

# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	LF-63225P Corlar 2.1 ST Shale White
Product code	LF-63225P
Intended use of the substance Coating for professional use	e/preparation
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

# 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### **HSNO Classification**

Category 3.1C
Category 6.3B
Category 8.3A
Category 6.5B
Category 9.1B
Category 9.1B

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### GHS-Labelling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapour. Causes mild skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray. Collect spillage. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.



If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification May produce an allergic reaction.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	20 - 30%	
64754-99-0	fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, reaction products with polyethylenepolyamines	10 - 20%	$\checkmark$
12001-26-2	Mica	10 - 20%	
1314-13-2	zinc oxide	10 - 20%	$\checkmark$
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3 - 5%	$\checkmark$
108-67-8	mesitylene	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
90-72-2	2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
7631-86-9	amorphous Silica	1 - 3%	
68476-25-5	Feldspar	1 - 3%	
1332-58-7	Kaolin	1 - 3%	
21645-51-2	aluminium hydroxide	0.3 - 1.0%	
14808-60-7	Quartz (SiO2)	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$
1330-20-7	xylene	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$
98-82-8	cumene	0.1 - 0.3%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 10 - 20%

# 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

### SAFETY DATA SHEET



#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

# 5. Firefighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

#### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

#### Specific hazards

The product is not flammable. Avoid heating above flash point. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

#### Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

#### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

# 7. Handling and storage



### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

#### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

#### National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

- - -

Chemical Name		
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m3
Mica	TWA	3 mg/m3
zinc oxide	STEL	10 mg/m3
	TWA	5 mg/m3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m3
mesitylene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m3
	TWA	123 mg/m3
amorphous Silica	TWA	10 mg/m3
Feldspar	TWA	2 mg/m3
Kaolin	TWA	2 mg/m3
aluminium hydroxide	TWA	2 mg/m3
Quartz (SiO2)	TWA	0.2 mg/m3
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m3
cumene	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	375 mg/m3
	TWA	125 mg/m3



#### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	30 min
(<0,1% benzene)			
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: white

white Odour: Characteristic Paint Odor

or Odor Threshold : no data available

рН	not applicable
Freezing point	Not applicable.
Boiling point	149 °C
Flash point	50 °C
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether
Flammability	
Upper explosion limit	6.2 %
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %
Vapour pressure	0.8 hPa
Solubility(ies)	moderate



Vapour density Density Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Viscosity (23 ° C) no data available  $1.68 \ g/cm^3$  E no data available  $451 \ ^{\circ}C$  E Not applicable.

DIN 53217/ISO 2811 DIN 51794 ISO 2431-1993

# 10. Stability and reactivity

### Stability

Stable

# Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

### Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

# 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

# Acute oral toxicity not hazardous

### Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

### Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 3
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Category 1C
xylene	Category 2
© 2014 Axalta Coating Systems, LLC and all affiliates. All rights reserved. Copies may be made only for those using Axalta Coating Systems products.	

LF-63225P v1.0 Revision Date: 2015-01-29 Print Date: 2015-01-29 en/NZ Page 6 - 9



#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, reaction products with polyethylenepolyamines	Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2A
mesitylene	Category 2A
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Category 1
xylene	Category 2A

#### **Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Skin sensitisation

No data available.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Toxicity for reproduction

Not classified according to GHS criteria

## Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )

No information available.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

# 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

#### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

### Acute aquatic toxicity

Titanium dioxide	Category 3
zinc oxide	Category 1
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1
xylene	Category 3
cumene	Category 2



### Chronic aquatic toxicity

zinc oxide	Category 1
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1
cumene	Category 2

% of unknown composition 10.5%

### Persistence and degradability

No information available.

### Bioaccumulation

No information available.

### Mobility in soil

No information available.

### Other adverse effects

No information available.

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

# 14. Transport information

NZS5433 Proper shipping name:	PAINT
UN number: Hazard Class: Packing group: Hazchem Code:	1263 3 III 3Y
IMDG (Sea transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT
UN number: Hazard Class: Subsidiary Hazard Class: Packing group: Marine Pollutant: EmS:	1263 3 Not applicable. III yes [zinc oxide] F-E,S-E
ICAO/IATA (Air transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT
UN number: Hazard Class: Subsidiary Hazard Class: Packing group:	1263 3 Not applicable. III



### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

# 15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information	
HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

# 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date: B10883554	2015-01-29

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	LF-63325P Corlar 2.1 ST Shale Grey
Product code	LF-63325P
Intended use of the substance Coating for professional use	preparation
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

# 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### **HSNO Classification**

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", ""cannot classified"" and ""not applicable"" are not shown

### **GHS-Labelling**

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapour. Causes mild skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.



IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification May produce an allergic reaction.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
64754-99-0	fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, reaction products with polyethylenepolyamines	10 - 20%	$\checkmark$	
12001-26-2	Mica	10 - 20%		
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	10 - 20%		
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$	
14807-96-6	Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)	3 - 5%		
108-67-8	mesitylene	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$	
90-72-2	2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$	
68476-25-5	Feldspar	1 - 3%		
1332-58-7	Kaolin	1 - 3%		
14808-60-7	Quartz (SiO2)	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$	
98-56-6	4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$	
21645-51-2	aluminium hydroxide	0.3 - 1.0%		
7631-86-9	amorphous Silica	0.3 - 1.0%		
7727-43-7	barium sulphate, natural	0.3 - 1.0%		
34590-94-8	(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	0.3 - 1.0%		
20344-49-4	Iron Hydroxide	0.3 - 1.0%		
1330-20-7	xylene	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$	
1333-86-4	carbon black	0.1 - 0.3%		
98-82-8	cumene	0.1 - 0.3%	$\checkmark$	

Non-regulated ingredients 20 - 30%



# 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

# 5. Firefighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

#### Specific hazards

The product is not flammable. Avoid heating above flash point. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

#### **Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

# 6. Accidental release measures

#### **Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.



### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

# 7. Handling and storage

### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. During baking at temperatures above 400°C, small amounts of hydrogen fluoride can be evolved; these amounts increase as temperatures. Hydrogen fluoride vapours are very toxic and cause skin and eye irritation. Above 430°C an explosive reaction may occur if finely divided fluorocarbon comes into contact with metal powder (aluminium or magnesium). Operations such as grinding, buffing or grit blasting may generate such mixtures. Avoid any dust buildup with fluorocarbons and metal mixtures.

### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

#### National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

TWA	3 mg/m3
TWA	10 mg/m3
TWA	25 ppm
TWA	123 mg/m3
TWA	2 mg/m3
TWA	25 ppm
TWA	25 ppm
TWA	123 mg/m3
TWA	123 mg/m3
TWA	2 mg/m3
TWA	2 mg/m3
TWA	0.2 mg/m3
TWA	2.5 mg/m3
TWA	2 mg/m3
TWA	10 mg/m3
	<ul> <li>TWA</li> </ul>



Chemical Name barium sulphate, natural	TWA	10 mg/m3
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	150 ppm
	STEL	909 mg/m3
	TWA	606 mg/m3
Iron Hydroxide	TWA	1 mg/m3
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m3
carbon black	TWA	3 mg/m3
cumene	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	375 mg/m3
	TWA	125 mg/m3

#### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	30 min
(<0,1% benzene)			
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.



#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: grey Odour: Characteristic Paint Odor Odor Threshold : no data available

рН	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	149°C	
Flash point	50 ° C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	6.2 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	1.0 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.44 $g/cm^3$	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	451 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993
	1 T T	

L

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability Stable

### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

#### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire Carbon monoxide, fluorinated hydrocarbons, hydrogen fluoride, nitrogen oxides may be formed.

# 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. The thermal decomposition vapours of fluorinated polymers may cause polymer fume fever with flu-like symptoms in humans, especially when smoking contaminated tobacco.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.



#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

#### Acute oral toxicity not hazardous

### Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

### Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene	e) Category 3
mesitylene	Category 3
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Category 1C
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	Category 3
xylene	Category 2

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, reaction products with polyethylenepolyamines	Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2A
mesitylene	Category 2A
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Category 1
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	Category 2B
xylene	Category 2A

#### **Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Skin sensitisation

No data available.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Carcinogenicity Not classified according to GHS criteria

# Toxicity for reproduction

Not classified according to GHS criteria

## Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- Skin Absorption
  - Central nervous system 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene



#### Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )

No information available.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

# 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

#### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

### Acute aquatic toxicity

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene) mesitylene aluminium hydroxide xylene	Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 1 Category 3
cumene	Category 3 Category 2
xylene	Category

### Chronic aquatic toxicity

Category 2
Category 2
Category 2
Category 3
Category 1
Category 2

% of unknown composition 12.8%

#### Persistence and degradability

No information available.

#### Bioaccumulation

No information available.

### Mobility in soil

No information available.

#### Other adverse effects

No information available.

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.



#### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

# 14. Transport information

NZS5433 Proper shipping name:	PAINT
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Packing group:	III
Hazchem Code:	3Y
IMDG (Sea transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	III
Marine Pollutant:	no
EmS:	F-E,S-E
ICAO/IATA (Air transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	III

#### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

# 15. Regulatory information

### National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

# 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version Changes 1.0 Revision Date: 2015-01-29 B12628441

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of



its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	LF-64025P Corlar 2.1 ST Black
Product code	LF-64025P
Intended use of the substance Coating for professional use	e/preparation
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

# 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### **HSNO Classification**

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### GHS-Labelling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapour. Causes mild skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.



Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

May produce an allergic reaction.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
1332-58-7	Kaolin	20 - 30%	
64754-99-0	fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, reaction products with polyethylenepolyamines	10 - 20%	$\checkmark$
7727-43-7	barium sulphate, natural	10 - 20%	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
14807-96-6	Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)	3 - 5%	
108-67-8	mesitylene	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
90-72-2	2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
110-43-0	heptan-2-one	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$
1330-20-7	xylene	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$
1333-86-4	carbon black	0.1 - 0.3%	
98-82-8	cumene	0.1 - 0.3%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 20 - 30%

# 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.



#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

# 5. Firefighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

#### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

#### Specific hazards

The product is not flammable. Avoid heating above flash point. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

#### Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

#### **Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

# 7. Handling and storage

#### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.



#### Storage

### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

#### National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name Kaolin	TWA	2 mg/m3
barium sulphate, natural	TWA	10 mg/m3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m3
Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)	TWA	2 mg/m3
mesitylene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m3
	TWA	123 mg/m3
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m3
	TWA	713 mg/m3
heptan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	233 mg/m3
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m3
carbon black	TWA	3 mg/m3
cumene	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	375 mg/m3
	TWA	125 mg/m3



#### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	30 min
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Form : liquid Cole

Colour: black Odour: Characteristic Paint Odor

or Odor Threshold : no data available

рН	not applicable
Freezing point	Not applicable.
Boiling point	149 °C
Flash point	50 ° C
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether
Flammability	
Upper explosion limit	6.2 %
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %
Vapour pressure	1.1 hPa
	1

I



Solubility(ies) Vapour density Density Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Viscosity (23 °C)

moderateno data available $1.39 g/cm^3$ no data available $415 \,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ DINNot applicable.

DIN 53217/ISO 2811 DIN 51794 ISO 2431-1993

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

### Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

# 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

#### Acute oral toxicity not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity Not classified according to GHS criteria

# Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 1.5 %



#### Skin corrosion/irritation

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
mesitylene	Category 3
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Category 1C
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
heptan-2-one	Category 2
xylene	Category 2

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, reaction products with polyethylenepolyamines	Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2A
mesitylene	Category 2A
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Category 1
heptan-2-one	Category 2B
xylene	Category 2A

#### **Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

No data available.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### **Toxicity for reproduction**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )

No information available.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

# 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.



#### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

#### Acute aquatic toxicity

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
heptan-2-one	Category 3
xylene	Category 3
cumene	Category 2

#### Chronic aquatic toxicity

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
cumene	Category 2

% of unknown composition 14.3%

**Persistence and degradability** No information available.

#### Bioaccumulation

No information available.

#### Mobility in soil

No information available.

### Other adverse effects

No information available.

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

#### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information

NZS5433 Proper shipping name:	PAINT
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Packing group:	III
Hazchem Code:	3Y
IMDG (Sea transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.



Packing group:	III
Marine Pollutant:	no
EmS:	F-E,S-E
ICAO/IATA (Air transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	III

#### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

# 15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information				
HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662			
HSNO Classification				
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B			
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A			
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B			
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C			
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C			
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C			

# 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version Changes 1.0 Revision Date: 2015-01-29 B12750011

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	T-8054 Thinner for "Corlar" Epoxy		
Product code	T-8054		
Intended use of the substance Solvent for professional use	preparation		
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia		
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248		
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial		
Street/Box	A Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ		
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738		
Date of preparation	2015-01-29		

# 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### **HSNO Classification**

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", ""cannot classified"" and ""not applicable"" are not shown

### **GHS-Labelling**

Hazard symbols

Hazard statements

Signal word



Danger

Flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if swallowed. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Collect spillage.

© 2014 Axalta Coating Systems, LLC and all affiliates. All rights reserved. Copies may be made only for those using Axalta Coating Systems products.

T-8054 v1.0 Revision Date: 2015-01-29 Print Date: 2015-01-29 en/NZ Page 1 - 9



IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification None known.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	40 - 50%	$\checkmark$
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	20 - 30%	$\checkmark$
108-67-8	mesitylene	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
71-36-3	n-butanol	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
103-65-1	n-propylbenzene	3 - 5%	$\checkmark$
98-82-8	cumene	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
1330-20-7	xylene	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 0.0 - 0.1%

# 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.



#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

# 5. Firefighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

#### Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

#### **Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

# 6. Accidental release measures

#### **Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

#### Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

#### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

# 7. Handling and storage

#### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

#### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection



#### National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
,_,	TWA	123 mg/m3
mesitylene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m3
	TWA	123 mg/m3
n-butanol	CEIL	150 mg/m3
	CEIL	50 ppm
cumene	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	375 mg/m3
	TWA	125 mg/m3
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m3

#### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Glove material Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	Glove thickness 0.7 mm	Break through time 30 min
n-butanol	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product

### SAFETY DATA SHEET



compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: clear Odour: Characteristic Solvent Odor Odor Threshold : no data available

рН	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	117°C	
Flash point	31 °C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	11.2 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	5.5 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.87 $g/cm^3$	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	340 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993
	•	

L

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability Stable

#### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

#### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

# 11. Toxicological information



#### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

#### Acute oral toxicity

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 5
n-butanol	Category 4
cumene	Category 5
xylene	Category 5

#### Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

### Acute inhalation toxicity

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 4
n-butanol	Category 5
xylene	Category 4

% of unknown composition 0 %

### Skin corrosion/irritation

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene) 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3 Category 2
mesitylene	Category 3
n-butanol	Category 2
n-propylbenzene	Category 3
xylene	Category 2

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2A
mesitylene	Category 2A
n-butanol	Category 1
xylene	Category 2A

### **Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Skin sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria



### Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Toxicity for reproduction

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )

No information available.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

# 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

#### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

### Acute aquatic toxicity

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene) 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene mesitylene n-propylbenzene cumene xylene	Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 3
xylene	Category 3

#### Chronic aquatic toxicity

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
n-propylbenzene	Category 2
cumene	Category 2

% of unknown composition 0%

#### Persistence and degradability

No information available.

### Bioaccumulation

No information available.

#### Mobility in soil

No information available.



#### Other adverse effects

No information available.

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

# 14. Transport information

NZS5433 Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Packing group:	III
Hazchem Code:	3Y
IMDG (Sea transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	III
Marine Pollutant:	yes [solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)]
EmS:	F-E,S-E
ICAO/IATA (Air transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	III

#### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

# 15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information			
HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662		
HSNO Classification			
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1E		
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E		
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A		
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A		
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C		
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B		
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B		



## 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date: B10904552	2015-01-29

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	VF-200C Corlar 2.1ST Epoxy Activator
Product code	VF-200C
Intended use of the substance Hardener for professional use	preparation
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial
Street/Box	A Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-05-01

## 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

## **HSNO Classification**

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 8.2B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Respiratory sensitisation	Category 6.5A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", ""cannot classified"" and ""not applicable"" are not shown

## **GHS-Labelling**

Hazard symbols

Signal word

Hazard statements



Danger

Flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if swallowed. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful to aquatic life.

Precautionary statements

Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe dust or mist.



In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification None known.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Pure substance/mixture Mixture

### Hazardous components

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
71-36-3	n-butanol	20 - 30%	$\checkmark$
110-12-3	5-methylhexan-2-one	10 - 20%	$\checkmark$
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	$\checkmark$
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	$\checkmark$
107-15-3	ethylenediamine	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 30 - 40%

## 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

## Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

## Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

© 2015 Axalta Coating Systems, LLC and all affiliates. All rights reserved. Copies may be made only for those using Axalta Coating Systems products.

## SAFETY DATA SHEET



#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

### Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

#### Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

#### **Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

#### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

## 7. Handling and storage

#### Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

#### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.



### Storage

### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

#### National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
n-butanol	CEIL	150 mg/m3
	CEIL	50 ppm
5-methylhexan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	234 mg/m3
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m3
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m3
	TWA	434 mg/m3
ethylenediamine	TWA	10 ppm
	TWA	25 mg/m3

#### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.



Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butanol	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

## Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: orange Odor Threshold : no data available

рН	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	65 ° C	
Flash point	<b>25</b> °C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	11.2 %	
Lower explosion limit	1 %	
Vapour pressure	4.0 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.9 $g/cm^{3}$	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	<b>340</b> °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	<20 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

## 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability Stable

Hazardous polymerisation Will not occur.

#### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).



### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

## 11. Toxicological information

## Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

### Acute oral toxicity

n-butanol	Category 4
5-methylhexan-2-one	Category 5
xylene	Category 5
ethylbenzene	Category 5
ethylenediamine	Category 4

## Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

### Acute inhalation toxicity

n-butanol	Category 5
5-methylhexan-2-one	Category 4
xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
ethylenediamine	Category 4

% of unknown composition 0 %

### Skin corrosion/irritation

n-butanol	Category 2
5-methylhexan-2-one	Category 3
xylene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
ethylenediamine	Category 1B

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

n-butanol	Category 1
5-methylhexan-2-one	Category 2A
xylene	Category 2A

© 2015 Axalta Coating Systems, LLC and all affiliates. All rights reserved. Copies may be made only for those using Axalta Coating Systems products.



	ethylbenzene ethylenediamine	Category 2B Category 1	
Respiratory sensitisation			
	ethylenediamine	Category 1	
Skin sensitisation			
	ethylenediamine	Category 1	
Germ cell mutagenicity Not classified according to GHS criteria			
Carcinogenicity Not classified according to GHS criteria			
Toxicity for reproduction Not classified according to GHS criteria			
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure Not classified according to GHS criteria			
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure Not classified according to GHS criteria			
Aspiration toxicity Not classified according to GHS criteria			
Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )			

No information available.

## Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

## 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

#### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

### Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene Category 3 ethylbenzene Category 2

% of unknown composition 0%

### Persistence and degradability

No information available.



Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil No information available.

## Other adverse effects

No information available.

## **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste disposal methods Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

## **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information

NZS5433 Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Packing group:	III
Hazchem Code:	3Y
IMDG (Sea transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	III
Marine Pollutant:	no
EmS:	F-E,S-E
ICAO/IATA (Air transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	III

## Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

## 15. Regulatory information



## National regulatory information

·····	
HSNO Approval Code	HSR002663
HSNO Classification	
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 8.2B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Respiratory sensitisation	Category 6.5A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

## 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version	Changes
1.0	
Devision Dates	

Revision Date: 2015-05-01 B13105335

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	VF-525 Corlar Activator	
Product code	VF-525	
Intended use of the substance/preparation Hardener for professional use		
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia	
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248	
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial	
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ	
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738	
Date of preparation	2015-01-29	

## 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

## **HSNO Classification**

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", ""cannot classified"" and ""not applicable"" are not shown

## **GHS-Labelling**

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed.

© 2014 Axalta Coating Systems, LLC and all affiliates. All rights reserved. Copies may be made only for those using Axalta Coating Systems products.



Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains epoxy constituents. See information supplied by the manufacturer.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
25068-38-6	epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	30 - 40%	$\checkmark$
14807-96-6	Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)	20 - 30%	
141-78-6	ethyl acetate	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
108-88-3	toluene	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
71-36-3	n-butanol	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
546-93-0	magnesium carbonate	0.1 - 0.3%	

Non-regulated ingredients 10 - 20%

## 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

## Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.



#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

## Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

#### Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

#### **Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

## 7. Handling and storage

#### Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

#### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

#### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.



### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

## National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)	TWA	2 mg/m3
ethyl acetate	TWA	200 ppm
	TWA	720 mg/m3
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m3
n-butanol	CEIL	150 mg/m3
	CEIL	50 ppm
magnesium carbonate	TWA	10 mg/m3

#### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

## **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

## Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name ethyl acetate	Glove material Nitrile rubber	Glove thickness 0.33 mm	Break through time 10 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min
n-butanol	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as



these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: brown Odour: Characteristic Paint Odor Odor Threshold : no data available

not applicable	
Not applicable.	
77 ° C	
10°C	
Slower than Ether	
11 %	
1.1 %	
9.3 hPa	
partly miscible	
no data available	
1.29 <i>g/cm</i> <sup>3</sup>	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
no data available	
301 °C	DIN 51794
Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993
	lot applicable. $7 \circ C$ $0 \circ C$ Slower than Ether 1 % .1 % .3 hPa artly miscible to data available $.29 g/cm^3$ to data available $.01 \circ C$

## 10. Stability and reactivity

### Stability Stable

Stable

## Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

### Hazardous decomposition products

The product contains ingredients which, under certain conditions, also may release formaldehyde. If necessary, the precise concentration has to be be determined. When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

## **11. Toxicological information**

Information on likely routes of exposure

## SAFETY DATA SHEET



#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

### Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

## Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

## Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

## Skin corrosion/irritation

epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	Category 2
ethyl acetate	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
n-butanol	Category 2

## Serious eye damage/eye irritation

epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	Category 2A
ethyl acetate	Category 2A
toluene	Category 2B
n-butanol	Category 1

### **Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Skin sensitisation

epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700) Category 1

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Carcinogenicity** Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction** 

toluene Category 2



#### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure Not classified according to GHS criteria

## Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Skin Absorption

Body weight effects ethyl acetate

## Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

## Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )

No information available.

## Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. Based on the properties of the epoxy constituent(s) and considering toxicological data on similar preparations, this preparation may be a skin sensitiser and an irritant. Low molecular epoxy constituents are irritating to eyes, mucous membranes and skin. Repeated skin contact may lead to irritation and to sensitization, possibly with cross-sensitization to other epoxies. Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.

## 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

## Chronic aquatic toxicity

epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700) Category 2

% of unknown composition 0%

### **Persistence and degradability** No information available.

**Bioaccumulation** No information available.

**Mobility in soil** No information available.

## Other adverse effects

No information available.

## **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.



### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information

NZS5433 Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Packing group:	II
Hazchem Code:	3YE
IMDG (Sea transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II
Marine Pollutant:	yes [epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)]
EmS:	F-E,S-E
ICAO/IATA (Air transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II

## Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

## 15. Regulatory information

## National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

## 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version Changes 1.0

Revision Date: 2015-01-29 B12628274



The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	Y-32035 Imron Reductor
Product code	Y32035
Intended use of the substance Thinner for professionnal use	e/preparation
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-05-01

## 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

## **HSNO Classification**

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

## **GHS-Labelling**

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if swallowed. Causes mild skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation.
Precautionary statements	Wear eye protection/ face protection. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.



Other hazards which do not result in classification None known.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture Mixture

### Hazardous components

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
78-93-3	butanone	90 - 100%	$\checkmark$
141-78-6	ethyl acetate	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 0.0 - 0.1%

## 4. First aid measures

### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

## Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures



### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

#### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

#### Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

### **Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

#### **Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

#### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

## 7. Handling and storage

## Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

#### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
butanone	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	300 ppm
	STEL	890 mg/m3
	TWA	445 mg/m3
ethyl acetate	TWA	200 ppm

© 2015 Axalta Coating Systems, LLC and all affiliates. All rights reserved. Copies may be made only for those using Axalta Coating Systems products.



Chemical Name

TWA 720 mg/m3

### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
butanone	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min
ethyl acetate	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	10 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

Form : liquid

Colour: clear

Odour: Characteristic Solvent Odor Odor Threshold : no data available

рН	No data available.
Freezing point	Not applicable.
Boiling point	78 ° C
Flash point	-15°C
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether
Flammability	

L

© 2015 Axalta Coating Systems, LLC and all affiliates. All rights reserved. Copies may be made only for those using Axalta Coating Systems products.

## SAFETY DATA SHEET



Upper explosion limit 11 % Lower explosion limit 1 % Vapour pressure 100.9 hPa Solubility(ies) appreciable Vapour density no data available Density  $0.8 \ g/cm^3$ Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water no data available Ignition temperature  $404 \,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ Decomposition temperature Viscosity (23 °C) Not applicable.

DIN 53217/ISO 2811 DIN 51794 ISO 2431-1993

## 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

## Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

### Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

## 11. Toxicological information

## Information on likely routes of exposure

## Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

## Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

butanone Category 5

## Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

# Acute inhalation toxicity not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %



Skin corrosion/irritation

	butanone ethyl acetate	Category 3 Category 3	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation			
	butanone ethyl acetate	Category 2A Category 2A	
<b>Respiratory sensitisation</b> Not classified according to GHS criteria			
Skin sensitisation not hazardous			

Germ cell mutagenicity not hazardous

**Carcinogenicity** Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction** Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure not hazardous

Aspiration toxicity Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. ) No information available.

## Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

## 12. Ecological information

Product does not contain any environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS

### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

## Acute aquatic toxicity Chronic aquatic toxicity

% of unknown composition 0%

## Persistence and degradability

No information available.

© 2015 Axalta Coating Systems, LLC and all affiliates. All rights reserved. Copies may be made only for those using Axalta Coating Systems products.



Bioaccumulation

No information available.

**Mobility in soil** No information available.

## Other adverse effects

No information available.

## **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste disposal methods Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information

NZS5433 Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Packing group:	II
Hazchem Code:	3YE
IMDG (Sea transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II
Marine Pollutant:	no
EmS:	F-E,S-E
ICAO/IATA (Air transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II

### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

## 15. Regulatory information

## National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code HSNO Control A HSNO Classification	HSR002662 This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B

© 2015 Axalta Coating Systems, LLC and all affiliates. All rights reserved. Copies may be made only for those using Axalta Coating Systems products.

Y32035 v1.0 Revision Date: 2015-05-01 Print Date: 2015-05-01 en/NZ Page 7 - 8



## 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date:	2015-05-01

B12628551

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet