-7	xylene	20 - 30%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	10 - 20%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	5 - 10%	✓	
7429-90-5	aluminium powder (stabilized)	3 - 5%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	1 - 3%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 30 - 40%

### 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

**Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Notes to physician**

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Dry chemical, Water spray.

**Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons**

High volume water jet Water spray

**Specific hazards**

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

**Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

**Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

**Methods for cleaning up**

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

## 7. Handling and storage

**Handling**

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

**Safe handling advice**

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

**Storage****Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

**Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage**

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

**8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

**National occupational exposure limits****Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
toluene	TWA	217 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	434 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
aluminium powder (stabilized)	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
iso-butanol	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

**Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

**Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

**Eye protection**

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

**Hand protection**

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.



Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	30 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Form : liquid    Colour: silver    Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	95 °C	
Flash point	7 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	7.6 %	
Lower explosion limit	1 %	
Vapour pressure	7.2 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.97 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	231 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

## 10. Stability and reactivity

#### Stability

Stable

#### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

#### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

**Materials to avoid**

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

**Hazardous decomposition products**

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

**11. Toxicological information****Information on likely routes of exposure****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:****Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute dermal toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

xylene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5
ethylbenzene	Category 4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 4
2-butanone oxime	Category 4

% of unknown composition 14.6 %

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
iso-butanol	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Skin sensitisation**

2-butanone oxime Category 1

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Carcinogenicity**

2-butanone oxime Category 2

**Toxicity for reproduction**

toluene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure**

- **Skin Absorption**

**Testes** solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.**Central nervous system** 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE), etc.)**

No information available.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

## 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

**Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

**Acute aquatic toxicity**

xylene	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

**Chronic aquatic toxicity**

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
aluminium powder (stabilized)	Category 4
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

Category 2

Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates

xylene

Category 9.4C

% of unknown composition 14.6%

**Persistence and degradability**

No information available.

**Bioaccumulation**

No information available.

**Mobility in soil**

No information available.

**Other adverse effects**

No information available.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information

**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

**IMDG (Sea transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

**ICAO/IATA (Air transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

**Matters needing attention for transportation**

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

**15. Regulatory information****National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates	Category 9.4C

**16. Other information**

## Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date:	2015-01-29
	B12724975

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

<b>Product name</b>	Duxone Plus 2K Hi-Opacity White
<b>Product code</b>	6152134
<b>Intended use of the substance/preparation</b>	Coating for professional use
<b>Supplier</b>	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
<b>Emergency Information</b>	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
<b>Importer</b>	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-02-11

## 2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433  
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapour. Causes mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**

Contains epoxy constituents. See information supplied by the manufacturer. Contains: bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate; methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate; 2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate. May produce an allergic reaction.

**3. Composition/information on ingredients****Pure substance/mixture**

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	20 - 30%	✓	
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	20 - 30%		
1330-20-7	xylene	3 - 5%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	1 - 3%	✓	
21645-51-2	aluminium hydroxide	1 - 3%		
7631-86-9	amorphous Silica	1 - 3%		
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	1 - 3%	✓	
110-43-0	heptan-2-one	1 - 3%	✓	
41556-26-7	bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) seba- cate	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
628-63-7	pentyl acetate	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
108-67-8	mesitylene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
64-19-7	acetic acid	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
82919-37-7	methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl se- bacate	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
26761-45-5	2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 30 - 40%

**4. First aid measures****Eye contact**

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

**Skin contact**

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

**Inhalation**

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

**Ingestion**

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

**Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Notes to physician**

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Dry chemical, Water spray.

**Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons**

High volume water jet

**Specific hazards**

The product is not flammable. Avoid heating above flash point. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

**Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

**Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

**Methods for cleaning up**

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

## 7. Handling and storage

**Handling**

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.



**Safe handling advice**

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

**Storage****Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

**Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage**

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

**8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

**National occupational exposure limits****Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	713 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
aluminium hydroxide	TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
amorphous Silica	TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
heptan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	233 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
pentyl acetate	TWA	434 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	100 ppm
mesitylene	TWA	532 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm

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 Chemical Name
 

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	TWA	123 mg/m3
	TWA	123 mg/m3
acetic acid	TWA	10 ppm
	STEL	15 ppm
	STEL	37 mg/m3
	TWA	25 mg/m3

**Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

**Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

**Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

**Eye protection**

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

**Hand protection**

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril<sup>®</sup> glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

**Skin and body protection**

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

**Hygiene measures**

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

Form : liquid    Colour: white    Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	126 °C	
Flash point	27 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	1.2 %	
Vapour pressure	4.5 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.28 <i>g/cm</i> <sup>3</sup>	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	393 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

## 10. Stability and reactivity

### Stability

Stable

### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

### Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

**Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute dermal toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 17.6 %

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
xylene	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
heptan-2-one	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
pentyl acetate	Category 3
mesitylene	Category 3
acetic acid	Category 1A

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Skin sensitisation**

bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	Category 1

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )**

No information available.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss

of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. Based on the properties of the epoxy constituent(s) and considering toxicological data on similar preparations, this preparation may be a skin sensitiser and an irritant. Low molecular epoxy constituents are irritating to eyes, mucous membranes and skin. Repeated skin contact may lead to irritation and to sensitization, possibly with cross-sensitization to other epoxies. Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.

## 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

### Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

### Acute aquatic toxicity

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
Titanium dioxide	Category 3
xylene	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
heptan-2-one	Category 3
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
ethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	Category 2

### Chronic aquatic toxicity

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
pentyl acetate	Category 4
mesitylene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	Category 2

% of unknown composition 17.6%

### Persistence and degradability

No information available.

### Bioaccumulation

No information available.

### Mobility in soil

No information available.

### Other adverse effects

No information available.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

**14. Transport information****NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263  
Hazard Class: 3  
Packing group: III  
Hazchem Code: 3Y

**IMDG (Sea transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263  
Hazard Class: 3  
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.  
Packing group: III  
Marine Pollutant: no  
EmS: F-E,S-E

**ICAO/IATA (Air transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263  
Hazard Class: 3  
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.  
Packing group: III

**Matters needing attention for transportation**

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

**15. Regulatory information****National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code HSR002662  
HSNO Classification  
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 6.3B  
Skin sensitisation Category 6.5B  
Flammable liquids Category 3.1C  
Acute aquatic toxicity Category 9.1C  
Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 9.1C

**16. Other information**

## Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2015-02-11  
B13156982

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the



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specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

<b>Product name</b>	Duxone 2K HS Primer Filler
<b>Product code</b>	6178128
<b>Intended use of the substance/preparation</b>	Coating for professional use
<b>Supplier</b>	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
<b>Emergency Information</b>	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
<b>Importer</b>	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

## 2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433  
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapour. Causes mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray. Collect spillage. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.



**Other hazards which do not result in classification**

Contains epoxy constituents. See information supplied by the manufacturer. Contains: 2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate. May produce an allergic reaction.

**3. Composition/information on ingredients****Pure substance/mixture**

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	20 - 30%	✓	
7727-43-7	barium sulphate, natural	10 - 20%		
1332-58-7	Kaolin	10 - 20%		
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	10 - 20%		
7779-90-0	trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	5 - 10%	✓	
98516-30-4	ethoxypropyl acetate	3 - 5%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	1 - 3%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	1 - 3%	✓	
14807-96-6	Talc (Mg <sub>3</sub> H <sub>2</sub> (SiO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> )	1 - 3%		
108-67-8	mesitylene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
21645-51-2	aluminium hydroxide	0.3 - 1.0%		
7631-86-9	amorphous Silica	0.3 - 1.0%		
71-36-3	n-butanol	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
1317-61-9	Black iron oxide	0.1 - 0.3%		
1305-78-8	calcium oxide	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
26761-45-5	2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
14808-60-7	Quartz (SiO <sub>2</sub> )	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
1314-13-2	zinc oxide	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 10 - 20%

**4. First aid measures****Eye contact**

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

**Skin contact**

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

**Inhalation**

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

**Ingestion**

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

**Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. If this product mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener (see MSDS for the activator), the following health effects may apply: Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis. If this product is mixed with an isocyanate, skin contact may cause sensitization.

**Notes to physician**

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Dry chemical, Water spray.

**Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons**

High volume water jet

**Specific hazards**

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

**Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

**Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

**Methods for cleaning up**

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

## 7. Handling and storage

### Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

### National occupational exposure limits

#### Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	713 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
barium sulphate, natural	TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Kaolin	TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Talc (Mg <sub>3</sub> H <sub>2</sub> (SiO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> )	TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
mesitylene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
aluminium hydroxide	TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
amorphous Silica	TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
n-butanol	CEIL	150 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

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 Chemical Name
 

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	CEIL	50 ppm
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m3
Black iron oxide	TWA	1 mg/m3
calcium oxide	TWA	2 mg/m3
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m3
	TWA	434 mg/m3
Quartz (SiO <sub>2</sub> )	TWA	0.2 mg/m3
zinc oxide	STEL	10 mg/m3
	TWA	5 mg/m3

**Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

**Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

**Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

**Eye protection**

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

**Hand protection**

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	30 min
n-butanol	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril<sup>®</sup> glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the

product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Form : liquid    Colour: grey    Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	2,501 °C	
Flash point	24 °C	DIN 53213/ISO 1523
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	1.2 %	
Vapour pressure	3.7 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.57 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	325 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	>100 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

## 10. Stability and reactivity

#### Stability

Stable

#### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

#### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. If this product mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener (see MSDS for the activator), the following health effects may apply: Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

#### Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

#### Acute dermal toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
mesitylene	Category 3
n-butanol	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
calcium oxide	Category 1B
ethylbenzene	Category 3

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Skin sensitisation

2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate Category 1

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )**

No information available.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. Based on the properties of the epoxy constituent(s) and considering toxicological data on similar preparations, this preparation may be a skin sensitiser and an irritant. Low molecular epoxy constituents are irritating to eyes, mucous membranes and skin. Repeated skin contact may lead to irritation and to sensitization, possibly with cross-sensitization to other epoxies. Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.

**12. Ecological information**

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

**Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

**Acute aquatic toxicity**

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
Titanium dioxide	Category 3
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1
xylene	Category 3
calcium oxide	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	Category 2
zinc oxide	Category 1

**Chronic aquatic toxicity**

trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoate	Category 2
zinc oxide	Category 1

% of unknown composition 4.7%

**Persistence and degradability**

No information available.

**Bioaccumulation**

No information available.

**Mobility in soil**

No information available.

**Other adverse effects**

No information available.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information

**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: III

Hazchem Code: 3Y

**IMDG (Sea transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: III

Marine Pollutant: yes [trizinc bis(orthophosphate)]

EmS: F-E,S-E

**ICAO/IATA (Air transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: III

**Matters needing attention for transportation**

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

## 15. Regulatory information



**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

**16. Other information**

## Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2015-01-13  
B11979058

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

<b>Product name</b>	Duxone Plus 2K Primer Filler
<b>Product code</b>	6178148
<b>Intended use of the substance/preparation</b>	Coating for professional use
<b>Supplier</b>	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
<b>Emergency Information</b>	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
<b>Importer</b>	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

## 2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433  
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapour. Causes mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray. Collect spillage. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**

Contains: Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine. May produce an allergic reaction.

**3. Composition/information on ingredients****Pure substance/mixture**

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
1332-58-7	Kaolin	20 - 30%		
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	10 - 20%	✓	
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	5 - 10%		
1330-20-7	xylene	5 - 10%	✓	
7779-90-0	trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	5 - 10%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	3 - 5%	✓	
14807-96-6	Talc (Mg <sub>3</sub> H <sub>2</sub> (SiO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> )	3 - 5%		
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	1 - 3%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	1 - 3%	✓	
108-67-8	mesitylene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
21645-51-2	aluminium hydroxide	0.3 - 1.0%		
1317-61-9	Black iron oxide	0.3 - 1.0%		
7631-86-9	amorphous Silica	0.1 - 0.3%		
1333-86-4	carbon black	0.1 - 0.3%		
98-82-8	cumene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
85711-55-3	Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
1314-13-2	zinc oxide	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 20 - 30%

**4. First aid measures****Eye contact**

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

**Skin contact**

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

**Inhalation**

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

**Ingestion**

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

**Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Notes to physician**

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Dry chemical, Water spray.

**Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons**

High volume water jet

**Specific hazards**

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

**Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

**Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

**Methods for cleaning up**

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

## 7. Handling and storage

**Handling**

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

**Safe handling advice**

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

**Storage****Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

**Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage**

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

**8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

**National occupational exposure limits****Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
Kaolin	TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Titanium dioxide	TWA	713 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Talc (Mg <sub>3</sub> H <sub>2</sub> (SiO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> )	TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	100 ppm
ethylbenzene	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	434 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
mesitylene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
aluminium hydroxide	TWA	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

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 Chemical Name
 

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Black iron oxide	TWA	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
amorphous Silica	TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
carbon black	TWA	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
cumene	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	375 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
zinc oxide	TWA	125 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	STEL	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

**Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

**Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

**Eye protection**

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

**Hand protection**

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril<sup>®</sup> glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

**Skin and body protection**

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

**Hygiene measures**

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

**9. Physical and chemical properties****Appearance**

Form : liquid    Colour: grey    Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	135 °C	
Flash point	25 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	3.2 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.5 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	415 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	999 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

**10. Stability and reactivity****Stability**

Stable

**Hazardous polymerisation**

Will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid**

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

**Materials to avoid**

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

**Hazardous decomposition products**

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

**11. Toxicological information****Information on likely routes of exposure****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:**
**Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute dermal toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
mesitylene	Category 3

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Skin sensitisation**

Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine Category 1A

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )**

No information available.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.



## 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

### Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

### Acute aquatic toxicity

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
Titanium dioxide	Category 3
xylene	Category 3
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Category 1
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1
cumene	Category 2
zinc oxide	Category 1

### Chronic aquatic toxicity

trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Category 1
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1
cumene	Category 2
zinc oxide	Category 1

% of unknown composition 0%

### Persistence and degradability

No information available.

### Bioaccumulation

No information available.

### Mobility in soil

No information available.

### Other adverse effects

No information available.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

### Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information

### NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263  
 Hazard Class: 3  
 Packing group: III  
 Hazchem Code: 3Y

**IMDG (Sea transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263  
 Hazard Class: 3  
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.  
 Packing group: III  
 Marine Pollutant: yes [trizinc bis(orthophosphate)]  
 EmS: F-E,S-E

**ICAO/IATA (Air transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263  
 Hazard Class: 3  
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.  
 Packing group: III

**Matters needing attention for transportation**

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

**15. Regulatory information****National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code HSR002662  
 HSNO Classification  
 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 6.3B  
 Skin sensitisation Category 6.5B  
 Flammable liquids Category 3.1C  
 Acute aquatic toxicity Category 9.1B  
 Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 9.1B

**16. Other information**

## Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	9

Revision Date: 2015-01-29  
 B13151694

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

<b>Product name</b>	Duxone 1K High Build Etch Primer
<b>Product code</b>	7074202
<b>Intended use of the substance/preparation</b>	Coating for professional use
<b>Supplier</b>	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
<b>Emergency Information</b>	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
<b>Importer</b>	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

## 2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433  
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.  
Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.  
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains epoxy constituents. See information supplied by the manufacturer.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
71-23-8	propan-1-ol	30 - 40%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	20 - 30%	✓	
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	10 - 20%		
25068-38-6	epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	5 - 10%	✓	
14807-96-6	Talc (Mg <sub>3</sub> H <sub>2</sub> (SiO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> )	5 - 10%		
107-98-2	1-methoxy-2-propanol	3 - 5%	✓	
51274-00-1	Light yellow lemon yellow oxide pigment	1 - 3%		
1330-20-7	xylene	1 - 3%	✓	
21645-51-2	aluminium hydroxide	0.3 - 1.0%		
7631-86-9	amorphous Silica	0.3 - 1.0%		
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
7664-38-2	phosphoric acid	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
1317-61-9	Black iron oxide	0.1 - 0.3%		
14808-60-7	Quartz (SiO <sub>2</sub> )	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 10 - 20%

### 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

**Ingestion**

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

**Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Notes to physician**

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Dry chemical, Water spray.

**Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons**

High volume water jet

**Specific hazards**

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

**Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

**Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

**Methods for cleaning up**

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

## 7. Handling and storage

**Handling**

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

**Safe handling advice**

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

**Storage****Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

**Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage**

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

**8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

**National occupational exposure limits****Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
propan-1-ol	TWA	200 ppm
	STEL	250 ppm
	STEL	614 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
iso-butanol	TWA	492 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	50 ppm
Titanium dioxide	TWA	152 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Talc (Mg <sub>3</sub> H <sub>2</sub> (SiO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> )	TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
1-methoxy-2-propanol	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	150 ppm
	STEL	553 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Light yellow lemon yellow oxide pigment	TWA	369 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
aluminium hydroxide	TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
amorphous Silica	TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	434 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

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 Chemical Name
 

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phosphoric acid	TWA	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Black iron oxide	TWA	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Quartz (SiO <sub>2</sub> )	TWA	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

**Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

**Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

**Eye protection**

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

**Hand protection**

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
propan-1-ol	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	481 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril<sup>®</sup> glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

**Skin and body protection**

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

**Hygiene measures**

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

**9. Physical and chemical properties****Appearance**

Form : liquid    Colour: yellow    Odor Threshold : no data available

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pH	No data available.	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	97 °C	
Flash point	15 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	13.7 %	
Lower explosion limit	1.6 %	
Vapour pressure	8.5 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	appreciable	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.11 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	270 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	<20 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

## 10. Stability and reactivity

### Stability

Stable

### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

### Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

#### Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

#### Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous



**Acute inhalation toxicity**

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

iso-butanol	Category 2
epoxy resin (number average molecular weight $\leq$ 700)	Category 2
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3
xylene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
phosphoric acid	Category 1A

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

propan-1-ol	Category 1
iso-butanol	Category 1
epoxy resin (number average molecular weight $\leq$ 700)	Category 2A
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 2B
xylene	Category 2A
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
phosphoric acid	Category 1

**Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Skin sensitisation**epoxy resin (number average molecular weight  $\leq$  700) Category 1**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )**

No information available.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. Based on the properties of the epoxy constituent(s) and considering toxicological data on similar preparations, this preparation may be a skin sensitiser and an irritant. Low molecular epoxy constituents are irritating to eyes, mucous membranes and skin. Repeated skin

contact may lead to irritation and to sensitization, possibly with cross-sensitization to other epoxies. Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.

## 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

### Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

### Chronic aquatic toxicity

epoxy resin (number average molecular weight $\leq$ 700)	Category 2
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1

% of unknown composition 0%

### Persistence and degradability

No information available.

### Bioaccumulation

No information available.

### Mobility in soil

No information available.

### Other adverse effects

No information available.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

### Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information

### NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

### IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

**ICAO/IATA (Air transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263  
Hazard Class: 3  
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.  
Packing group: II

**Matters needing attention for transportation**

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

## 15. Regulatory information

**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

## 16. Other information

## Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date:	2015-01-29
B12725204	

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End of Safety Data Sheet

## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

<b>Product name</b>	Duxone 1 Pack Etch Primer Surfacer Grey
<b>Product code</b>	7078127
<b>Intended use of the substance/preparation</b>	Coating for professional use
<b>Supplier</b>	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
<b>Emergency Information</b>	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
<b>Importer</b>	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

## 2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433  
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.  
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.  
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains epoxy constituents. See information supplied by the manufacturer.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
71-23-8	propan-1-ol	30 - 40%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	10 - 20%	✓	
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	10 - 20%		
25068-38-6	epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	3 - 5%	✓	
14807-96-6	Talc (Mg <sub>3</sub> H <sub>2</sub> (SiO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> )	3 - 5%		
107-98-2	1-methoxy-2-propanol	1 - 3%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	1 - 3%	✓	
21645-51-2	aluminium hydroxide	0.3 - 1.0%		
7631-86-9	amorphous Silica	0.3 - 1.0%		
1333-86-4	carbon black	0.3 - 1.0%		
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
7664-38-2	phosphoric acid	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
71-36-3	n-butanol	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 10 - 20%

### 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

**Ingestion**

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

**Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Notes to physician**

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Dry chemical, Water spray.

**Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons**

High volume water jet

**Specific hazards**

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

**Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

**Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

**Methods for cleaning up**

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

## 7. Handling and storage

**Handling**

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

**Safe handling advice**

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

**Storage****Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

**Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage**

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

**8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

**National occupational exposure limits****Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
propan-1-ol	TWA	200 ppm
	STEL	250 ppm
	STEL	614 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	492 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
iso-butanol	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Talc (Mg <sub>3</sub> H <sub>2</sub> (SiO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> )	TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
1-methoxy-2-propanol	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	150 ppm
	STEL	553 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	369 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
aluminium hydroxide	TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
amorphous Silica	TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
carbon black	TWA	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	434 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

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 Chemical Name
 

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phosphoric acid	TWA	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
n-butanol	CEIL	150 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	CEIL	50 ppm

**Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

**Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

**Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

**Eye protection**

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

**Hand protection**

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
propan-1-ol	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	481 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min
n-butanol	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril<sup>®</sup> glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

**Skin and body protection**

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

**Hygiene measures**

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

**9. Physical and chemical properties**



## Appearance

Form : liquid    Colour: grey    Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	No data available.	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	97 °C	
Flash point	15 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	13.7 %	
Lower explosion limit	1.6 %	
Vapour pressure	9.3 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	appreciable	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.07 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	270 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	<20 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

## 10. Stability and reactivity

### Stability

Stable

### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

### Hazardous decomposition products

The product contains ingredients which, under certain conditions, also may release formaldehyde. If necessary, the precise concentration has to be determined. When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

**Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute dermal toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

iso-butanol	Category 2
epoxy resin (number average molecular weight $\leq$ 700)	Category 2
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3
xylene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
phosphoric acid	Category 1A
n-butanol	Category 2

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

propan-1-ol	Category 1
iso-butanol	Category 1
epoxy resin (number average molecular weight $\leq$ 700)	Category 2A
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 2B
xylene	Category 2A
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
phosphoric acid	Category 1
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 2A
n-butanol	Category 1

**Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Skin sensitisation**epoxy resin (number average molecular weight  $\leq$  700) Category 1**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )**

No information available.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. Based on the properties of the epoxy constituent(s) and considering toxicological data on similar preparations, this preparation may be a skin sensitiser and an irritant. Low molecular epoxy constituents are irritating to eyes, mucous membranes and skin. Repeated skin contact may lead to irritation and to sensitization, possibly with cross-sensitization to other epoxies. Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.

## 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

**Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

**Chronic aquatic toxicity**

epoxy resin (number average molecular weight $\leq$ 700)	Category 2
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1

% of unknown composition 0%

**Persistence and degradability**

No information available.

**Bioaccumulation**

No information available.

**Mobility in soil**

No information available.

**Other adverse effects**

No information available.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information

**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

**IMDG (Sea transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT  
UN number: 1263  
Hazard Class: 3  
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.  
Packing group: II  
Marine Pollutant: no  
EmS: F-E,S-E

**ICAO/IATA (Air transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT  
UN number: 1263  
Hazard Class: 3  
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.  
Packing group: II

**Matters needing attention for transportation**

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

## 15. Regulatory information

**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

## 16. Other information

## Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2014-12-05  
B12845846

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

<b>Product name</b>	Duxone 2K Hardener Fast
<b>Product code</b>	7099056
<b>Intended use of the substance/preparation</b>	Hardener for professional use
<b>Supplier</b>	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
<b>Emergency Information</b>	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
<b>Importer</b>	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

## 2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433  
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1D
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Respiratory sensitisation	Category 6.5A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</p>
Precautionary statements	<p>Avoid release to the environment. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed.</p>

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
 Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray.  
 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.  
 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.  
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.  
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.  
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains isocyanates. See information supplied by the manufacturer. Contains: methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate. May produce an allergic reaction.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
28182-81-2	Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	30 - 40%	✓	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	20 - 30%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	5 - 10%	✓	
53880-05-0	3-Isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate, oligomers	5 - 10%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	5 - 10%	✓	
104-76-7	2-ethylhexan-1-ol	3 - 5%	✓	
98516-30-4	ethoxypropyl acetate	3 - 5%	✓	
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	3 - 5%	✓	
108-67-8	mesitylene	1 - 3%	✓	
41556-26-7	bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	1 - 3%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	1 - 3%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
82919-37-7	methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
98-82-8	cumene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 0.1 - 1.0%

### 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

**Inhalation**

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

**Ingestion**

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

**Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis. Skin contact may cause skin sensitization.

**Notes to physician**

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Dry chemical, Water spray.

**Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons**

High volume water jet

**Specific hazards**

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

**Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

**Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. The contaminated area should be cleaned up immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts), concentrated (d : 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts), water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in non-sealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose according to local regulations (see section 13).

## 7. Handling and storage

### Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

### National occupational exposure limits

#### Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	STEL	0.07 mg/m3
	TWA	0.02 mg/m3
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m3
xylene	TWA	713 mg/m3
	TWA	50 ppm
mesitylene	TWA	217 mg/m3
	TWA	25 ppm
ethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m3
	TWA	123 mg/m3
	TWA	100 ppm



Chemical Name		
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	434 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
cumene	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	375 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	125 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

### Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. Air-fed protective respiratory equipment must be worn by spray operator even when good ventilation is provided.

### Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

### Respiratory protection

For spraying: air-fed respirator. For operations other than spraying: in well ventilated areas, air-fed respirators could be replaced by a combination of charcoal filter and particulate filter mask.

### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	30 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatrill<sup>®</sup> glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

**Hygiene measures**

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

**9. Physical and chemical properties****Appearance**

Form : liquid    Colour: clear    Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	104 °C	
Flash point	15 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	5.6 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.98 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	270 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	>100 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

**10. Stability and reactivity****Stability**

Stable

**Hazardous polymerisation**

Will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid**

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

**Materials to avoid**

Keep away from oxidising agents and strongly acid or alkaline materials. Amines and alcohols cause exothermic reactions. Mixture reacts slowly with water resulting in evolution of CO<sub>2</sub>. Evolution of CO<sub>2</sub> in closed containers causes overpressure and produces a risk of bursting.

**Hazardous decomposition products**

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen as well as hydrogen cyanide, amines, alcohols and water.

**11. Toxicological information****Information on likely routes of exposure****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:****Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute dermal toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Category 4
xylene	Category 4
2-ethylhexan-1-ol	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 4

% of unknown composition 0 %

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
xylene	Category 2
2-ethylhexan-1-ol	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Respiratory sensitisation**

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Category 1
---------------------------------------	------------

**Skin sensitisation**

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Category 1
3-Isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate, oligomers	Category 1
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )**

No information available.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar products, the following applies: This formulation may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system leading to an asthmatic condition, wheeziness and a tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. Components of the product may be absorbed into the body through the skin.

**12. Ecological information**

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

**Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

**Acute aquatic toxicity**

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
xylene	Category 3
2-ethylhexan-1-ol	Category 3
mesitylene	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
ethylbenzene	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2

**Chronic aquatic toxicity**

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2

% of unknown composition 4%

**Persistence and degradability**

No information available.

**Bioaccumulation**

No information available.

**Mobility in soil**

No information available.

**Other adverse effects**

No information available.

**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS****Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

**14. Transport information****NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

**IMDG (Sea transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: yes [solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (&lt;0,1% benzene)]

EmS: F-E,S-E

**ICAO/IATA (Air transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

**Matters needing attention for transportation**

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

**15. Regulatory information****National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1D
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Respiratory sensitisation	Category 6.5A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

## 16. Other information

### Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	9

Revision Date: 2015-01-29  
B12725258

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

<b>Product name</b>	Duxone 2K Hardener Slow
<b>Product code</b>	7099057
<b>Intended use of the substance/preparation</b>	Hardener for professional use
<b>Supplier</b>	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
<b>Emergency Information</b>	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
<b>Importer</b>	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

## 2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433  
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Respiratory sensitisation	Category 6.5A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if swallowed. Causes mild skin irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</p>
Precautionary statements	<p>Avoid release to the environment. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed.</p>

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
 Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray.  
 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.  
 IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.  
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.  
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.  
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains isocyanates. See information supplied by the manufacturer. Contains: methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate. May produce an allergic reaction.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Hazardous	Haz- ardous
28182-81-2	Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	30 - 40%	✓	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	20 - 30%	✓	
112-07-2	2-butoxyethyl acetate	10 - 20%	✓	
763-69-9	ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	5 - 10%	✓	
53880-05-0	3-Isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate, oligomers	5 - 10%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	3 - 5%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	1 - 3%	✓	
41556-26-7	bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	1 - 3%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
108-67-8	mesitylene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
82919-37-7	methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
111-76-2	2-butoxyethanol	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 1 - 5%

### 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.



**Inhalation**

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

**Ingestion**

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

**Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis. Skin contact may cause skin sensitization.

**Notes to physician**

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Dry chemical, Water spray.

**Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons**

High volume water jet

**Specific hazards**

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

**Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

**Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. The contaminated area should be cleaned up immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts), concentrated (d : 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts), water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in non-sealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose according to local regulations (see section 13).

## 7. Handling and storage

### Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

### National occupational exposure limits

#### Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	STEL	0.07 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
xylene	TWA	713 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	50 ppm
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	217 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
mesitylene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

Chemical Name		
	TWA	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	434 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
2-butoxyethanol	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	121 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

### Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. Air-fed protective respiratory equipment must be worn by spray operator even when good ventilation is provided.

### Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

### Respiratory protection

For spraying: air-fed respirator. For operations other than spraying: in well ventilated areas, air-fed respirators could be replaced by a combination of charcoal filter and particulate filter mask.

### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	30 min
2-butoxyethanol	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatrill<sup>®</sup> glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

**Hygiene measures**

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

**9. Physical and chemical properties****Appearance**

Form : liquid    Colour: clear    Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	-82 – -65 °C	
Boiling point	104 °C	
Flash point	15 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.5 %	
Vapour pressure	4.6 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	375 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

**10. Stability and reactivity****Stability**

Stable

**Hazardous polymerisation**

Will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid**

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

**Materials to avoid**

Keep away from oxidising agents and strongly acid or alkaline materials. Amines and alcohols cause exothermic reactions. Mixture reacts slowly with water resulting in evolution of CO<sub>2</sub>. Evolution of CO<sub>2</sub> in closed containers causes overpressure and produces a risk of bursting.

**Hazardous decomposition products**

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen as well as hydrogen cyanide, amines, alcohols and water.

**11. Toxicological information****Information on likely routes of exposure****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:****Acute oral toxicity**

2-butoxyethyl acetate	Category 4
xylene	Category 5
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 5
ethylbenzene	Category 5
2-butoxyethanol	Category 4

**Acute dermal toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	Category 3
xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 3
2-butoxyethanol	Category 2

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Respiratory sensitisation**

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers Category 1

**Skin sensitisation**

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Category 1
3-Isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate, oligomers	Category 1
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )**

No information available.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar products, the following applies: This formulation may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system leading to an asthmatic condition, wheeziness and a tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. Components of the product may be absorbed into the body through the skin.

## 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

**Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

**Acute aquatic toxicity**

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Category 3
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	Category 3
xylene	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1
ethylbenzene	Category 2

**Chronic aquatic toxicity**

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

% of unknown composition 0%

**Persistence and degradability**

No information available.

**Bioaccumulation**

No information available.

**Mobility in soil**

No information available.

**Other adverse effects**

No information available.

**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS****Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

**14. Transport information****NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

**IMDG (Sea transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

**ICAO/IATA (Air transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

**Matters needing attention for transportation**

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

**15. Regulatory information****National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Respiratory sensitisation	Category 6.5A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

## 16. Other information

### Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	9

Revision Date: 2015-01-29  
B12725266

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

<b>Product name</b>	Duxone 2K Hardener Medium
<b>Product code</b>	7099058
<b>Intended use of the substance/preparation</b>	Hardener for professional use
<b>Supplier</b>	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
<b>Emergency Information</b>	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
<b>Importer</b>	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

## 2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433  
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1C
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Respiratory sensitisation	Category 6.5A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Toxic if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.  
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
 Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray.  
 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.  
 Collect spillage.  
 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.  
 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.  
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.  
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.  
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains isocyanates. See information supplied by the manufacturer. Contains: methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate. May produce an allergic reaction.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
28182-81-2	Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	30 - 40%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	10 - 20%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
104-76-7	2-ethylhexan-1-ol	5 - 10%	✓	
53880-05-0	3-Isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate, oligomers	5 - 10%	✓	
98516-30-4	ethoxypropyl acetate	3 - 5%	✓	
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	3 - 5%	✓	
108-67-8	mesitylene	1 - 3%	✓	
41556-26-7	bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	1 - 3%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	1 - 3%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
98-82-8	cumene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
82919-37-7	methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 1 - 5%

### 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

**Skin contact**

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

**Inhalation**

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

**Ingestion**

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

**Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis. Skin contact may cause skin sensitization.

**Notes to physician**

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Dry chemical, Water spray.

**Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons**

High volume water jet

**Specific hazards**

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

**Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

**Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. The contaminated area should be cleaned up immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts), concentrated (d : 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts), water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in non-sealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose according to local regulations (see section 13).

## 7. Handling and storage

### Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

### National occupational exposure limits

#### Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	STEL	0.07 mg/m3
	TWA	0.02 mg/m3
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m3
xylene	TWA	713 mg/m3
	TWA	50 ppm
mesitylene	TWA	217 mg/m3
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
ethylbenzene	TWA	123 mg/m3
	TWA	123 mg/m3
	TWA	100 ppm

Chemical Name		
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	434 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
cumene	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	375 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	125 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

### Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. Air-fed protective respiratory equipment must be worn by spray operator even when good ventilation is provided.

### Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

### Respiratory protection

For spraying: air-fed respirator. For operations other than spraying: in well ventilated areas, air-fed respirators could be replaced by a combination of charcoal filter and particulate filter mask.

### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	30 min
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatrill<sup>®</sup> glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

**Hygiene measures**

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

**9. Physical and chemical properties****Appearance**

Form : liquid    Colour: clear    Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	104 °C	
Flash point	15 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	4.4 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.98 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	270 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

**10. Stability and reactivity****Stability**

Stable

**Hazardous polymerisation**

Will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid**

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

**Materials to avoid**

Keep away from oxidising agents and strongly acid or alkaline materials. Amines and alcohols cause exothermic reactions. Mixture reacts slowly with water resulting in evolution of CO<sub>2</sub>. Evolution of CO<sub>2</sub> in closed containers causes overpressure and produces a risk of bursting.

**Hazardous decomposition products**

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen as well as hydrogen cyanide, amines, alcohols and water.

**11. Toxicological information****Information on likely routes of exposure****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:****Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute dermal toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Category 4
xylene	Category 4
2-ethylhexan-1-ol	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 4

% of unknown composition 0 %

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
xylene	Category 2
2-ethylhexan-1-ol	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

xylene	Category 2A
2-ethylhexan-1-ol	Category 2A
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 2A
mesitylene	Category 2A
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2A

**Respiratory sensitisation**

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Category 1
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**Skin sensitisation**

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Category 1
3-Isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate, oligomers	Category 1
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )**

No information available.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar products, the following applies: This formulation may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system leading to an asthmatic condition, wheeziness and a tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbition, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. Components of the product may be absorbed into the body through the skin.

**12. Ecological information**

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

**Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

**Acute aquatic toxicity**

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
xylene	Category 3
2-ethylhexan-1-ol	Category 3
mesitylene	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
ethylbenzene	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
cumene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

**Chronic aquatic toxicity**

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
cumene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

% of unknown composition 4%



**Persistence and degradability**

No information available.

**Bioaccumulation**

No information available.

**Mobility in soil**

No information available.

**Other adverse effects**

No information available.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information

**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

**IMDG (Sea transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: yes [solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (&lt;0,1% benzene)]

EmS: F-E,S-E

**ICAO/IATA (Air transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

**Matters needing attention for transportation**

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

## 15. Regulatory information

**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002667
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Control T	This product must be tracked.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1C
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Respiratory sensitisation	Category 6.5A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

**16. Other information**

## Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	9

Revision Date: 2015-01-29  
B12725279

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

<b>Product name</b>	Duxone Plus 2K Hardener Fast
<b>Product code</b>	7099074
<b>Intended use of the substance/preparation</b>	
Hardener for professional use	
<b>Supplier</b>	
Street address	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
<b>Emergency Information</b>	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
<b>Importer</b>	
Street/Box	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

## 2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433  
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1D
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Respiratory sensitisation	Category 6.5A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates	Category 9.4C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements	<p>Avoid release to the environment.          Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.          In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.          Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.          Obtain special instructions before use.          Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.          IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.          If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.          IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.          If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.          Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.          Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.</p>
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#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains isocyanates. See information supplied by the manufacturer. Contains: methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate. May produce an allergic reaction.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
28182-81-2	Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	30 - 40%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	20 - 30%	✓	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	10 - 20%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	5 - 10%	✓	
53880-05-0	3-Isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate, oligomers	5 - 10%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	3 - 5%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	3 - 5%	✓	
104-76-7	2-ethylhexan-1-ol	1 - 3%	✓	
41556-26-7	bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	1 - 3%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
108-67-8	mesitylene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
82919-37-7	methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
98-82-8	cumene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 0.1 - 1.0%

### 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

**Skin contact**

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

**Inhalation**

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

**Ingestion**

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

**Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis. Skin contact may cause skin sensitization.

**Notes to physician**

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Dry chemical, Water spray.

**Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons**

High volume water jet

**Specific hazards**

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

**Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

**Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. The contaminated area should be cleaned up immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts), concentrated (d : 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts), water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in non-sealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose according to local regulations (see section 13).

## 7. Handling and storage

### Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

### National occupational exposure limits

#### Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	STEL	0.07 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
ethylbenzene	TWA	713 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
toluene	STEL	543 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	434 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	50 ppm

Chemical Name		
	TWA	188 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
mesitylene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
cumene	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	375 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	125 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. Air-fed protective respiratory equipment must be worn by spray operator even when good ventilation is provided.

#### Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### Respiratory protection

For spraying: air-fed respirator. For operations other than spraying: in well ventilated areas, air-fed respirators could be replaced by a combination of charcoal filter and particulate filter mask.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril<sup>®</sup> glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

**Skin and body protection**

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

**Hygiene measures**

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

**9. Physical and chemical properties****Appearance**

Form : liquid    Colour: transparent    Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	104 °C	
Flash point	24 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	1 %	
Vapour pressure	6.4 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.97 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	270 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	<20 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

**10. Stability and reactivity****Stability**

Stable

**Hazardous polymerisation**

Will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid**

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

**Materials to avoid**

Keep away from oxidising agents and strongly acid or alkaline materials. Amines and alcohols cause exothermic reactions. Mixture reacts slowly with water resulting in evolution of CO<sub>2</sub>. Evolution of CO<sub>2</sub> in closed containers causes overpressure and produces a risk of bursting.

**Hazardous decomposition products**

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen as well as hydrogen cyanide, amines, alcohols and water.

**11. Toxicological information****Information on likely routes of exposure****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to



isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

##### Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

##### Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

##### Acute inhalation toxicity

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Category 4
xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5
2-ethylhexan-1-ol	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 4

% of unknown composition 0 %

##### Skin corrosion/irritation

xylene	Category 2
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
2-ethylhexan-1-ol	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 3

##### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

##### Respiratory sensitisation

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Category 1
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##### Skin sensitisation

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Category 1
3-Isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate, oligomers	Category 1
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

##### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction**

toluene Category 2

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure**

- **Skin Absorption**

- **Central nervous system** 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )**

No information available.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar products, the following applies: This formulation may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system leading to an asthmatic condition, wheeziness and a tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbition, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. Components of the product may be absorbed into the body through the skin.

**12. Ecological information**

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

**Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

**Acute aquatic toxicity**

xylene	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
2-ethylhexan-1-ol	Category 3
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2

**Chronic aquatic toxicity**

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2

methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate  
cumene

Category 1  
Category 2

Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates

xylene

Category 9.4C

% of unknown composition 0%

#### Persistence and degradability

No information available.

#### Bioaccumulation

No information available.

#### Mobility in soil

No information available.

#### Other adverse effects

No information available.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

#### Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information

#### NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263  
Hazard Class: 3  
Packing group: III  
Hazchem Code: 3Y

#### IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263  
Hazard Class: 3  
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.  
Packing group: III  
Marine Pollutant: no  
EmS: F-E,S-E

#### ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263  
Hazard Class: 3  
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.  
Packing group: III

**Matters needing attention for transportation**

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

## 15. Regulatory information

**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1D
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Respiratory sensitisation	Category 6.5A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates	Category 9.4C

## 16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.1	9

Revision Date: 2015-01-29  
B12898234

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

<b>Product name</b>	Duxone Plus 2K Hardener Slow
<b>Product code</b>	7099075
<b>Intended use of the substance/preparation</b>	Hardener for professional use
<b>Supplier</b>	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
<b>Emergency Information</b>	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
<b>Importer</b>	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

## 2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433  
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Respiratory sensitisation	Category 6.5A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes mild skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.  
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
 Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray.  
 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.  
 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.  
 IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.  
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.  
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.  
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains isocyanates. See information supplied by the manufacturer. Contains: methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate. May produce an allergic reaction.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
28182-81-2	Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	40 - 50%	✓	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	20 - 30%	✓	
98516-30-4	ethoxypropyl acetate	10 - 20%	✓	
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	5 - 10%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	3 - 5%	✓	
104-76-7	2-ethylhexan-1-ol	1 - 3%	✓	
41556-26-7	bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	1 - 3%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
108-67-8	mesitylene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
82919-37-7	methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
98-82-8	cumene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 0.1 - 1.0%

### 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

**Inhalation**

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

**Ingestion**

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

**Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis. Skin contact may cause skin sensitization.

**Notes to physician**

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Dry chemical, Water spray.

**Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons**

High volume water jet

**Specific hazards**

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

**Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

**Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. The contaminated area should be cleaned up immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts), concentrated (d : 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts), water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in non-sealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose according to local regulations (see section 13).

## 7. Handling and storage

### Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

### National occupational exposure limits

#### Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	STEL	0.07 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	713 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	25 ppm
mesitylene	TWA	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
cumene	TWA	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	25 ppm



Chemical Name		
xylene	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	375 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	125 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. Air-fed protective respiratory equipment must be worn by spray operator even when good ventilation is provided.

#### Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### Respiratory protection

For spraying: air-fed respirator. For operations other than spraying: in well ventilated areas, air-fed respirators could be replaced by a combination of charcoal filter and particulate filter mask.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	30 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
xylene	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril<sup>®</sup> glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

## Appearance

Form : liquid    Colour: clear    Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	No data available.	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	104 °C	
Flash point	32 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	1 %	
Vapour pressure	4.4 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	appreciable	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.01 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	270 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

## 10. Stability and reactivity

### Stability

Stable

### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents and strongly acid or alkaline materials. Amines and alcohols cause exothermic reactions. Mixture reacts slowly with water resulting in evolution of CO<sub>2</sub>. Evolution of CO<sub>2</sub> in closed containers causes overpressure and produces a risk of bursting.

### Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen as well as hydrogen cyanide, amines, alcohols and water.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:**
**Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute dermal toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Category 4
2-ethylhexan-1-ol	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 4
xylene	Category 4

% of unknown composition 0 %

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
2-ethylhexan-1-ol	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 3
xylene	Category 2

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 2A
2-ethylhexan-1-ol	Category 2A
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2A
mesitylene	Category 2A
xylene	Category 2A

**Respiratory sensitisation**

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Category 1
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**Skin sensitisation**

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Category 1
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )**

No information available.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar products, the following applies: This formulation may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system leading to an asthmatic condition, wheeziness and a tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. Components of the product may be absorbed into the body through the skin.

**12. Ecological information**

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

**Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

**Acute aquatic toxicity**

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
2-ethylhexan-1-ol	Category 3
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2
xylene	Category 3

**Chronic aquatic toxicity**

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2

% of unknown composition 16.8%

**Persistence and degradability**

No information available.

**Bioaccumulation**

No information available.

**Mobility in soil**

No information available.

**Other adverse effects**

No information available.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

### Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information

### NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263  
 Hazard Class: 3  
 Packing group: III  
 Hazchem Code: 3Y

### IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263  
 Hazard Class: 3  
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.  
 Packing group: III  
 Marine Pollutant: no  
 EmS: F-E,S-E

### ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263  
 Hazard Class: 3  
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.  
 Packing group: III

### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

## 15. Regulatory information

### National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Respiratory sensitisation	Category 6.5A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

## 16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	9



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Version	Changes
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Revision Date:	2015-01-29
	B13142124

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

<b>Product name</b>	Duxone Plus 2K Hardener Medium
<b>Product code</b>	7099076
<b>Intended use of the substance/preparation</b>	Hardener for professional use
<b>Supplier</b>	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
<b>Emergency Information</b>	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
<b>Importer</b>	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

## 2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433  
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Respiratory sensitisation	Category 6.5A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes mild skin irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray.  
 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.  
 IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.  
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.  
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.  
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains isocyanates. See information supplied by the manufacturer. Contains: methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate. May produce an allergic reaction.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
28182-81-2	Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	40 - 50%	✓	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	20 - 30%	✓	
98516-30-4	ethoxypropyl acetate	10 - 20%	✓	
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	5 - 10%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	3 - 5%	✓	
104-76-7	2-ethylhexan-1-ol	1 - 3%	✓	
41556-26-7	bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	1 - 3%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
108-67-8	mesitylene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
82919-37-7	methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
98-82-8	cumene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 0.1 - 1.0%

### 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist,



call a physician.

**Ingestion**

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

**Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis. Skin contact may cause skin sensitization.

**Notes to physician**

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Dry chemical, Water spray.

**Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons**

High volume water jet

**Specific hazards**

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

**Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

**Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

**Methods for cleaning up**

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. The contaminated area should be cleaned up immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts), concentrated (d : 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts), water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in non-sealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose according to local regulations (see section 13).

## 7. Handling and storage

### Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

### National occupational exposure limits

#### Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	STEL	0.07 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	713 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	25 ppm
mesitylene	TWA	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
xylene	TWA	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	50 ppm
cumene	TWA	217 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	375 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	125 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. Air-fed protective respiratory equipment must be worn by spray operator even when good ventilation is provided.

**Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

**Respiratory protection**

For spraying: air-fed respirator. For operations other than spraying: in well ventilated areas, air-fed respirators could be replaced by a combination of charcoal filter and particulate filter mask.

**Eye protection**

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

**Hand protection**

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	30 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
xylene	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril<sup>®</sup> glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

**Skin and body protection**

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

**Hygiene measures**

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

**9. Physical and chemical properties****Appearance**

Form : liquid    Colour: clear    Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable
Freezing point	Not applicable.
Boiling point	104 °C
Flash point	29 °C
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether
Flammability	

Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	1 %	
Vapour pressure	5.4 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	270 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

## 10. Stability and reactivity

### Stability

Stable

### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents and strongly acid or alkaline materials. Amines and alcohols cause exothermic reactions. Mixture reacts slowly with water resulting in evolution of CO<sub>2</sub>. Evolution of CO<sub>2</sub> in closed containers causes overpressure and produces a risk of bursting.

### Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen as well as hydrogen cyanide, amines, alcohols and water.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

#### Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

#### Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Category 4
2-ethylhexan-1-ol	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 4
xylene	Category 4

% of unknown composition 0 %

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
2-ethylhexan-1-ol	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 3
xylene	Category 2

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Respiratory sensitisation**

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Category 1
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**Skin sensitisation**

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Category 1
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )**

No information available.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar products, the following applies: This formulation may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system leading to an asthmatic condition, wheeziness and a tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability.

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. Components of the product may be absorbed into the body through the skin.

## 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

### Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

### Acute aquatic toxicity

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
2-ethylhexan-1-ol	Category 3
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1
xylene	Category 3
cumene	Category 2

### Chronic aquatic toxicity

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2

% of unknown composition 11%

### Persistence and degradability

No information available.

### Bioaccumulation

No information available.

### Mobility in soil

No information available.

### Other adverse effects

No information available.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

### Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information

### NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: III

Hazchem Code: 3Y

### IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: III

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

### ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: III

### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

## 15. Regulatory information

### National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Respiratory sensitisation	Category 6.5A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

## 16. Other information

### Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	9

Revision Date: 2015-01-29  
B13135467

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.



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End of Safety Data Sheet



## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

<b>Product name</b>	Duxone 1K Multi Acrylic Thinner
<b>Product code</b>	8210080
<b>Intended use of the substance/preparation</b>	Solvent for professional use
<b>Supplier</b>	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
<b>Emergency Information</b>	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
<b>Importer</b>	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

## 2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433  
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**

None known.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Pure substance/mixture**

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
108-88-3	toluene	60 - 70%	✓	
67-64-1	acetone	10 - 20%	✓	
64-17-5	ethanol	5 - 10%	✓	
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	3 - 5%	✓	
78-93-3	butanone	1 - 3%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 0.0 - 0.1%

### 4. First aid measures

**Eye contact**

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

**Skin contact**

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

**Inhalation**

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

**Ingestion**

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

**Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Notes to physician**

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures

### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Dry chemical, Water spray.

### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

### Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

### Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

### Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

## 7. Handling and storage

### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### National occupational exposure limits

#### Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
acetone	TWA	500 ppm

Chemical Name		
	STEL	1,000 ppm
	STEL	2,375 mg/m3
	TWA	1,185 mg/m3
ethanol	TWA	1,000 ppm
	TWA	1,880 mg/m3
butanone	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	300 ppm
	STEL	890 mg/m3
	TWA	445 mg/m3
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m3
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m3
	TWA	434 mg/m3

#### Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
butanone	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril<sup>®</sup> glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier

on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Form : liquid    Colour: transparent    Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	No data available.	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	74 °C	
Flash point	-20 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	19 %	
Lower explosion limit	1.2 %	
Vapour pressure	71.8 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	appreciable	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.84 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	272 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

## 10. Stability and reactivity

#### Stability

Stable

#### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

#### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

## 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

##### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:****Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute dermal toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

toluene	Category 2
acetone	Category 3
butanone	Category 3
xylene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

toluene	Category 2B
acetone	Category 2A
ethanol	Category 2A
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 2A
butanone	Category 2A
xylene	Category 2A
ethylbenzene	Category 2B

**Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Skin sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction**

toluene Category 2

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure**

No data available.

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )**

No information available.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

## 12. Ecological information

Product does not contain any environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS

**Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

**Chronic aquatic toxicity**

% of unknown composition 0%

**Persistence and degradability**

No information available.

**Bioaccumulation**

No information available.

**Mobility in soil**

No information available.

**Other adverse effects**

No information available.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information

**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

**IMDG (Sea transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263  
Hazard Class: 3  
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.  
Packing group: II  
Marine Pollutant: no  
EmS: F-E,S-E

**ICAO/IATA (Air transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263  
Hazard Class: 3  
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.  
Packing group: II

**Matters needing attention for transportation**

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

## 15. Regulatory information

**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B

## 16. Other information

## Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date:	2014-11-06
	B12725362

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

<b>Product name</b>	Duxone 1K Slow Acrylic Thinner
<b>Product code</b>	8210081
<b>Intended use of the substance/preparation</b>	
Solvent for professional use	
<b>Supplier</b>	
Street address	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
<b>Emergency Information</b>	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
<b>Importer</b>	
Street/Box	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

## 2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433  
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</p>
Precautionary statements	<p>Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed.</p>

Obtain special instructions before use.  
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.  
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.  
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**

None known.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Pure substance/mixture**

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
78-93-3	butanone	30 - 40%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	30 - 40%	✓	
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	5 - 10%	✓	
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	5 - 10%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	5 - 10%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	3 - 5%	✓	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	1 - 3%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	1 - 3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 0.0 - 0.1%

### 4. First aid measures

**Eye contact**

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

**Skin contact**

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

**Inhalation**

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

**Ingestion**

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

**Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Notes to physician**

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Dry chemical, Water spray.

**Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons**

High volume water jet

**Specific hazards**

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

**Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

**Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

**Methods for cleaning up**

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

## 7. Handling and storage

**Safe handling advice**

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

**Storage****Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

**Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage**

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
butanone	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	300 ppm
	STEL	890 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
toluene	TWA	445 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	50 ppm
xylene	TWA	188 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	50 ppm
n-hexane	TWA	217 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	20 ppm
n-butyl acetate	TWA	72 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
ethylbenzene	STEL	950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	713 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	434 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
butanone	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Form : liquid    Colour: transparent    Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	No data available.	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	-4 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	11 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	53.3 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	appreciable	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.82 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	240 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

## 10. Stability and reactivity

#### Stability

Stable

#### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

#### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

**Materials to avoid**

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

**Hazardous decomposition products**

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

**11. Toxicological information****Information on likely routes of exposure****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:****Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute dermal toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

butanone	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 3

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

butanone	Category 2A
toluene	Category 2B
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 2A
xylene	Category 2A
n-hexane	Category 2B
ethylbenzene	Category 2B

**Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Skin sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction**

toluene	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure**

- **Skin Absorption**

Testes n-hexane

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )**

No information available.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

**12. Ecological information**

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

**Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

**Acute aquatic toxicity**

toluene	Category 2
xylene	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2

**Chronic aquatic toxicity**

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2

% of unknown composition 0%

**Persistence and degradability**

No information available.

**Bioaccumulation**

No information available.

**Mobility in soil**

No information available.

**Other adverse effects**

No information available.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information

**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

**IMDG (Sea transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

**ICAO/IATA (Air transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

**Matters needing attention for transportation**

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

## 15. Regulatory information



**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

**16. Other information**

## Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date:	2015-01-29
B12725378	

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

<b>Product name</b>	Duxone 1K Retarder Acrylic Thinner
<b>Product code</b>	8210082
<b>Intended use of the substance/preparation</b>	
Solvent for professional use	
<b>Supplier</b>	
Street address	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
<b>Emergency Information</b>	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
<b>Importer</b>	
Street/Box	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

## 2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433  
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1D
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life.</p>
Precautionary statements	<p>Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed.</p>

Obtain special instructions before use.  
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.  
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.  
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.  
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**

None known.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Pure substance/mixture**

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
108-10-1	4-methylpentan-2-one	30 - 40%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	20 - 30%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	20 - 30%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	5 - 10%	✓	
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	5 - 10%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 0.0 - 0.1%

### 4. First aid measures

**Eye contact**

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

**Skin contact**

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

**Inhalation**

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

**Ingestion**

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

**Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Notes to physician**

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Dry chemical, Water spray.

**Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons**

High volume water jet

**Specific hazards**

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

**Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

**Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

**Methods for cleaning up**

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

## 7. Handling and storage

**Safe handling advice**

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

**Storage****Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

**Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage**

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**National occupational exposure limits  
Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
4-methylpentan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	307 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	205 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	434 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

**Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

**Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

**Eye protection**

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

**Hand protection**

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

**Skin and body protection**

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

**Hygiene measures**

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

**9. Physical and chemical properties****Appearance**

Form : liquid    Colour: transparent    Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	No data available.	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	108 °C	
Flash point	5 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	7.6 %	
Lower explosion limit	1 %	
Vapour pressure	17.4 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	appreciable	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.84 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	272 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

**10. Stability and reactivity****Stability**

Stable

**Hazardous polymerisation**

Will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid**

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

**Materials to avoid**

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

**Hazardous decomposition products**

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

**11. Toxicological information****Information on likely routes of exposure****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:****Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute dermal toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 4
toluene	Category 5
xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4

% of unknown composition 0 %

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 2A
toluene	Category 2B
xylene	Category 2A
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 2A

**Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Skin sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction**

toluene Category 2

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure**

No data available.

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )**

No information available.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

## 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

**Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

**Acute aquatic toxicity**

toluene	Category 2
xylene	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2

**Chronic aquatic toxicity**

% of unknown composition 0%

**Persistence and degradability**

No information available.

**Bioaccumulation**

No information available.

**Mobility in soil**

No information available.

**Other adverse effects**

No information available.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information

**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263



Hazard Class: 3  
 Packing group: II  
 Hazchem Code: 3YE

**IMDG (Sea transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263  
 Hazard Class: 3  
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.  
 Packing group: II  
 Marine Pollutant: no  
 EmS: F-E,S-E

**ICAO/IATA (Air transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263  
 Hazard Class: 3  
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.  
 Packing group: II

**Matters needing attention for transportation**

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

**15. Regulatory information****National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1D
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

**16. Other information**

## Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2015-01-29  
 B12725384

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

<b>Product name</b>	Duxone 2K Thinner
<b>Product code</b>	8610085
<b>Intended use of the substance/preparation</b>	Thinner for professional use
<b>Supplier</b>	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
<b>Emergency Information</b>	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
<b>Importer</b>	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

## 2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433  
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute dermal toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if swallowed. May be harmful in contact with skin. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life.</p>
Precautionary statements	<p>Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Obtain special instructions before use.</p>

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.  
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**

None known.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Pure substance/mixture**

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	40 - 50%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	20 - 30%	✓	
112-07-2	2-butoxyethyl acetate	10 - 20%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	5 - 10%	✓	
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	5 - 10%	✓	
111-76-2	2-butoxyethanol	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 0.0 - 0.1%

### 4. First aid measures

**Eye contact**

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

**Skin contact**

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

**Inhalation**

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

**Ingestion**

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

**Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Notes to physician**

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Dry chemical, Water spray.

**Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons**

High volume water jet

**Specific hazards**

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

**Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

**Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

**Methods for cleaning up**

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

## 7. Handling and storage

**Safe handling advice**

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

**Storage****Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

**Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage**

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**National occupational exposure limits  
 Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name			
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm	
	STEL	200 ppm	
	STEL	950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
xylene	TWA	713 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	TWA	50 ppm	
	TWA	217 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm	
	STEL	125 ppm	
	STEL	543 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
2-butoxyethanol	TWA	434 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	TWA	25 ppm	
	TWA	121 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
toluene	TWA	50 ppm	
	TWA	188 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

**Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

**Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

**Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

**Eye protection**

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

**Hand protection**

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min
2-butoxyethanol	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Form : liquid    Colour: transparent    Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	No data available.	
Freezing point	-82 – -65 °C	
Boiling point	135 °C	
Flash point	15 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.5 %	
Vapour pressure	9.4 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	appreciable	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.89 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	272 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

## 10. Stability and reactivity

#### Stability

Stable

#### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

#### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

## 11. Toxicological information

**Information on likely routes of exposure**
**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:**
**Acute oral toxicity**

xylene	Category 5
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 5
2-butoxyethanol	Category 4

**Acute dermal toxicity**

xylene	Category 4
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Category 4
2-butoxyethanol	Category 3

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

xylene	Category 4
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
2-butoxyethanol	Category 4
toluene	Category 5

% of unknown composition 0 %

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
xylene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
2-butoxyethanol	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Skin sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction**

toluene Category 2

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )**

No information available.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

## 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

**Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

**Acute aquatic toxicity**

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
xylene	Category 3
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

% of unknown composition 0%

**Persistence and degradability**

No information available.

**Bioaccumulation**

No information available.

**Mobility in soil**

No information available.

**Other adverse effects**

No information available.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS



**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

**14. Transport information****NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263  
 Hazard Class: 3  
 Packing group: II  
 Hazchem Code: 3YE

**IMDG (Sea transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263  
 Hazard Class: 3  
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.  
 Packing group: II  
 Marine Pollutant: no  
 EmS: F-E,S-E

**ICAO/IATA (Air transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263  
 Hazard Class: 3  
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.  
 Packing group: II

**Matters needing attention for transportation**

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

**15. Regulatory information****National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute dermal toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

**16. Other information**

Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	9



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Version	Changes
Revision Date: B12725417	2015-01-29

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

<b>Product name</b>	Duxone Universal Thinner
<b>Product code</b>	8610086
<b>Intended use of the substance/preparation</b>	Hardener for professional use
<b>Supplier</b>	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
<b>Emergency Information</b>	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
<b>Importer</b>	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

## 2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433  
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates	Category 9.4C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life.</p>
Precautionary statements	<p>Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed.</p>

Obtain special instructions before use.  
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.  
 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.  
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Hazardous
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	20 - 30%	✓
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	20 - 30%	✓
1330-20-7	xylene	20 - 30%	✓
108-88-3	toluene	10 - 20%	✓
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	5 - 10%	✓
112-07-2	2-butoxyethyl acetate	5 - 10%	✓

Non-regulated ingredients 0.1 - 1.0%

### 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

##### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

##### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Notes to physician**

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Dry chemical, Water spray.

**Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons**

High volume water jet

**Specific hazards**

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

**Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

**Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

**Methods for cleaning up**

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

## 7. Handling and storage

**Safe handling advice**

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

**Storage****Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

**Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage**

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**National occupational exposure limits  
 Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
xylene	TWA	713 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	50 ppm
toluene	TWA	217 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	50 ppm
ethylbenzene	TWA	188 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	434 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

**Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

**Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

**Eye protection**

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

**Hand protection**

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatrill<sup>®</sup> glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be

replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Form : liquid    Colour: clear    Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	No data available.	
Freezing point	-95 – -65 °C	
Boiling point	108 °C	
Flash point	4 °C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.5 %	
Vapour pressure	11.6 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	appreciable	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.89 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	272 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

## 10. Stability and reactivity

#### Stability

Stable

#### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

#### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

## 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

##### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:****Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute dermal toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

xylene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5
ethylbenzene	Category 4
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Category 4

% of unknown composition 0 %

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
xylene	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 2A
xylene	Category 2A
toluene	Category 2B
ethylbenzene	Category 2B

**Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Skin sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction**

toluene Category 2

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria



**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure**

No data available.

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )**

No information available.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

**12. Ecological information**

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

**Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

**Acute aquatic toxicity**

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
xylene	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Category 3

Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates

xylene Category 9.4C

% of unknown composition 0%

**Persistence and degradability**

No information available.

**Bioaccumulation**

No information available.

**Mobility in soil**

No information available.

**Other adverse effects**

No information available.

**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS****Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information

### NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

### IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

### ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

## 15. Regulatory information

### National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates	Category 9.4C

## 16. Other information

### Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	9

Revision Date: 2015-01-29  
B12725576

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or

in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

<b>Product name</b>	Duxone Wax And Grease Remover
<b>Product code</b>	8880083
<b>Intended use of the substance/preparation</b>	Thinner for professional use
<b>Supplier</b>	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
<b>Emergency Information</b>	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
<b>Importer</b>	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

## 2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433  
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</p>
Precautionary statements	<p>Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed.</p>

Obtain special instructions before use.  
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
 Collect spillage.  
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.  
 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.  
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
64742-82-1	naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0,1% benzene)	40 - 50%	✓	
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	30 - 40%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	10 - 20%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	1 - 3%	✓	
108-67-8	mesitylene	1 - 3%	✓	
103-65-1	n-propylbenzene	1 - 3%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	1 - 3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	1 - 3%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	1 - 3%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 0.0 - 0.1%

### 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

**Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Notes to physician**

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

**5. Firefighting measures****Suitable extinguishing media**

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Dry chemical, Water spray.

**Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons**

High volume water jet

**Specific hazards**

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

**Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

**6. Accidental release measures****Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

**Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

**Methods for cleaning up**

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

**7. Handling and storage****Safe handling advice**

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

**Storage**

**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

**Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage**

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

**8. Exposure controls/personal protection****National occupational exposure limits****Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
n-hexane	TWA	20 ppm
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	72 mg/m3
mesitylene	TWA	25 ppm
iso-butanol	TWA	123 mg/m3
toluene	TWA	25 ppm
xylene	TWA	25 ppm
ethylbenzene	TWA	123 mg/m3
	TWA	123 mg/m3
	TWA	123 mg/m3
	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m3
	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m3
	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m3
	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m3
	TWA	434 mg/m3

**Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

**Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

**Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

**Eye protection**

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

**Hand protection**

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name		Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
naphtha (petroleum), heavy (<0,1% benzene)	hydrodesulfurized	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
		Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
xylene		Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
		Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

**Skin and body protection**

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

**Hygiene measures**

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

**9. Physical and chemical properties****Appearance**

Form : liquid    Colour: transparent    Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	-15 °C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	7 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.7 %	
Vapour pressure	52.7 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.73 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	201 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

**10. Stability and reactivity**



**Stability**

Stable

**Hazardous polymerisation**

Will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid**

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

**Materials to avoid**

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

**Hazardous decomposition products**

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

## 11. Toxicological information

**Information on likely routes of exposure****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:****Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute dermal toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 3
n-propylbenzene	Category 3
iso-butanol	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

n-hexane	Category 2B
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2A
mesitylene	Category 2A
iso-butanol	Category 1
toluene	Category 2B
xylene	Category 2A
ethylbenzene	Category 2B

**Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Skin sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction**

n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure**

- **Skin Absorption**

**Testes** n-hexane

**Central nervous system** 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )**

No information available.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

**12. Ecological information**

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

**Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

**Acute aquatic toxicity**

naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
n-propylbenzene	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
xylene	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2

**Chronic aquatic toxicity**

naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
n-propylbenzene	Category 2

% of unknown composition 0%

**Persistence and degradability**

No information available.

**Bioaccumulation**

No information available.

**Mobility in soil**

No information available.

**Other adverse effects**

No information available.

**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS****Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

**14. Transport information****NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

**IMDG (Sea transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3  
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.  
 Packing group: II  
 Marine Pollutant: yes [naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0,1% benzene)]  
 EmS: F-E,S-E

**ICAO/IATA (Air transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263  
 Hazard Class: 3  
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.  
 Packing group: II

**Matters needing attention for transportation**

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

**15. Regulatory information****National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

**16. Other information**

## Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date:	2015-01-29
B12725485	

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

<b>Product name</b>	Duxone Gun Wash Solvent
<b>Product code</b>	8880084
<b>Intended use of the substance/preparation</b>	Solvent for professional use
<b>Supplier</b>	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
<b>Emergency Information</b>	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
<b>Importer</b>	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

## 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433  
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### GHS-Labeling



Hazard symbols

Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
May be harmful if swallowed.  
May be harmful if inhaled.  
Causes skin irritation.  
Causes serious eye irritation.  
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.  
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
Harmful to aquatic life.

Precautionary statements

Avoid release to the environment.  
Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.  
Keep container tightly closed.  
Obtain special instructions before use.  
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.  
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.  
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**

None known.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Pure substance/mixture**

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
78-93-3	butanone	40 - 50%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	20 - 30%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 0.0 - 0.1%

### 4. First aid measures

**Eye contact**

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

**Skin contact**

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

**Inhalation**

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

**Ingestion**

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

**Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Notes to physician**

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Dry chemical, Water spray.

**Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons**

High volume water jet

**Specific hazards**

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

**Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

**Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

**Methods for cleaning up**

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

## 7. Handling and storage

**Safe handling advice**

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

**Storage****Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

**Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage**

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## Chemical Name

**National occupational exposure limits  
Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

## Chemical Name

butanone	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	300 ppm
	STEL	890 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
toluene	TWA	445 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	50 ppm
xylene	TWA	188 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	50 ppm
ethylbenzene	TWA	217 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	434 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

**Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

**Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

**Eye protection**

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

**Hand protection**

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
butanone	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril<sup>®</sup> glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.



**Skin and body protection**

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

**Hygiene measures**

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

**9. Physical and chemical properties****Appearance**

Form : liquid    Colour: clear    Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	7.8 – 8	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	78 °C	
Flash point	-7 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	11 %	
Lower explosion limit	1 %	
Vapour pressure	59.9 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	appreciable	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.83 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	404 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

**10. Stability and reactivity****Stability**

Stable

**Hazardous polymerisation**

Will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid**

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

**Materials to avoid**

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

**Hazardous decomposition products**

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

**11. Toxicological information****Information on likely routes of exposure****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:****Acute oral toxicity**

butanone	Category 5
xylene	Category 5
ethylbenzene	Category 5

**Acute dermal toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

toluene	Category 5
xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4

% of unknown composition 0 %

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

butanone	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

butanone	Category 2A
toluene	Category 2B
xylene	Category 2A
ethylbenzene	Category 2B

**Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Skin sensitisation**

not hazardous

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction**

toluene	Category 2
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**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure**

No data available.

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )**

No information available.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

## 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

**Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

**Acute aquatic toxicity**

toluene	Category 2
xylene	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2

**Chronic aquatic toxicity**

% of unknown composition 0%

**Persistence and degradability**

No information available.

**Bioaccumulation**

No information available.

**Mobility in soil**

No information available.

**Other adverse effects**

No information available.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263  
 Hazard Class: 3  
 Packing group: II  
 Hazchem Code: 3YE

**IMDG (Sea transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263  
 Hazard Class: 3  
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.  
 Packing group: II  
 Marine Pollutant: no  
 EmS: F-E,S-E

**ICAO/IATA (Air transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263  
 Hazard Class: 3  
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.  
 Packing group: II

**Matters needing attention for transportation**

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

## 15. Regulatory information

**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

## 16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2015-01-29  
 D14031632

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

<b>Product name</b>	DXB208 Wax Duxone Basecoat Binder
<b>Product code</b>	DXB208
<b>Intended use of the substance/preparation</b>	Coating for professional use
<b>Supplier</b>	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
<b>Emergency Information</b>	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
<b>Importer</b>	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

## 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433  
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**

None known.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Pure substance/mixture**

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	40 - 50%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	20 - 30%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	5 - 10%	✓	
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	3 - 5%	✓	
624-41-9	2-methylbutyl acetate	1 - 3%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	1 - 3%	✓	
628-63-7	pentyl acetate	1 - 3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 10 - 20%

### 4. First aid measures

**Eye contact**

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

**Skin contact**

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

**Inhalation**

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

**Ingestion**

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

**Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Notes to physician**

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Dry chemical, Water spray.

**Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons**

High volume water jet

**Specific hazards**

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

**Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

**Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

**Methods for cleaning up**

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

## 7. Handling and storage

**Safe handling advice**

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

**Storage****Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

**Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage**

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**National occupational exposure limits  
 Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	713 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	434 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
iso-butanol	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
pentyl acetate	TWA	100 ppm
	TWA	532 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

**Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

**Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

**Eye protection**

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

**Hand protection**

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min



The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Form : liquid    Colour: milky    Odour: Characteristic Paint Odor    Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	135 °C	
Flash point	31 °C	DIN 53213/ISO 1523
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	1 %	
Vapour pressure	10.0 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.91 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	272 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	81 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

## 10. Stability and reactivity

#### Stability

Stable

#### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

#### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

The product contains ingredients which, under certain conditions, also may release formaldehyde. If necessary, the precise concentration has to be determined. When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

## 11. Toxicological information

**Information on likely routes of exposure****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

**Ingestion**

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:****Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute dermal toxicity**

not hazardous

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5

% of unknown composition 1.2 %

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
xylene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
2-methylbutyl acetate	Category 3
iso-butanol	Category 2
pentyl acetate	Category 3
toluene	Category 2

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

xylene	Category 2A
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 2A
iso-butanol	Category 1
pentyl acetate	Category 2A
toluene	Category 2B

**Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Skin sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction**

toluene Category 2

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )**

No information available.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

## 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

**Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

**Acute aquatic toxicity**

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
xylene	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

% of unknown composition 2.9%

**Persistence and degradability**

No information available.

**Bioaccumulation**

No information available.

**Mobility in soil**

No information available.

**Other adverse effects**

No information available.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

**14. Transport information****NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: III

Hazchem Code: 3Y

**IMDG (Sea transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: III

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

**ICAO/IATA (Air transport)**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: III

**Matters needing attention for transportation**

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

**15. Regulatory information****National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

**16. Other information**

## Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	9

Revision Date: 2015-01-29  
B11940061



The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet