

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Matting Agent
Product code	2299011
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate; methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
1330-20-7	xylene	20 - 30%	✓	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	10 - 20%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5 - 10%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	5 - 10%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	5 - 10%	✓	
108-67-8	mesitylene	1 - 3%	✓	
41556-26-7	bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
98-82-8	cumene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
82919-37-7	methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	STEL	217 mg/m ³
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m ³
	TWA	713 mg/m ³
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	123 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
	TWA	434 mg/m ³
mesitylene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
cumene	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	375 mg/m ³
	TWA	125 mg/m ³
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: clear Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable
Freezing point	Not applicable.
Boiling point	135 °C
Flash point	25 °C
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether
Flammability	
Upper explosion limit	7 %
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %
Vapour pressure	5.1 hPa

Solubility(ies)	nil	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.97 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	415 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

xylene	Category 2
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 3
mesitylene	Category 3
toluene	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbition, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1
toluene	Category 2

Chronic aquatic toxicity

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

% of unknown composition 0%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: III

Hazchem Code: 3Y

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
Hazard Class: 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
Packing group: III
Marine Pollutant: no
EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
Hazard Class: 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
Packing group: III

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code HSR002662
HSNO Classification
Acute inhalation toxicity Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction Category 6.8B
Flammable liquids Category 3.1C
Acute aquatic toxicity Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2014-12-05
B12724175

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Enamel Trailer Silver
Product code	3038135
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute dermal toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates	Category 9.4C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful in contact with skin. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life.</p>

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Avoid release to the environment.
 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
1330-20-7	xylene	30 - 40%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	5 - 10%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	5 - 10%	✓	
7429-90-5	aluminium powder (stabilized)	3 - 5%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	3 - 5%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	1 - 3%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	1 - 3%	✓	
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	1 - 3%	✓	
108-67-8	mesitylene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 30 - 40%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet Water spray

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
ethylbenzene	TWA	217 mg/m ³
	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
toluene	STEL	543 mg/m ³
	TWA	434 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
aluminium powder (stabilized)	TWA	188 mg/m ³
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	5 mg/m ³
mesitylene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
	TWA	25 ppm
iso-butanol	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
n-hexane	TWA	123 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
n-hexane	TWA	152 mg/m ³
n-hexane	TWA	20 ppm
	TWA	72 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Form : liquid Colour: silver Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable
Freezing point	Not applicable.
Boiling point	108 °C
Flash point	7 °C
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether
Flammability	

Upper explosion limit	7.6 %	
Lower explosion limit	1 %	
Vapour pressure	8.4 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.96 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	231 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

xylene	Category 4
iso-butanol	Category 5
2-butanone oxime	Category 4

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene Category 4
2-butanone oxime Category 4

% of unknown composition 20.1 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

xylene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 3
iso-butanol	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

2-butanone oxime Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- Skin Absorption

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Central nervous system 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2

Chronic aquatic toxicity

aluminium powder (stabilized)	Category 4
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2

Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates

xylene	Category 9.4C
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% of unknown composition 20.1%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Packing group: II
 Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II
 Marine Pollutant: no
 EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute dermal toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates	Category 9.4C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	



Version	Changes
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Revision Date:	2014-12-05
	B12845832

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Enamel Primer Red Oxide
Product code	3073160
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling



Hazard symbols

Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Causes skin irritation.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Suspected of causing cancer.
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Harmful to aquatic life.
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Avoid release to the environment.
Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Hazardous
1317-65-3	Limestone (calcium carbonate)	20 - 30%		
14807-96-6	Talc (Mg ₃ H ₂ (SiO ₃) ₄)	10 - 20%		
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	5 - 10%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	5 - 10%	✓	
1309-37-1	Iron oxide	3 - 5%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	1 - 3%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	1 - 3%	✓	
64742-82-1	naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0,1% benzene)	1 - 3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	1 - 3%	✓	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
14808-60-7	Quartz (SiO ₂)	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
7727-43-7	barium sulphate, natural	0.1 - 0.3%		
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	0.1 - 0.3%		
7779-90-0	trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 20 - 30%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
Limestone (calcium carbonate)	TWA	10 mg/m ³
Talc (Mg ₃ H ₂ (SiO ₃) ₄)	TWA	2 mg/m ³
n-hexane	TWA	20 ppm
	TWA	72 mg/m ³
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
Iron oxide	TWA	5 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
	TWA	434 mg/m ³
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³
Quartz (SiO ₂)	TWA	0.2 mg/m ³
barium sulphate, natural	TWA	10 mg/m ³
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m ³
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	TWA	10 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0,1% benzene)	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: red Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable
Freezing point	Not applicable.
Boiling point	66 °C
Flash point	-17 °C
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether
Flammability	
Upper explosion limit	Not applicable. %

Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	16.5 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	nil	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.21 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	201 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	<20 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 16 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
Iron oxide	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

2-butanone oxime Category 2
Quartz (SiO₂) Category 1A

Toxicity for reproduction

n-hexane Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. Category 2
toluene Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

n-hexane	Category 2
xylene	Category 3
Iron oxide	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
Titanium dioxide	Category 3
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Category 1

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Category 1

% of unknown composition 16%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II
 Marine Pollutant: no
 EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2014-12-05
B13034887

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Industrial Etch Primer RFU
Product code	3074203
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute dermal toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if swallowed. May be harmful in contact with skin. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</p>

Precautionary statements	<p>Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.</p>
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Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains epoxy constituents. See information supplied by the manufacturer.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	20 - 30%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	10 - 20%	✓	
71-23-8	propan-1-ol	10 - 20%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
112-07-2	2-butoxyethyl acetate	5 - 10%	✓	
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	5 - 10%		
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
14807-96-6	Talc (Mg ₃ H ₂ (SiO ₃) ₄)	3 - 5%		
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	3 - 5%	✓	
25068-38-6	epoxy resin (number average molecular weight ≤ 700)	1 - 3%	✓	
107-98-2	1-methoxy-2-propanol	1 - 3%	✓	
21645-51-2	aluminium hydroxide	0.3 - 1.0%		
7631-86-9	amorphous Silica	0.3 - 1.0%		
51274-00-1	Light yellow lemon yellow oxide pigment	0.3 - 1.0%		
71-36-3	n-butanol	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
7664-38-2	phosphoric acid	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 5 - 10%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m ³
iso-butanol	TWA	713 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
propan-1-ol	TWA	152 mg/m ³
	TWA	200 ppm
	STEL	250 ppm
	STEL	614 mg/m ³
xylene	TWA	492 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
Titanium dioxide	TWA	217 mg/m ³
	TWA	10 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm

Chemical Name		
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
	TWA	434 mg/m ³
Talc (Mg ₃ H ₂ (SiO ₃) ₄)	TWA	2 mg/m ³
1-methoxy-2-propanol	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	150 ppm
	STEL	553 mg/m ³
	TWA	369 mg/m ³
aluminium hydroxide	TWA	2 mg/m ³
amorphous Silica	TWA	10 mg/m ³
Light yellow lemon yellow oxide pigment	TWA	1 mg/m ³
n-butanol	CEIL	150 mg/m ³
	CEIL	50 ppm
phosphoric acid	TWA	1 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
propan-1-ol	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	481 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
n-butanol	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product

compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: beige Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	No data available.	
Freezing point	-127 – -65 °C	
Boiling point	97 °C	
Flash point	15 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	13.7 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.5 %	
Vapour pressure	8.7 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	appreciable	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.99 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	270 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	<20 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure
Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:
Acute oral toxicity

iso-butanol	Category 5
propan-1-ol	Category 4
xylene	Category 5
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 5
Talc (Mg ₃ H ₂ (SiO ₃) ₄)	Category 4
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 5
n-butanol	Category 4
phosphoric acid	Category 4

Acute dermal toxicity

iso-butanol	Category 5
propan-1-ol	Category 5
xylene	Category 4
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Category 4
n-butanol	Category 5
phosphoric acid	Category 5

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
n-butanol	Category 5

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
iso-butanol	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	Category 2
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3
n-butanol	Category 2
phosphoric acid	Category 1A

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

iso-butanol	Category 1
propan-1-ol	Category 1

xylene	Category 2A
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 2A
epoxy resin (number average molecular weight \leq 700)	Category 2A
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 2B
n-butanol	Category 1
phosphoric acid	Category 1

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

epoxy resin (number average molecular weight \leq 700) Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. Based on the properties of the epoxy constituent(s) and considering toxicological data on similar preparations, this preparation may be a skin sensitiser and an irritant. Low molecular epoxy constituents are irritating to eyes, mucous membranes and skin. Repeated skin contact may lead to irritation and to sensitization, possibly with cross-sensitization to other epoxies. Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
xylene	Category 3
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Category 3
Titanium dioxide	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2
epoxy resin (number average molecular weight \leq 700)	Category 1
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1
phosphoric acid	Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity

epoxy resin (number average molecular weight \leq 700)	Category 2
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1

% of unknown composition 0%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute dermal toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	3, 8

Revision Date: 2015-01-29
B12774875

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Enamel Primer Light Grey
Product code	3078131
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</p>
Precautionary statements	<p>Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed.</p>

Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 Collect spillage.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
1317-65-3	Limestone (calcium carbonate)	20 - 30%		
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	5 - 10%	✓	
64742-82-1	naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0,1% benzene)	5 - 10%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	5 - 10%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	3 - 5%	✓	
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	3 - 5%		
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	1 - 3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	1 - 3%	✓	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
108-67-8	mesitylene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
21645-51-2	aluminium hydroxide	0.1 - 0.3%		
7631-86-9	amorphous Silica	0.1 - 0.3%		
1333-86-4	carbon black	0.1 - 0.3%		
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 20 - 30%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
Limestone (calcium carbonate)	TWA	10 mg/m ³
n-hexane	TWA	20 ppm
	TWA	72 mg/m ³
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
	TWA	434 mg/m ³
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
mesitylene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
	TWA	123 mg/m ³

 Chemical Name

aluminium hydroxide	TWA	2 mg/m ³
amorphous Silica	TWA	10 mg/m ³
carbon black	TWA	3 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0,1% benzene)	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril[®] glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: grey Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	-17 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	7 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.7 %	
Vapour pressure	22.1 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.06 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	201 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	<20 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 18 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

2-butanone oxime Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

n-hexane	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.**Central nervous system** 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1

% of unknown composition 18%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433	
Proper shipping name:	PAINT
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3

Packing group: II
 Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II
 Marine Pollutant: yes [naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)]
 EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2014-12-05
 B12817892

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA QD Enamel Clearcoat
Product code	3131402
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life.</p>

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Avoid release to the environment.
 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	5 - 10%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	5 - 10%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	3 - 5%	✓	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	1 - 3%	✓	
71-36-3	n-butanol	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
n-hexane	TWA	217 mg/m ³
	TWA	20 ppm
	TWA	72 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
toluene	TWA	434 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
n-butanol	TWA	188 mg/m ³
	CEIL	150 mg/m ³
iso-butanol	CEIL	50 ppm
	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
n-butanol	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatrill® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Form : liquid Colour: clear Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	-6 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	Not applicable. %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	19.7 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.9 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	231 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

Does not sustain combustion.

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5
2-butanone oxime	Category 4
n-butanol	Category 5

% of unknown composition 40.5 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
n-butanol	Category 2
iso-butanol	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

xylene	Category 2A
n-hexane	Category 2B
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
toluene	Category 2B
2-butanone oxime	Category 1
n-butanol	Category 1
iso-butanol	Category 1

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime	Category 1
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Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

2-butanone oxime	Category 2
------------------	------------

Toxicity for reproduction

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged

contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2

% of unknown composition 40.5%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
Hazard Class: 3
Packing group: II
Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II
 Marine Pollutant: no
 EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2014-12-05
 B13023464

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA White QD Enamel
Product code	3132130
Intended use of the substance/preparation	
Coating for professional use	
Supplier	
Street address	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	
Street/Box	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life.</p>

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Avoid release to the environment.
 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 IF eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
 IF skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	20 - 30%		
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	5 - 10%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	3 - 5%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	3 - 5%	✓	
71-36-3	n-butanol	1 - 3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	1 - 3%	✓	
21645-51-2	aluminium hydroxide	0.3 - 1.0%		
7631-86-9	amorphous Silica	0.3 - 1.0%		
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 30 - 40%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m ³
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
	TWA	434 mg/m ³
n-hexane	TWA	20 ppm
	TWA	72 mg/m ³
n-butanol	CEIL	150 mg/m ³
	CEIL	50 ppm
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³
aluminium hydroxide	TWA	2 mg/m ³
amorphous Silica	TWA	10 mg/m ³
iso-butanol	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
n-butanol	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Form : liquid Colour: white Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable
Freezing point	Not applicable.
Boiling point	66 °C
Flash point	-6 °C
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether
Flammability	
Upper explosion limit	Not applicable. %
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %

Vapour pressure	13.2 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.12 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	231 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	<20 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
n-butanol	Category 5
toluene	Category 5
2-butanone oxime	Category 4

% of unknown composition 27.9 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

xylene	Category 2
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
n-butanol	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
iso-butanol	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

xylene	Category 2A
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
n-hexane	Category 2B
n-butanol	Category 1
toluene	Category 2B
2-butanone oxime	Category 1
iso-butanol	Category 1

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime	Category 1
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Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

2-butanone oxime	Category 2
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Toxicity for reproduction

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- Skin Absorption

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

Titanium dioxide	Category 3
xylene	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1

% of unknown composition 27.9%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Packing group: II
 Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II
 Marine Pollutant: no
 EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2014-12-05
 B12724861

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.



End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Signal Red QD Enamel
Product code	3133158
Intended use of the substance/preparation	
Coating for professional use	
Supplier	
Street address	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	
Street/Box	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life.</p>

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Avoid release to the environment.
 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz-ardous
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	5 - 10%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	5 - 10%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
8007-18-9	Nickel, antimony, titanium yellow pigment	3 - 5%		
108-88-3	toluene	3 - 5%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	1 - 3%	✓	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
71-36-3	n-butanol	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
51274-00-1	Light yellow lemon yellow oxide pigment	0.1 - 0.3%		

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
n-hexane	TWA	217 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	20 ppm
Nickel, antimony, titanium yellow pigment	TWA	72 mg/m ³
	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
toluene	STEL	543 mg/m ³
iso-butanol	TWA	434 mg/m ³
n-butanol	TWA	0.1 mg/m ³
Light yellow lemon yellow oxide pigment	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m ³
	CEIL	150 mg/m ³
	CEIL	50 ppm
	TWA	1 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
n-butanol	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: red Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable
Freezing point	Not applicable.
Boiling point	66 °C
Flash point	7 °C
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether
Flammability	
Upper explosion limit	Not applicable. %
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %

Vapour pressure	17.7 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.95 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	231 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	> 100 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5
2-butanone oxime	Category 4
n-butanol	Category 5

% of unknown composition 31.8 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
iso-butanol	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
n-butanol	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

xylene	Category 2A
n-hexane	Category 2B
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
toluene	Category 2B
iso-butanol	Category 1
2-butanone oxime	Category 1
n-butanol	Category 1

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime	Category 1
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Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

2-butanone oxime	Category 2
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Toxicity for reproduction

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- Skin Absorption

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2

% of unknown composition 31.8%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Packing group: II
 Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II
 Marine Pollutant: no
 EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	3, 8, 9

Revision Date: 2015-01-29
 B12914791

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Safety Yellow QD Enamel
Product code	3134204
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life.</p>

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Avoid release to the environment.
 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Hazardous
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	5 - 10%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	5 - 10%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
8007-18-9	Nickel, antimony, titanium yellow pigment	3 - 5%		
108-88-3	toluene	3 - 5%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	1 - 3%	✓	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
71-36-3	n-butanol	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	0.3 - 1.0%		
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
112-02-7	1-Hexadecanaminium, N,N,N-trimethyl-, chloride (1:1)	0.0 - 0.1%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
n-hexane	TWA	20 ppm
	TWA	72 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
	TWA	434 mg/m ³
Nickel, antimony, titanium yellow pigment	TWA	0.1 mg/m ³
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³
iso-butanol	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m ³
n-butanol	CEIL	150 mg/m ³
	CEIL	50 ppm
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m ³
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm

 Chemical Name

STEL 950 mg/m3

TWA 713 mg/m3

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
n-butanol	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatrill® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: yellow Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	7 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	Not applicable. %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	17.2 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.95 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	231 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5
2-butanone oxime	Category 4
n-butanol	Category 5
1-Hexadecanaminium, N,N,N-trimethyl-, chloride (1:1)	Category 5

% of unknown composition 32.7 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
iso-butanol	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
n-butanol	Category 2
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
1-Hexadecanaminium, N,N,N-trimethyl-, chloride (1:1)	Category 1C

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

xylene	Category 2A
n-hexane	Category 2B
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
toluene	Category 2B
iso-butanol	Category 1
2-butanone oxime	Category 1
n-butanol	Category 1
1-Hexadecanaminium, N,N,N-trimethyl-, chloride (1:1)	Category 1

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

2-butanone oxime Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE), etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
Titanium dioxide	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
1-Hexadecanaminium, N,N,N-trimethyl-, chloride (1:1)	Category 1

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
1-Hexadecanaminium, N,N,N-trimethyl-, chloride (1:1)	Category 1

% of unknown composition 32.7%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Packing group: II
 Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II
 Marine Pollutant: no
 EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2014-12-05
B12873003

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Wanless Bin Yellow QD Enamel
Product code	3134209
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life.</p>

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Avoid release to the environment.
 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Hazardous
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	5 - 10%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	5 - 10%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
8007-18-9	Nickel, antimony, titanium yellow pigment	3 - 5%		
108-88-3	toluene	3 - 5%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	1 - 3%	✓	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
71-36-3	n-butanol	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
n-hexane	TWA	217 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	20 ppm
	TWA	72 mg/m ³
Nickel, antimony, titanium yellow pigment	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
toluene	STEL	543 mg/m ³
	TWA	434 mg/m ³
iso-butanol	TWA	0.1 mg/m ³
n-butanol	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m ³
	CEIL	150 mg/m ³
	CEIL	50 ppm

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
n-butanol	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: yellow Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	7 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	Not applicable. %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	16.0 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.96 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	231 °C	DIN 51794

Decomposition temperature | >100 s | ISO 2431-1993 6 mm
Viscosity (23 °C)

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5
2-butanone oxime	Category 4
n-butanol	Category 5

% of unknown composition 34.2 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene) Category 2

xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
iso-butanol	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
n-butanol	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

xylene	Category 2A
n-hexane	Category 2B
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
toluene	Category 2B
iso-butanol	Category 1
2-butanone oxime	Category 1
n-butanol	Category 1

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime	Category 1
------------------	------------

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

2-butanone oxime	Category 2
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Toxicity for reproduction

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- Skin Absorption

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE), etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2

% of unknown composition 34.2%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II
 Marine Pollutant: no
 EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2014-12-05
 B12952789

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Bradken Orange Met. QD Enamel
Product code	3134210
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</p>

Precautionary statements Avoid release to the environment.
 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	5 - 10%	✓	
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	5 - 10%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	3 - 5%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	3 - 5%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	3 - 5%	✓	
8032-32-4	low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	3 - 5%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	1 - 3%	✓	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	1 - 3%	✓	
7429-90-5	aluminium powder (stabilized)	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
142-82-5	heptane (mixture of isomers)	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
71-36-3	n-butanol	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
8052-41-3	stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
112-02-7	1-Hexadecanaminium, N,N,N-trimethyl-, chloride (1:1)	0.0 - 0.1%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet Water spray

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage**Handling**

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
n-butyl acetate	TWA	217 mg/m ³
	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m ³
n-hexane	TWA	713 mg/m ³
	TWA	20 ppm
toluene	TWA	72 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
ethylbenzene	TWA	188 mg/m ³
	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
aluminium powder (stabilized)	TWA	434 mg/m ³
	TWA	5 mg/m ³

Chemical Name		
heptane (mixture of isomers)	TWA	400 ppm
	STEL	500 ppm
	STEL	2,050 mg/m ³
	TWA	1,640 mg/m ³
n-butanol	CEIL	150 mg/m ³
	CEIL	50 ppm
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
iso-butanol	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m ³
stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	TWA	100 ppm
	TWA	525 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
n-butanol	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance

group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: orange Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	7 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	15.3 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.94 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	231 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 27.6 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

xylene	Category 2
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 2
n-butanol	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
iso-butanol	Category 2
stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
1-Hexadecanaminium, N,N,N-trimethyl-, chloride (1:1)	Category 1C

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

xylene	Category 2A
n-hexane	Category 2B
toluene	Category 2B
low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2A
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
2-butanone oxime	Category 1
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 2A
n-butanol	Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2A
iso-butanol	Category 1
1-Hexadecanaminium, N,N,N-trimethyl-, chloride (1:1)	Category 1

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1B
2-butanone oxime	Category 2
stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1B

Toxicity for reproduction

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.**Central nervous system** 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1
1-Hexadecanaminium, N,N,N-trimethyl-, chloride (1:1)	Category 1

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
aluminium powder (stabilized)	Category 4
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1
1-Hexadecanaminium, N,N,N-trimethyl-, chloride (1:1)	Category 1

% of unknown composition 31.7%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
Hazard Class: 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	9, 11

Revision Date: 2015-01-29
B12993120

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Bradken Orange QD Enamel
Product code	3134211
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</p>

Precautionary statements Avoid release to the environment.
 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	5 - 10%	✓	
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	5 - 10%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	3 - 5%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	3 - 5%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	3 - 5%	✓	
8032-32-4	low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	3 - 5%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	1 - 3%	✓	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	1 - 3%	✓	
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	1 - 3%		
71-36-3	n-butanol	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
1317-65-3	Limestone (calcium carbonate)	0.1 - 0.3%		
112-02-7	1-Hexadecanaminium, N,N,N-trimethyl-, chloride (1:1)	0.0 - 0.1%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
n-butyl acetate	TWA	217 mg/m ³
	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m ³
n-hexane	TWA	713 mg/m ³
	TWA	20 ppm
toluene	TWA	72 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
ethylbenzene	TWA	188 mg/m ³
	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
Titanium dioxide	TWA	434 mg/m ³
	TWA	10 mg/m ³
n-butanol	CEIL	150 mg/m ³
	CEIL	50 ppm
iso-butanol	TWA	50 ppm

 Chemical Name

	TWA	152 mg/m3
Limestone (calcium carbonate)	TWA	10 mg/m3

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
n-butanol	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatrill® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: orange Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	7 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	14.8 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.95 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	231 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 27 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

xylene	Category 2
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
n-butanol	Category 2
iso-butanol	Category 2
1-Hexadecanaminium, N,N,N-trimethyl-, chloride (1:1)	Category 1C

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

xylene	Category 2A
n-hexane	Category 2B
toluene	Category 2B
low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2A
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
2-butanone oxime	Category 1
n-butanol	Category 1
iso-butanol	Category 1
1-Hexadecanaminium, N,N,N-trimethyl-, chloride (1:1)	Category 1

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1B
2-butanone oxime	Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE), etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
Titanium dioxide	Category 3
1-Hexadecanaminium, N,N,N-trimethyl-, chloride (1:1)	Category 1

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
1-Hexadecanaminium, N,N,N-trimethyl-, chloride (1:1)	Category 1

% of unknown composition 31%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	9, 11

Revision Date: 2015-01-29
B12993111

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA CAT Yellow QD Enamel RFU Slow
Product code	3134212
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</p>

Precautionary statements Avoid release to the environment.
 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
51274-00-1	Light yellow lemon yellow oxide pigment	10 - 20%		
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	5 - 10%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	3 - 5%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	3 - 5%	✓	
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	1 - 3%		
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
71-36-3	n-butanol	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
108-67-8	mesitylene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 30 - 40%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
Light yellow lemon yellow oxide pigment	TWA	1 mg/m ³
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
n-hexane	TWA	20 ppm
	TWA	72 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
toluene	TWA	434 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
Titanium dioxide	TWA	188 mg/m ³
	TWA	10 mg/m ³
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m ³
	TWA	713 mg/m ³

 Chemical Name

iso-butanol	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m ³
n-butanol	CEIL	150 mg/m ³
	CEIL	50 ppm
mesitylene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
	TWA	123 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
n-butanol	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril[®] glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Form : liquid Colour: yellow Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	7 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	Not applicable. %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	18.3 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	231 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity**Stability**

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information**Information on likely routes of exposure****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:**Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 4
2-butanone oxime	Category 4
n-butanol	Category 5

% of unknown composition 27.1 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
iso-butanol	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
n-butanol	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

2-butanone oxime Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

n-hexane	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.**Central nervous system** 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
Titanium dioxide	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
mesitylene	Category 2

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2

% of unknown composition 27.1%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	3, 8

Revision Date: 2015-01-29
B12783821

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Tox Free Green QD Enamel
Product code	3135127
Intended use of the substance/preparation	
Coating for professional use	
Supplier	
Street address	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	
Street/Box	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life.</p>

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Avoid release to the environment.
 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	5 - 10%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	3 - 5%	✓	
8007-18-9	Nickel, antimony, titanium yellow pigment	3 - 5%		
108-88-3	toluene	3 - 5%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	1 - 3%	✓	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
71-36-3	n-butanol	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	0.3 - 1.0%		
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
n-hexane	TWA	217 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	20 ppm
Nickel, antimony, titanium yellow pigment	TWA	72 mg/m ³
	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
toluene	STEL	543 mg/m ³
iso-butanol	TWA	434 mg/m ³
n-butanol	TWA	0.1 mg/m ³
Titanium dioxide	TWA	50 ppm
n-butyl acetate	TWA	188 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m ³
	CEIL	150 mg/m ³
	CEIL	50 ppm
	TWA	10 mg/m ³
	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m ³

Chemical Name

TWA 713 mg/m3

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
n-butanol	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: green Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	14 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	Not applicable. %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	17.6 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.95 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	231 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5
2-butanone oxime	Category 4
n-butanol	Category 5

% of unknown composition 24.7 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
iso-butanol	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
n-butanol	Category 2
n-butyl acetate	Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

xylene	Category 2A
n-hexane	Category 2B
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
toluene	Category 2B
iso-butanol	Category 1
2-butanone oxime	Category 1
n-butanol	Category 1

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime	Category 1
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Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

2-butanone oxime	Category 2
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Toxicity for reproduction

n-hexane	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
Titanium dioxide	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2

% of unknown composition 24.7%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Packing group: II
 Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II
 Marine Pollutant: no
 EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2014-12-05
B13104215

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Wanless Bin Blue QD Enamel
Product code	3136163
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</p>

Precautionary statements Avoid release to the environment.
 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	5 - 10%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	5 - 10%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	3 - 5%	✓	
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	1 - 3%		
78-83-1	iso-butanol	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
71-36-3	n-butanol	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
n-hexane	TWA	217 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	20 ppm
	TWA	72 mg/m ³
	STEL	125 ppm
toluene	STEL	543 mg/m ³
	TWA	434 mg/m ³
Titanium dioxide	TWA	50 ppm
iso-butanol	TWA	188 mg/m ³
n-butanol	TWA	10 mg/m ³
n-butanol	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m ³
	CEIL	150 mg/m ³
	CEIL	50 ppm

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
n-butanol	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Form : liquid Colour: blue Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	7 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	Not applicable. %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	20.9 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.91 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	231 °C	DIN 51794

Decomposition temperature	>100 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm
Viscosity (23 °C)		

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5
2-butanone oxime	Category 4
n-butanol	Category 5

% of unknown composition 34.7 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene) Category 2

xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
iso-butanol	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
n-butanol	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

2-butanone oxime Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
Titanium dioxide	Category 3
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2

% of unknown composition 34.7%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name:	PAINT
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Packing group:	II
Hazchem Code:	3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name:	PAINT
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II
Marine Pollutant:	no

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2014-12-05
B12952795

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Bradken Blue Met. QD Enamel
Product code	3136164
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</p>

Precautionary statements	<p>Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.</p>
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Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	5 - 10%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	5 - 10%	✓	
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	5 - 10%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	5 - 10%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	3 - 5%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	3 - 5%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	3 - 5%	✓	
8032-32-4	low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	3 - 5%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	1 - 3%	✓	
142-82-5	heptane (mixture of isomers)	1 - 3%	✓	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	1 - 3%	✓	
71-36-3	n-butanol	1 - 3%	✓	
7429-90-5	aluminium powder (stabilized)	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	0.3 - 1.0%		
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
1317-65-3	Limestone (calcium carbonate)	0.1 - 0.3%		
8052-41-3	stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet Water spray

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m ³
iso-butanol	TWA	713 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
xylene	TWA	152 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
n-hexane	TWA	217 mg/m ³
	TWA	20 ppm
toluene	TWA	72 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
ethylbenzene	TWA	188 mg/m ³
	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³

Chemical Name		
	TWA	434 mg/m ³
heptane (mixture of isomers)	TWA	400 ppm
	STEL	500 ppm
	STEL	2,050 mg/m ³
	TWA	1,640 mg/m ³
n-butanol	CEIL	150 mg/m ³
	CEIL	50 ppm
aluminium powder (stabilized)	TWA	5 mg/m ³
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m ³
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
Limestone (calcium carbonate)	TWA	10 mg/m ³
stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	TWA	100 ppm
	TWA	525 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
n-butanol	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: blue Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	7 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	12.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	14.6 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.92 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	215 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 22.1 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
iso-butanol	Category 2
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
n-butanol	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

iso-butanol	Category 1
xylene	Category 2A
n-hexane	Category 2B
toluene	Category 2B
low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2A
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 2A
2-butanone oxime	Category 1
n-butanol	Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2A

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1B
2-butanone oxime	Category 2
stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1B

Toxicity for reproduction

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.**Central nervous system** 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
xylene	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 1
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
Titanium dioxide	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 1
aluminium powder (stabilized)	Category 4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1

% of unknown composition 26.7%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.1	11

Revision Date: 2015-01-29
B12993101

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Bradken Blue QD Enamel
Product code	3136165
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</p>

Precautionary statements

Avoid release to the environment.
 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Hazardous
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	5 - 10%	✓
110-54-3	n-hexane	5 - 10%	✓
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓
78-93-3	butanone	3 - 5%	✓
108-88-3	toluene	3 - 5%	✓
78-83-1	iso-butanol	0.3 - 1.0%	✓
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.3 - 1.0%	✓
71-36-3	n-butanol	0.3 - 1.0%	✓
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	0.3 - 1.0%	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	0.1 - 0.3%	✓

Non-regulated ingredients 30 - 40%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist,

call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
n-hexane	TWA	217 mg/m ³
	TWA	20 ppm
	TWA	72 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
butanone	TWA	434 mg/m ³
	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	300 ppm
toluene	STEL	890 mg/m ³
	TWA	445 mg/m ³
	TWA	188 mg/m ³
iso-butanol	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m ³
n-butanol	CEIL	150 mg/m ³
	CEIL	50 ppm
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m ³
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm

 Chemical Name

STEL 950 mg/m³TWA 713 mg/m³**Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
butanone	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min
n-butanol	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatrill® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: blue Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	0 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	Not applicable. %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	24.8 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.9 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	231 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5
2-butanone oxime	Category 4
n-butanol	Category 5

% of unknown composition 33.1 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
butanone	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
iso-butanol	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
n-butanol	Category 2
n-butyl acetate	Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime	Category 1
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Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

2-butanone oxime	Category 2
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Toxicity for reproduction

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- Skin Absorption

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
Titanium dioxide	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2

% of unknown composition 33.1%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Packing group: II
 Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II
 Marine Pollutant: no
 EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date:	2014-12-05
	B12993096



The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Black QD Enamel
Product code	3138141
Intended use of the substance/preparation	
Coating for professional use	
Supplier	
Street address	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	
Street/Box	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life.</p>

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Avoid release to the environment.
 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	5 - 10%	✓	
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	5 - 10%	✓	
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	5 - 10%	✓	
1333-86-4	carbon black	3 - 5%		
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	3 - 5%	✓	
71-36-3	n-butanol	1 - 3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	1 - 3%	✓	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
carbon black	TWA	217 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	3 mg/m ³
n-hexane	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
	TWA	434 mg/m ³
n-butanol	TWA	20 ppm
n-butanol	TWA	72 mg/m ³
toluene	CEIL	150 mg/m ³
	CEIL	50 ppm
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
iso-butanol	TWA	188 mg/m ³
iso-butanol	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
n-butanol	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Form : liquid Colour: black Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	-6 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	7 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	13.4 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.95 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	231 °C	DIN 51794

Decomposition temperature
Viscosity (23 °C) | Not applicable. ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
n-butanol	Category 5
toluene	Category 5
2-butanone oxime	Category 4

% of unknown composition 39.6 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

xylene

Category 2

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
n-butanol	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
iso-butanol	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

xylene	Category 2A
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 2A
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
n-hexane	Category 2B
n-butanol	Category 1
toluene	Category 2B
2-butanone oxime	Category 1
iso-butanol	Category 1

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

2-butanone oxime Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- Skin Absorption

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbition, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2

% of unknown composition 39.6%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II
 Marine Pollutant: no
 EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2014-12-05
 B12724880

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Bradken Silver Grey Met. QD Enamel
Product code	3138143
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</p>

Precautionary statements Avoid release to the environment.
 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 Collect spillage.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	5 - 10%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	5 - 10%	✓	
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	5 - 10%	✓	
8032-32-4	low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	5 - 10%	✓	
7429-90-5	aluminium powder (stabilized)	3 - 5%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	3 - 5%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	3 - 5%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	1 - 3%	✓	
142-82-5	heptane (mixture of isomers)	1 - 3%	✓	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	1 - 3%	✓	
71-36-3	n-butanol	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
8052-41-3	stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	0.1 - 0.3%		

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet Water spray

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage**Handling**

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
n-butyl acetate	TWA	217 mg/m ³
	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
toluene	STEL	950 mg/m ³
	TWA	713 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
aluminium powder (stabilized)	TWA	188 mg/m ³
n-hexane	TWA	5 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	20 ppm
	TWA	72 mg/m ³
	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
	TWA	434 mg/m ³

Chemical Name		
heptane (mixture of isomers)	TWA	400 ppm
	STEL	500 ppm
	STEL	2,050 mg/m3
	TWA	1,640 mg/m3
n-butanol	CEIL	150 mg/m3
	CEIL	50 ppm
stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	TWA	100 ppm
	TWA	525 mg/m3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m3
iso-butanol	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m3
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m3

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
n-butanol	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: silver Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	7 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	15.7 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.94 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	215 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 24.7 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

xylene	Category 2
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
n-butanol	Category 2
stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
iso-butanol	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

xylene	Category 2A
toluene	Category 2B
low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2A
n-hexane	Category 2B
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 2A
2-butanone oxime	Category 1
n-butanol	Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2A
iso-butanol	Category 1

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1B
2-butanone oxime	Category 2
stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1B

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.**Central nervous system** 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 1
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
Titanium dioxide	Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
aluminium powder (stabilized)	Category 4
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 1
stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2

% of unknown composition 29.8%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: yes [naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)]

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.1	9, 11

Revision Date: 2015-01-29
B12993148

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Bradken Grey QD Enamel
Product code	3138144
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling



Hazard symbols

Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Causes skin irritation.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Suspected of causing cancer.
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Harmful to aquatic life.
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Avoid release to the environment.
Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	10 - 20%		
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	5 - 10%	✓	
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	5 - 10%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	3 - 5%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	3 - 5%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	3 - 5%	✓	
8032-32-4	low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	3 - 5%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	1 - 3%	✓	
21645-51-2	aluminium hydroxide	0.3 - 1.0%		
7631-86-9	amorphous Silica	0.3 - 1.0%		
1333-86-4	carbon black	0.3 - 1.0%		
142-82-5	heptane (mixture of isomers)	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
1309-37-1	Iron oxide	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
71-36-3	n-butanol	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
1317-65-3	Limestone (calcium carbonate)	0.1 - 0.3%		

Non-regulated ingredients 30 - 40%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m ³
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
	TWA	150 ppm
n-butyl acetate	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m ³
	TWA	713 mg/m ³
n-hexane	TWA	20 ppm
	TWA	72 mg/m ³
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
	TWA	434 mg/m ³

Chemical Name		
aluminium hydroxide	TWA	2 mg/m ³
amorphous Silica	TWA	10 mg/m ³
carbon black	TWA	3 mg/m ³
heptane (mixture of isomers)	TWA	400 ppm
	STEL	500 ppm
	STEL	2,050 mg/m ³
	TWA	1,640 mg/m ³
Iron oxide	TWA	5 mg/m ³
n-butanol	CEIL	150 mg/m ³
	CEIL	50 ppm
iso-butanol	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m ³
Limestone (calcium carbonate)	TWA	10 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
n-butanol	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product

compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: grey Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	7 °C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	13.3 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.06 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	231 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure
Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:
Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 22.8 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

xylene	Category 2
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 2
Iron oxide	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
n-butanol	Category 2
iso-butanol	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1B
2-butanone oxime	Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

Titanium dioxide	Category 3
xylene	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 1
Iron oxide	Category 3
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 1

% of unknown composition 26.7%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	9, 11

Revision Date: 2015-01-29
B12993131

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Bradken Leibherr Grey QD Enamel
Product code	3138153
Intended use of the substance/preparation	
Coating for professional use	
Supplier	
Street address	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	
Street/Box	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life.</p>

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Avoid release to the environment.
 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	5 - 10%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	5 - 10%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
51274-00-1	Light yellow lemon yellow oxide pigment	3 - 5%		
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	3 - 5%		
108-88-3	toluene	3 - 5%	✓	
1333-86-4	carbon black	1 - 3%		
71-36-3	n-butanol	1 - 3%	✓	
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1 - 3%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
21645-51-2	aluminium hydroxide	0.1 - 0.3%		
7631-86-9	amorphous Silica	0.1 - 0.3%		
1309-37-1	Iron oxide	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 30 - 40%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage**Handling**

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
n-hexane	TWA	20 ppm
	TWA	72 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
	TWA	434 mg/m ³
Light yellow lemon yellow oxide pigment	TWA	1 mg/m ³
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m ³
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³
carbon black	TWA	3 mg/m ³
n-butanol	CEIL	150 mg/m ³
	CEIL	50 ppm

Chemical Name			
iso-butanol	TWA	50 ppm	
	TWA	152 mg/m3	
aluminium hydroxide	TWA	2 mg/m3	
amorphous Silica	TWA	10 mg/m3	
Iron oxide	TWA	5 mg/m3	

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
n-butanol	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: grey Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	7 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	Not applicable. %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	18.2 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.97 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	231 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

The product contains ingredients which, under certain conditions, also may release formaldehyde. If necessary, the precise concentration has to be determined. When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5
n-butanol	Category 5
2-butanone oxime	Category 4

% of unknown composition 30.3 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
n-butanol	Category 2
iso-butanol	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
Iron oxide	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

xylene	Category 2A
n-hexane	Category 2B
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
toluene	Category 2B
n-butanol	Category 1
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 2A
iso-butanol	Category 1
2-butanone oxime	Category 1
Iron oxide	Category 1

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime	Category 1
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Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

2-butanone oxime	Category 2
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Toxicity for reproduction

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE), etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
Titanium dioxide	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1
Iron oxide	Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1

% of unknown composition 30.3%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	3, 8

Revision Date: 2015-01-29
B13039464

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Bradken Grey New QD Enamel
Product code	3138154
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling



Hazard symbols

Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Causes skin irritation.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Suspected of causing cancer.
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Harmful to aquatic life.
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Avoid release to the environment.
Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	10 - 20%		
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	5 - 10%	✓	
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	5 - 10%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	3 - 5%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	3 - 5%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	3 - 5%	✓	
8032-32-4	low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	3 - 5%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	1 - 3%	✓	
21645-51-2	aluminium hydroxide	0.3 - 1.0%		
7631-86-9	amorphous Silica	0.3 - 1.0%		
1333-86-4	carbon black	0.3 - 1.0%		
142-82-5	heptane (mixture of isomers)	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
1309-37-1	Iron oxide	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
71-36-3	n-butanol	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
1317-65-3	Limestone (calcium carbonate)	0.1 - 0.3%		

Non-regulated ingredients 30 - 40%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage**Handling**

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m ³
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
	TWA	150 ppm
n-butyl acetate	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m ³
	TWA	713 mg/m ³
n-hexane	TWA	20 ppm
	TWA	72 mg/m ³
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
	TWA	434 mg/m ³

Chemical Name		
aluminium hydroxide	TWA	2 mg/m ³
amorphous Silica	TWA	10 mg/m ³
carbon black	TWA	3 mg/m ³
heptane (mixture of isomers)	TWA	400 ppm
	STEL	500 ppm
	STEL	2,050 mg/m ³
	TWA	1,640 mg/m ³
Iron oxide	TWA	5 mg/m ³
n-butanol	CEIL	150 mg/m ³
	CEIL	50 ppm
iso-butanol	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m ³
Limestone (calcium carbonate)	TWA	10 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
n-butanol	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product

compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: grey Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	7 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	13.3 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.06 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	231 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure
Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:
Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 22.8 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

xylene	Category 2
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 2
Iron oxide	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
n-butanol	Category 2
iso-butanol	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1B
2-butanone oxime	Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

Titanium dioxide	Category 3
xylene	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 1
Iron oxide	Category 3
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 1

% of unknown composition 26.7%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	9, 11

Revision Date: 2015-01-29
B12993131

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Bradken Orange Metallic HD/QD Enamel
Product code	3144210
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life.</p>
Precautionary statements	<p>Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed.</p>

Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	20 - 30%	✓	
8032-32-4	low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
78-93-3	butanone	3 - 5%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	3 - 5%	✓	
64742-94-5	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	1 - 3%	✓	
141-78-6	ethyl acetate	1 - 3%	✓	
64742-48-9	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (<0,1% benzene)	1 - 3%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	1 - 3%	✓	
7429-90-5	aluminium powder (stabilized)	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
142-82-5	heptane (mixture of isomers)	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
122-99-6	2-phenoxyethanol	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
1317-65-3	Limestone (calcium carbonate)	0.1 - 0.3%		
27253-32-3	Manganese neodecanoate	0.1 - 0.3%		
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
91-20-3	Naphthalene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
8052-41-3	stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
22464-99-9	Zirconium octoate	0.1 - 0.3%		
112-02-7	1-Hexadecanaminium, N,N,N-trimethyl-, chloride (1:1)	0.0 - 0.1%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet Water spray

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m ³
	TWA	713 mg/m ³
butanone	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	300 ppm
	STEL	890 mg/m ³
	TWA	445 mg/m ³
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³
ethyl acetate	TWA	200 ppm
	TWA	720 mg/m ³
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
aluminium powder (stabilized)	TWA	5 mg/m ³

Chemical Name		
heptane (mixture of isomers)	TWA	400 ppm
	STEL	500 ppm
	STEL	2,050 mg/m ³
	TWA	1,640 mg/m ³
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
Limestone (calcium carbonate)	TWA	434 mg/m ³
	TWA	10 mg/m ³
	TWA	1 mg/m ³
Manganese neodecanoate	TWA	1 mg/m ³
	TWA	10 ppm
	STEL	15 ppm
	STEL	79 mg/m ³
Naphthalene	TWA	52 mg/m ³
	TWA	100 ppm
	TWA	525 mg/m ³
stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	STEL	10 mg/m ³
	TWA	5 mg/m ³
	TWA	10 mg/m ³
Zirconium octoate	STEL	10 mg/m ³
	TWA	5 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
butanone	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min
ethyl acetate	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	10 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: orange Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	116 °C	
Flash point	7 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	14.6 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.96 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	232 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information**Information on likely routes of exposure****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:**Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
butanone	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 2
ethyl acetate	Category 3
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
xylene	Category 2
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
1-Hexadecanaminium, N,N,N-trimethyl-, chloride (1:1)	Category 1C

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1B
2-butanone oxime	Category 2
Naphthalene	Category 2
stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1B

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene	Category 2
Zirconium octoate	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Body weight effects ethyl acetate**Kidney** 2-phenoxyethanol**Central nervous system** 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbition, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
xylene	Category 3
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
Naphthalene	Category 1
stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1
1-Hexadecanaminium, N,N,N-trimethyl-, chloride (1:1)	Category 1

% of unknown composition 10.8%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.1	9, 11

Revision Date: 2015-01-29
B12976614

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Bradken Orange HD/QD Enamel
Product code	3144211
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life.</p>
Precautionary statements	<p>Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed.</p>

Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	20 - 30%	✓	
8032-32-4	low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
78-93-3	butanone	3 - 5%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	3 - 5%	✓	
64742-94-5	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	1 - 3%	✓	
141-78-6	ethyl acetate	1 - 3%	✓	
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	1 - 3%		
1330-20-7	xylene	1 - 3%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
122-99-6	2-phenoxyethanol	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
7631-86-9	amorphous Silica	0.1 - 0.3%		
1317-65-3	Limestone (calcium carbonate)	0.1 - 0.3%		
27253-32-3	Manganese neodecanoate	0.1 - 0.3%		
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
91-20-3	Naphthalene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
22464-99-9	Zirconium octoate	0.1 - 0.3%		
112-02-7	1-Hexadecanaminium, N,N,N-trimethyl-, chloride (1:1)	0.0 - 0.1%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m ³
butanone	TWA	713 mg/m ³
	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	300 ppm
toluene	STEL	890 mg/m ³
	TWA	445 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
ethyl acetate	TWA	188 mg/m ³
	TWA	200 ppm
Titanium dioxide	TWA	720 mg/m ³
	TWA	10 mg/m ³
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³

 Chemical Name

	TWA	434 mg/m3
amorphous Silica	TWA	10 mg/m3
Limestone (calcium carbonate)	TWA	10 mg/m3
Manganese neodecanoate	TWA	1 mg/m3
Naphthalene	TWA	10 ppm
	STEL	15 ppm
	STEL	79 mg/m3
	TWA	52 mg/m3
Zirconium octoate	STEL	10 mg/m3
	TWA	5 mg/m3

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
butanone	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min
ethyl acetate	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	10 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be

replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: orange Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	116 °C	
Flash point	7 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	14.1 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.98 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	232 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:**Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
butanone	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 2
ethyl acetate	Category 3
xylene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
1-Hexadecanaminium, N,N,N-trimethyl-, chloride (1:1)	Category 1C

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1B
2-butanone oxime	Category 2
Naphthalene	Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene Category 2
Zirconium octoate Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

- Body weight effects** ethyl acetate

- Kidney** 2-phenoxyethanol

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbition, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
Titanium dioxide	Category 3
xylene	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
Naphthalene	Category 1
1-Hexadecanaminium, N,N,N-trimethyl-, chloride (1:1)	Category 1

% of unknown composition 10.6%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Packing group: II
 Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II
 Marine Pollutant: no
 EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.1	9, 11



Version	Changes
Revision Date: B12976600	2015-01-29

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Coates Orange HD/QD Enamel
Product code	3144213
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life.</p>
Precautionary statements	<p>Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed.</p>

Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	20 - 30%	✓	
8032-32-4	low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
78-93-3	butanone	3 - 5%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	3 - 5%	✓	
64742-94-5	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	1 - 3%	✓	
141-78-6	ethyl acetate	1 - 3%	✓	
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	1 - 3%		
1330-20-7	xylene	1 - 3%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
122-99-6	2-phenoxyethanol	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
7631-86-9	amorphous Silica	0.1 - 0.3%		
1317-65-3	Limestone (calcium carbonate)	0.1 - 0.3%		
27253-32-3	Manganese neodecanoate	0.1 - 0.3%		
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
91-20-3	Naphthalene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
22464-99-9	Zirconium octoate	0.1 - 0.3%		
112-02-7	1-Hexadecanaminium, N,N,N-trimethyl-, chloride (1:1)	0.0 - 0.1%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m ³
butanone	TWA	713 mg/m ³
	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	300 ppm
toluene	STEL	890 mg/m ³
	TWA	445 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
ethyl acetate	TWA	188 mg/m ³
	TWA	200 ppm
Titanium dioxide	TWA	720 mg/m ³
	TWA	10 mg/m ³
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³

 Chemical Name

	TWA	434 mg/m3
amorphous Silica	TWA	10 mg/m3
Limestone (calcium carbonate)	TWA	10 mg/m3
Manganese neodecanoate	TWA	1 mg/m3
Naphthalene	TWA	10 ppm
	STEL	15 ppm
	STEL	79 mg/m3
	TWA	52 mg/m3
Zirconium octoate	STEL	10 mg/m3
	TWA	5 mg/m3

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
butanone	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	10 min
ethyl acetate	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	10 min
	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril[®] glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be

replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: orange Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	116 °C	
Flash point	7 °C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	14.1 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.98 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	232 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:**Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
butanone	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 2
ethyl acetate	Category 3
xylene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
1-Hexadecanaminium, N,N,N-trimethyl-, chloride (1:1)	Category 1C

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1B
2-butanone oxime	Category 2
Naphthalene	Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene Category 2
Zirconium octoate Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

- Body weight effects** ethyl acetate

- Kidney** 2-phenoxyethanol

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
Titanium dioxide	Category 3
xylene	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
Naphthalene	Category 1
1-Hexadecanaminium, N,N,N-trimethyl-, chloride (1:1)	Category 1

% of unknown composition 10.6%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Packing group: II
 Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II
 Marine Pollutant: no
 EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.1	9, 11



Version	Changes
Revision Date: B12976600	2015-01-29

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Bradken Blue Metallic HD/QD Enamel
Product code	3146164
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling



Hazard symbols

Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Causes mild skin irritation.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Suspected of causing cancer.
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Harmful to aquatic life.
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Avoid release to the environment.
Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	20 - 30%	✓	
8032-32-4	low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
78-93-3	butanone	3 - 5%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	3 - 5%	✓	
64742-94-5	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	1 - 3%	✓	
141-78-6	ethyl acetate	1 - 3%	✓	
142-82-5	heptane (mixture of isomers)	1 - 3%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	1 - 3%	✓	
7429-90-5	aluminium powder (stabilized)	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	0.3 - 1.0%		
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
122-99-6	2-phenoxyethanol	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
27253-32-3	Manganese neodecanoate	0.1 - 0.3%		
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
91-20-3	Naphthalene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
8052-41-3	stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
22464-99-9	Zirconium octoate	0.1 - 0.3%		

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet Water spray

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m ³
	TWA	713 mg/m ³
butanone	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	300 ppm
	STEL	890 mg/m ³
	TWA	445 mg/m ³
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³
ethyl acetate	TWA	200 ppm
	TWA	720 mg/m ³
	TWA	400 ppm
heptane (mixture of isomers)	TWA	400 ppm
	STEL	500 ppm
	STEL	2,050 mg/m ³

Chemical Name		
	TWA	1,640 mg/m ³
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
aluminium powder (stabilized)	TWA	5 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
	TWA	434 mg/m ³
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m ³
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
Manganese neodecanoate	TWA	1 mg/m ³
Naphthalene	TWA	10 ppm
	STEL	15 ppm
	STEL	79 mg/m ³
	TWA	52 mg/m ³
stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	TWA	100 ppm
	TWA	525 mg/m ³
Zirconium octoate	STEL	10 mg/m ³
	TWA	5 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
butanone	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min
ethyl acetate	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	10 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: blue Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	116 °C	
Flash point	7 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	15.6 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.95 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	215 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information**Information on likely routes of exposure****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:**Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
butanone	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 2
ethyl acetate	Category 3
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1B
2-butanone oxime	Category 2
Naphthalene	Category 2
stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1B

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene	Category 2
Zirconium octoate	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Body weight effects ethyl acetate**Kidney** 2-phenoxyethanol**Central nervous system** 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 1
xylene	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2
Titanium dioxide	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
Naphthalene	Category 1
stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 2
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 1
aluminium powder (stabilized)	Category 4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
Naphthalene	Category 1
stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1

% of unknown composition 10.8%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.1	9, 11

Revision Date: 2015-01-29
B12970455

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Bradken Blue HD/QD Enamel
Product code	3146165
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling



Hazard symbols

Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Causes mild skin irritation.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Suspected of causing cancer.
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Harmful to aquatic life.
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Avoid release to the environment.
Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	20 - 30%	✓	
8032-32-4	low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
78-93-3	butanone	3 - 5%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	3 - 5%	✓	
64742-94-5	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	1 - 3%	✓	
141-78-6	ethyl acetate	1 - 3%	✓	
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	1 - 3%		
1330-20-7	xylene	1 - 3%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
142-82-5	heptane (mixture of isomers)	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
122-99-6	2-phenoxyethanol	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
7631-86-9	amorphous Silica	0.1 - 0.3%		
1317-65-3	Limestone (calcium carbonate)	0.1 - 0.3%		
27253-32-3	Manganese neodecanoate	0.1 - 0.3%		
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
91-20-3	Naphthalene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
22464-99-9	Zirconium octoate	0.1 - 0.3%		

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m ³
butanone	TWA	713 mg/m ³
	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	300 ppm
toluene	STEL	890 mg/m ³
	TWA	445 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
ethyl acetate	TWA	188 mg/m ³
	TWA	200 ppm
Titanium dioxide	TWA	720 mg/m ³
	TWA	10 mg/m ³
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³

 Chemical Name

	TWA	434 mg/m3
heptane (mixture of isomers)	TWA	400 ppm
	STEL	500 ppm
	STEL	2,050 mg/m3
	TWA	1,640 mg/m3
amorphous Silica	TWA	10 mg/m3
Limestone (calcium carbonate)	TWA	10 mg/m3
Manganese neodecanoate	TWA	1 mg/m3
Naphthalene	TWA	10 ppm
	STEL	15 ppm
	STEL	79 mg/m3
	TWA	52 mg/m3
Zirconium octoate	STEL	10 mg/m3
	TWA	5 mg/m3

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
butanone	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	10 min
ethyl acetate	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	10 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: orange Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	116 °C	
Flash point	7 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	14.9 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.97 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	232 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure
Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:
Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
butanone	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 2
ethyl acetate	Category 3
xylene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1B
2-butanone oxime	Category 2
Naphthalene	Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene	Category 2
Zirconium octoate	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Body weight effects ethyl acetate

Kidney 2-phenoxyethanol

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
Titanium dioxide	Category 3
xylene	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 1
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
Naphthalene	Category 1

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 2
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 1
Naphthalene	Category 1

% of unknown composition 10.8%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2015-01-29
B12968512

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Bradken Silver Grey Metallic HD/QD Enamel
Product code	3148143
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Solvent for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling



Hazard symbols

Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Causes mild skin irritation.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Suspected of causing cancer.
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Harmful to aquatic life.
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Avoid release to the environment.
Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	20 - 30%	✓	
8032-32-4	low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
7429-90-5	aluminium powder (stabilized)	3 - 5%	✓	
78-93-3	butanone	3 - 5%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	3 - 5%	✓	
64742-94-5	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	1 - 3%	✓	
141-78-6	ethyl acetate	1 - 3%	✓	
142-82-5	heptane (mixture of isomers)	1 - 3%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	1 - 3%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
8052-41-3	stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	0.3 - 1.0%		
122-99-6	2-phenoxyethanol	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
27253-32-3	Manganese neodecanoate	0.1 - 0.3%		
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
91-20-3	Naphthalene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
22464-99-9	Zirconium octoate	0.1 - 0.3%		

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet Water spray

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m ³
	TWA	713 mg/m ³
aluminium powder (stabilized)	TWA	5 mg/m ³
butanone	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	300 ppm
	STEL	890 mg/m ³
	TWA	445 mg/m ³
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³
ethyl acetate	TWA	200 ppm
	TWA	720 mg/m ³
heptane (mixture of isomers)	TWA	400 ppm
	STEL	500 ppm

Chemical Name		
	STEL	2,050 mg/m ³
	TWA	1,640 mg/m ³
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	TWA	100 ppm
	TWA	525 mg/m ³
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
	TWA	434 mg/m ³
Manganese neodecanoate	TWA	1 mg/m ³
Naphthalene	TWA	10 ppm
	STEL	15 ppm
	STEL	79 mg/m ³
	TWA	52 mg/m ³
Zirconium octoate	STEL	10 mg/m ³
	TWA	5 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
butanone	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min
ethyl acetate	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	10 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: grey Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	116 °C	
Flash point	7 °C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	15.0 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.96 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	215 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information**Information on likely routes of exposure****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:**Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
butanone	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 2
ethyl acetate	Category 3
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1B
stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1B
2-butanone oxime	Category 2
Naphthalene	Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene	Category 2
Zirconium octoate	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Body weight effects ethyl acetate**Kidney** 2-phenoxyethanol**Central nervous system** 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 1
xylene	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1
Titanium dioxide	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
Naphthalene	Category 1

Chronic aquatic toxicity

aluminium powder (stabilized)	Category 4
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 2
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
stoddart solvent; low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1
Naphthalene	Category 1

% of unknown composition 11.3%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Packing group: II
 Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II
 Marine Pollutant: yes [heptane (mixture of isomers)]
 EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.1	9, 11

Revision Date: 2015-01-29
B12976631

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Bradken Grey HD/QD Enamel
Product code	3148144
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</p>
Precautionary statements	<p>Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.</p>

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	20 - 30%	✓	
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	20 - 30%		
8032-32-4	low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	5 - 10%	✓	
78-93-3	butanone	3 - 5%	✓	
7631-86-9	amorphous Silica	1 - 3%		
64742-94-5	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	1 - 3%	✓	
141-78-6	ethyl acetate	1 - 3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	1 - 3%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	1 - 3%	✓	
21645-51-2	aluminium hydroxide	0.3 - 1.0%		
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
122-99-6	2-phenoxyethanol	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
1317-65-3	Limestone (calcium carbonate)	0.1 - 0.3%		
27253-32-3	Manganese neodecanoate	0.1 - 0.3%		
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
91-20-3	Naphthalene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
22464-99-9	Zirconium octoate	0.1 - 0.3%		

Non-regulated ingredients 30 - 40%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m ³
Titanium dioxide	TWA	713 mg/m ³
	TWA	10 mg/m ³
	STEL	890 mg/m ³
butanone	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	300 ppm
	STEL	890 mg/m ³
amorphous Silica	TWA	445 mg/m ³
	TWA	10 mg/m ³
	TWA	720 mg/m ³
ethyl acetate	TWA	200 ppm
	TWA	720 mg/m ³
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
aluminium hydroxide	TWA	2 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm

 Chemical Name

	STEL	543 mg/m3
	TWA	434 mg/m3
Limestone (calcium carbonate)	TWA	10 mg/m3
Manganese neodecanoate	TWA	1 mg/m3
Naphthalene	TWA	10 ppm
	STEL	15 ppm
	STEL	79 mg/m3
	TWA	52 mg/m3
Zirconium octoate	STEL	10 mg/m3
	TWA	5 mg/m3

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
butanone	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	10 min
ethyl acetate	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	10 min
	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril[®] glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be

replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: grey Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	116 °C	
Flash point	7 °C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	11.6 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.15 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	232 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:**Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
butanone	Category 3
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 2
ethyl acetate	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1B
2-butanone oxime	Category 2
Naphthalene	Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene Category 2
Zirconium octoate Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Body weight effects ethyl acetate

Kidney 2-phenoxyethanol

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product does not contain any environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Packing group: II
 Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II
 Marine Pollutant: no
 EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date:	2015-01-29
	B12976625

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the



specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Enamel Matting Agent
Product code	3299068
Intended use of the substance/preparation	
Coating for professional use	
Supplier	
Street address	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	
Street/Box	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray. Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz-ardous
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	40 - 50%	✓	
112926-00-8	Amorphous silica - precipitated	10 - 20%		
1330-20-7	xylene	5 - 10%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	3 - 5%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	1 - 3%	✓	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 20 - 30%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
Amorphous silica - precipitated	TWA	10 mg/m ³
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
	TWA	434 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	30 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Form : liquid Colour: cloudy Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	95 °C	
Flash point	-7 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	Not applicable.	
Lower explosion limit	Not applicable.	
Vapour pressure	4.6 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	nil	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.96 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	201 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	<20 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

10. Stability and reactivity**Stability**

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information**Information on likely routes of exposure****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:**Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 20.7 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 3
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

2-butanone oxime Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Chronic aquatic toxicity

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2

% of unknown composition 20.7%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
Packing group: II
Marine Pollutant: yes [solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)]
EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
Hazard Class: 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code HSR002669
HSNO Control A This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 6.3B
Skin sensitisation Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity Category 6.7B
Flammable liquids Category 3.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 9.1B

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2014-12-05
B12754240

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	TINT 100 White
Product code	6032106
Intended use of the substance/preparation	
Coating for professional use	
Supplier	
Street address	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	
Street/Box	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate; methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz-ardous
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	30 - 40%		
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	5 - 10%	✓	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	5 - 10%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
108-67-8	mesitylene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
21645-51-2	aluminium hydroxide	0.3 - 1.0%		
7631-86-9	amorphous Silica	0.3 - 1.0%		
41556-26-7	bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
98-82-8	cumene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
82919-37-7	methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 20 - 30%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist,

call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m3
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m3
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	713 mg/m3
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m3
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m3
	TWA	434 mg/m3
mesitylene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m3
	TWA	123 mg/m3
aluminium hydroxide	TWA	2 mg/m3
amorphous Silica	TWA	10 mg/m3
cumene	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm

Chemical Name

	STEL	375 mg/m ³
	TWA	125 mg/m ³
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	30 min
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril[®] glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: white Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	135 °C	
Flash point	24 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	7 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	3.5 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	nil	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.28 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	415 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
mesitylene	Category 3
toluene	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

Titanium dioxide	Category 3
xylene	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1
toluene	Category 2

Chronic aquatic toxicity

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

% of unknown composition 0%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Packing group: III
 Hazchem Code: 3Y

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: III
 Marine Pollutant: no
 EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: III

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2014-12-05
 B12724181

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of



its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	TINT 86/R Reduced Red Oxide
Product code	6033132
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate; methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
1330-20-7	xylene	20 - 30%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5 - 10%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	5 - 10%	✓	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	5 - 10%	✓	
1309-37-1	Iron oxide	5 - 10%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
108-67-8	mesitylene	1 - 3%	✓	
41556-26-7	bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) seba- cate	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
98-82-8	cumene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
7631-86-9	amorphous Silica	0.1 - 0.3%		
7727-43-7	barium sulphate, natural	0.1 - 0.3%		
82919-37-7	methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl se- bacate	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	0.1 - 0.3%		
108-88-3	toluene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 30 - 40%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	217 mg/m ³
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m ³
	TWA	713 mg/m ³
Iron oxide	TWA	5 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
	TWA	434 mg/m ³
mesitylene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
cumene	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm

 Chemical Name

	STEL	375 mg/m3
	TWA	125 mg/m3
amorphous Silica	TWA	10 mg/m3
barium sulphate, natural	TWA	10 mg/m3
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m3
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m3

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	30 min
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: red Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	135 °C	
Flash point	24 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	7 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	4.4 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	nil	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.04 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	415 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

xylene	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
Iron oxide	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
mesitylene	Category 3
toluene	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
Iron oxide	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1
Titanium dioxide	Category 3
toluene	Category 2

Chronic aquatic toxicity

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

% of unknown composition 0%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: III

Hazchem Code: 3Y

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: III

Marine Pollutant: yes [solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)]

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: III

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code HSR002662

HSNO Classification

Acute inhalation toxicity Category 6.1E

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 6.3A

Skin sensitisation Category 6.5B

Toxicity for reproduction Category 6.8B

Flammable liquids Category 3.1C

Acute aquatic toxicity Category 9.1C

Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2014-12-05
B12724231

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.



End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	TINT 660 L.F. Red - Yellow
Product code	6034085
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate; methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
1330-20-7	xylene	20 - 30%	✓	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	5 - 10%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	5 - 10%	✓	
51274-00-1	Light yellow lemon yellow oxide pigment	5 - 10%		
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
108-67-8	mesitylene	1 - 3%	✓	
41556-26-7	bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) seba- cate	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
98-82-8	cumene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
82919-37-7	methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl se- bacate	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 30 - 40%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	STEL	217 mg/m ³
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m ³
	TWA	713 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
	TWA	434 mg/m ³
Light yellow lemon yellow oxide pigment	TWA	1 mg/m ³
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
mesitylene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
cumene	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	375 mg/m ³
	TWA	125 mg/m ³

 Chemical Name

toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Form : liquid Colour: yellow Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	135 °C	
Flash point	24 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	7 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	4.8 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	nil	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.04 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	415 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

xylene	Category 2
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 3
toluene	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1
toluene	Category 2

Chronic aquatic toxicity

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

% of unknown composition 0%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: III
Hazchem Code: 3Y

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
Hazard Class: 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
Packing group: III
Marine Pollutant: no
EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
Hazard Class: 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
Packing group: III

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code HSR002662
HSNO Classification
Acute inhalation toxicity Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction Category 6.8B
Flammable liquids Category 3.1C
Acute aquatic toxicity Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	3, 8

Revision Date: 2015-01-29
B12724293

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	TINT 18/R Reduced Yellow Oxide
Product code	6034089
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate; methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
1330-20-7	xylene	20 - 30%	✓	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	5 - 10%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	5 - 10%	✓	
51274-00-1	Light yellow lemon yellow oxide pigment	5 - 10%		
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
108-67-8	mesitylene	1 - 3%	✓	
41556-26-7	bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) seba- cate	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
98-82-8	cumene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
82919-37-7	methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl se- bacate	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
n-butyl acetate	TWA	217 mg/m ³
	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	713 mg/m ³
	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
Light yellow lemon yellow oxide pigment	TWA	434 mg/m ³
	TWA	1 mg/m ³
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
mesitylene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
cumene	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	375 mg/m ³
	TWA	125 mg/m ³

 Chemical Name

toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m3

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Form : liquid Colour: yellow Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	135 °C	
Flash point	24 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	7 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	5.0 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	nil	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.01 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	415 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

xylene	Category 2
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 3
toluene	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1
toluene	Category 2

Chronic aquatic toxicity

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

% of unknown composition 0%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: III
 Hazchem Code: 3Y

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: III
 Marine Pollutant: no
 EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: III

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code HSR002662
 HSNO Classification
 Acute inhalation toxicity Category 6.1E
 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 6.3A
 Skin sensitisation Category 6.5B
 Toxicity for reproduction Category 6.8B
 Flammable liquids Category 3.1C
 Acute aquatic toxicity Category 9.1C
 Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	3, 8

Revision Date: 2015-01-29
 B12724304

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	TINT 480 Green Tone Blue
Product code	6036043
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates	Category 9.4C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate; methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
1330-20-7	xylene	20 - 30%	✓	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	5 - 10%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	5 - 10%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
81-77-6	5,9,14,18-Anthrazinetetrone, 6,15-dihydro-	3 - 5%	✓	
108-67-8	mesitylene	1 - 3%	✓	
41556-26-7	bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) seba- cate	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
98-82-8	cumene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
82919-37-7	methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl se- bacate	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 30 - 40%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	STEL	217 mg/m ³
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m ³
	TWA	713 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
	TWA	434 mg/m ³
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
	TWA	25 ppm
mesitylene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
cumene	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	375 mg/m ³
	TWA	125 mg/m ³
toluene	TWA	50 ppm

Chemical Name

TWA 188 mg/m3

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Form : liquid Colour: blue Odor Threshold : no data available

pH

not applicable

Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	135 °C	
Flash point	24 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	5.6 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.97 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	415 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

xylene	Category 2
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 3
toluene	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged

contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
5,9,14,18-Anthrazinetetrone, 6,15-dihydro-	Category 3
mesitylene	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1
toluene	Category 2

Chronic aquatic toxicity

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates

xylene Category 9.4C

% of unknown composition 0%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: III

Hazchem Code: 3Y

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: III

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: III

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates	Category 9.4C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	9

Revision Date: 2015-01-29
B12725050

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.



End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	TINT 625R Reduced Medium Blue
Product code	6036066
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates	Category 9.4C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate; methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
1330-20-7	xylene	20 - 30%	✓	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	5 - 10%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	5 - 10%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
81-77-6	5,9,14,18-Anthrazinetetrone, 6,15-dihydro-	3 - 5%	✓	
108-67-8	mesitylene	1 - 3%	✓	
41556-26-7	bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) seba- cate	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
98-82-8	cumene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
82919-37-7	methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl se- bacate	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 30 - 40%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	STEL	217 mg/m ³
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m ³
	TWA	713 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
	TWA	434 mg/m ³
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
mesitylene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
cumene	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	375 mg/m ³
	TWA	125 mg/m ³
toluene	TWA	50 ppm

Chemical Name

TWA 188 mg/m3

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Form : liquid Colour: blue Odor Threshold : no data available

pH

not applicable

Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	135 °C	
Flash point	24 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	5.6 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.97 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	415 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

xylene	Category 2
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 3
toluene	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged

contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
5,9,14,18-Anthrazinetetrone, 6,15-dihydro-	Category 3
mesitylene	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1
toluene	Category 2

Chronic aquatic toxicity

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates

xylene Category 9.4C

% of unknown composition 0%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: III

Hazchem Code: 3Y

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: III

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: III

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates	Category 9.4C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	9

Revision Date: 2015-01-29
B12725050

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.



End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	TINT 684R Reduced Black
Product code	6038035
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates	Category 9.4C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate; methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
1330-20-7	xylene	20 - 30%	✓	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	5 - 10%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	5 - 10%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
1333-86-4	carbon black	1 - 3%		
108-67-8	mesitylene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
41556-26-7	bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) seba- cate	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
98-82-8	cumene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
82919-37-7	methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl se- bacate	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	STEL	217 mg/m ³
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m ³
	TWA	713 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	434 mg/m ³
	TWA	25 ppm
carbon black	TWA	123 mg/m ³
	TWA	3 mg/m ³
mesitylene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
cumene	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	375 mg/m ³
	TWA	125 mg/m ³

Chemical Name

toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m3

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Form : liquid Colour: black Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	135 °C	
Flash point	24 °C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	5.5 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	nil	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.97 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	415 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

xylene	Category 2
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 3
toluene	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1
toluene	Category 2

Chronic aquatic toxicity

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates

xylene Category 9.4C

% of unknown composition 0%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
Hazard Class: 3
Packing group: III
Hazchem Code: 3Y

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
Hazard Class: 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
Packing group: III
Marine Pollutant: no
EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
Hazard Class: 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
Packing group: III

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates	Category 9.4C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	9

Revision Date: 2015-01-29
B12724378

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA TQD 1 White
Product code	6102003
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling



Hazard symbols

Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Causes skin irritation.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Suspected of causing cancer.
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Harmful to aquatic life.
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Avoid release to the environment.
Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	20 - 30%		
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	5 - 10%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	3 - 5%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	1 - 3%	✓	
21645-51-2	aluminium hydroxide	0.3 - 1.0%		
7631-86-9	amorphous Silica	0.3 - 1.0%		
78-83-1	iso-butanol	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 20 - 30%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m ³
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
n-hexane	TWA	20 ppm
	TWA	72 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
	TWA	434 mg/m ³
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³
aluminium hydroxide	TWA	2 mg/m ³
amorphous Silica	TWA	10 mg/m ³
iso-butanol	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatrill® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: white Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	-7 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	7 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	18.3 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	nil	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.14 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	231 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 20.3 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
iso-butanol	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

2-butanone oxime Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

n-hexane	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE), etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

Titanium dioxide	Category 3
xylene	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1

% of unknown composition 20.3%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date:	2014-12-05
B12724785	

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA TQD 649 Voilet
Product code	6103084
Intended use of the substance/preparation	
Coating for professional use	
Supplier	
Street address	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	
Street/Box	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life.</p>

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Avoid release to the environment.
 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz-ardous
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	5 - 10%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	5 - 10%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	1 - 3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	1 - 3%	✓	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
n-hexane	TWA	217 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	20 ppm
ethylbenzene	TWA	72 mg/m ³
	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
iso-butanol	STEL	543 mg/m ³
	TWA	434 mg/m ³
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: violet Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	7 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	7 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	21.8 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.89 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	231 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information**Information on likely routes of exposure****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:**Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5
2-butanone oxime	Category 4

% of unknown composition 35.2 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
iso-butanol	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

xylene	Category 2A
n-hexane	Category 2B
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
iso-butanol	Category 1
toluene	Category 2B
2-butanone oxime	Category 1

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

2-butanone oxime Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2

% of unknown composition 35.2%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
Hazard Class: 3
Packing group: II
Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
Hazard Class: 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
Packing group: II
Marine Pollutant: yes [naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)]
EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
Hazard Class: 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date:	2014-12-05
	B12769249

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA TQD 774 Bright Red
Product code	6103095
Intended use of the substance/preparation	
Coating for professional use	
Supplier	
Street address	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	
Street/Box	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</p>

Precautionary statements Avoid release to the environment.
 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	√	
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	√	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	5 - 10%	√	
110-54-3	n-hexane	5 - 10%	√	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	√	
108-88-3	toluene	1 - 3%	√	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	0.3 - 1.0%	√	
51274-00-1	Light yellow lemon yellow oxide pigment	0.3 - 1.0%		
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.3 - 1.0%	√	

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
n-hexane	TWA	20 ppm
	TWA	72 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
	TWA	434 mg/m ³
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³
iso-butanol	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m ³
Light yellow lemon yellow oxide pigment	TWA	1 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatrill® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: red Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	7 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	Not applicable. %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	20.5 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.93 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	231 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information**Information on likely routes of exposure****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:**Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5
2-butanone oxime	Category 4

% of unknown composition 30 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
iso-butanol	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

2-butanone oxime Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2

% of unknown composition 30%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	3, 8

Revision Date: 2015-01-29
B12769252

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA TQD 86 Red Oxide
Product code	6103096
Intended use of the substance/preparation	
Coating for professional use	
Supplier	
Street address	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	
Street/Box	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life.</p>

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Avoid release to the environment.
 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
1309-37-1	Iron oxide	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	5 - 10%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	5 - 10%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	1 - 3%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	1 - 3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	1 - 3%	✓	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 30 - 40%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist,

call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
Iron oxide	TWA	5 mg/m ³
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
n-hexane	TWA	20 ppm
	TWA	72 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
iso-butanol	TWA	434 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m ³
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Form : liquid Colour: red Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	-7 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	Not applicable. %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	16.8 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.01 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	231 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information**Information on likely routes of exposure****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:**Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5
2-butanone oxime	Category 4

% of unknown composition 32.7 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

Iron oxide	Category 2
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3

iso-butanol	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Iron oxide	Category 1
xylene	Category 2A
n-hexane	Category 2B
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
iso-butanol	Category 1
toluene	Category 2B
2-butanone oxime	Category 1

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime	Category 1
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Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

2-butanone oxime	Category 2
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Toxicity for reproduction

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

Iron oxide	Category 3
xylene	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2

% of unknown composition 32.7%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II
 Marine Pollutant: no
 EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT
 UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date:	2014-12-05
	B12725000

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA TQD 851 Maroon
Product code	6103100
Intended use of the substance/preparation	
Coating for professional use	
Supplier	
Street address	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	
Street/Box	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</p>

Precautionary statements

Avoid release to the environment.
 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 Collect spillage.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	5 - 10%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	5 - 10%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	1 - 3%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
n-hexane	TWA	20 ppm
	TWA	72 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
toluene	TWA	434 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
iso-butanol	TWA	188 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: magenta Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	-6 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	Not applicable. %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	22.8 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.89 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	231 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information**Information on likely routes of exposure****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:**Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5
2-butanone oxime	Category 4

% of unknown composition 35.8 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
iso-butanol	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

2-butanone oxime Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2

% of unknown composition 35.8%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: yes [naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)]

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2014-12-05
B12724790

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA TQD 740 Vesuvius
Product code	6103127
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</p>

Precautionary statements Avoid release to the environment.
 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	5 - 10%	✓	
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	5 - 10%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	3 - 5%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	3 - 5%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	1 - 3%	✓	
110-43-0	heptan-2-one	1 - 3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	1 - 3%	✓	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
628-63-7	pentyl acetate	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 50 - 60%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
n-butyl acetate	TWA	217 mg/m ³
	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m ³
n-hexane	TWA	713 mg/m ³
	TWA	20 ppm
ethylbenzene	TWA	72 mg/m ³
	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
heptan-2-one	TWA	434 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
toluene	TWA	233 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
pentyl acetate	TWA	188 mg/m ³
	TWA	100 ppm
	TWA	532 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Form : liquid Colour: red Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable
Freezing point	Not applicable.
Boiling point	66 °C
Flash point	-6 °C
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether
Flammability	
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %

Vapour pressure	13.2 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.97 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	231 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
heptan-2-one	Category 4
toluene	Category 5
2-butanone oxime	Category 4

% of unknown composition 29.7 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

xylene	Category 2
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
heptan-2-one	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
pentyl acetate	Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

2-butanone oxime Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- Skin Absorption

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
heptan-2-one	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
pentyl acetate	Category 4

% of unknown composition 29.7%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II
 Marine Pollutant: no
 EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	9

Revision Date: 2015-01-29
 B12724800

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA TQD 18 Yellow Oxide
Product code	6104120
Intended use of the substance/preparation	
Coating for professional use	
Supplier	
Street address	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	
Street/Box	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</p>

Precautionary statements Avoid release to the environment.
 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
51274-00-1	Light yellow lemon yellow oxide pigment	10 - 20%		
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	5 - 10%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	5 - 10%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	1 - 3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	1 - 3%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 30 - 40%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
Light yellow lemon yellow oxide pigment	TWA	1 mg/m ³
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
n-hexane	TWA	20 ppm
	TWA	72 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
	TWA	434 mg/m ³
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³
iso-butanol	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Form : liquid Colour: yellow Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	7 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	Not applicable. %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	18.2 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.01 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	231 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:**Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5
2-butanone oxime	Category 4

% of unknown composition 31.3 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
toluene	Category 2

iso-butanol
2-butanone oxime

Category 2
Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

2-butanone oxime Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2

% of unknown composition 31.3%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	3, 8

Revision Date: 2015-01-29
B12769266

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA TQD 710 Seville LF
Product code	6104162
Intended use of the substance/preparation	
Coating for professional use	
Supplier	
Street address	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	
Street/Box	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life.</p>

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Avoid release to the environment.
 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	5 - 10%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	5 - 10%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	1 - 3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	1 - 3%	✓	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
n-hexane	TWA	20 ppm
	TWA	72 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
iso-butanol	TWA	434 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
toluene	TWA	152 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: red Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	-6 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	Not applicable. %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	17.3 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.94 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	231 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information**Information on likely routes of exposure****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:**Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5
2-butanone oxime	Category 4

% of unknown composition 38.5 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
iso-butanol	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

xylene	Category 2A
n-hexane	Category 2B
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
iso-butanol	Category 1
toluene	Category 2B
2-butanone oxime	Category 1

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

2-butanone oxime Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2

% of unknown composition 38.5%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
Hazard Class: 3
Packing group: II
Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
Hazard Class: 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
Packing group: II
Marine Pollutant: no
EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
Hazard Class: 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date:	2014-12-05
	B12724849

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA TQD 610 Canary Yellow LF
Product code	6104163
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life.</p>

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Avoid release to the environment.
 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 Collect spillage.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	5 - 10%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	5 - 10%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	3 - 5%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	1 - 3%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	1 - 3%	✓	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
n-hexane	TWA	217 mg/m ³
	TWA	20 ppm
	TWA	72 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
toluene	TWA	434 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
iso-butanol	TWA	188 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Form : liquid Colour: yellow Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	-6 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	Not applicable. %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	21.7 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.9 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	231 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:**Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5
2-butanone oxime	Category 4

% of unknown composition 33.2 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3

iso-butanol
2-butanone oxime

Category 2
Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

xylene	Category 2A
n-hexane	Category 2B
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
toluene	Category 2B
iso-butanol	Category 1
2-butanone oxime	Category 1

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

2-butanone oxime Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE), etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2

% of unknown composition 33.2%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: yes [naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)]
 EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date:	2014-12-05
	B12724856

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA TQD 660 Sunflower Gold
Product code	6104164
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life.</p>

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Avoid release to the environment.
 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz-ardous
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	5 - 10%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	3 - 5%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	1 - 3%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	1 - 3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	1 - 3%	✓	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
ethylbenzene	TWA	217 mg/m ³
	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
n-hexane	TWA	434 mg/m ³
	TWA	20 ppm
	TWA	72 mg/m ³
iso-butanol	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m ³
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Form : liquid Colour: yellow Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	7 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	Not applicable. %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	14.9 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.94 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	231 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:**Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5
2-butanone oxime	Category 4

% of unknown composition 39.1 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
iso-butanol	Category 2

toluene
2-butanone oxime

Category 2
Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

xylene	Category 2A
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
n-hexane	Category 2B
iso-butanol	Category 1
toluene	Category 2B
2-butanone oxime	Category 1

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

2-butanone oxime Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2

% of unknown composition 39.1%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: no
 EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date:	2014-12-05
B12769276	

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA TQD 599 Yellow Gold
Product code	6104165
Intended use of the substance/preparation	
Coating for professional use	
Supplier	
Street address	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	
Street/Box	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</p>

Precautionary statements Avoid release to the environment.
 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	10 - 20%		
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	5 - 10%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	5 - 10%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
1314-60-9	Antimony pentoxide	1 - 3%		
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	1 - 3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	1 - 3%	✓	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
21645-51-2	aluminium hydroxide	0.1 - 0.3%		
78-83-1	iso-butanol	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 30 - 40%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m ³
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
n-hexane	TWA	20 ppm
	TWA	72 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
Antimony pentoxide	TWA	434 mg/m ³
	TWA	0.5 mg/m ³
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³
aluminium hydroxide	TWA	2 mg/m ³
iso-butanol	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Form : liquid Colour: yellow Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	7 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	Not applicable. %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	14.4 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	nil	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.07 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	231 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		

Viscosity (23 °C) | Not applicable. ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5
2-butanone oxime	Category 4

% of unknown composition 32.7 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3

n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
iso-butanol	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

2-butanone oxime Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

Titanium dioxide	Category 3
xylene	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1

% of unknown composition 32.7%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2014-12-05
B12769285

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA TQD 611 HO Bright Yellow IG
Product code	6104216
Intended use of the substance/preparation	
Coating for professional use	
Supplier	
Street address	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	
Street/Box	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life.</p>

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Avoid release to the environment.
 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	5 - 10%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	5 - 10%	✓	
8007-18-9	Nickel, antimony, titanium yellow pigment	5 - 10%		
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	1 - 3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	1 - 3%	✓	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
n-hexane	TWA	217 mg/m ³
	TWA	20 ppm
	TWA	72 mg/m ³
Nickel, antimony, titanium yellow pigment	TWA	0.1 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
iso-butanol	TWA	434 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
toluene	TWA	152 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Form : liquid Colour: yellow Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	7 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	Not applicable. %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	15.0 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.98 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	231 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity**Stability**

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:**Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5
2-butanone oxime	Category 4

% of unknown composition 35.5 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
iso-butanol	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

xylene	Category 2A
n-hexane	Category 2B
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
iso-butanol	Category 1
toluene	Category 2B
2-butanone oxime	Category 1

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

2-butanone oxime Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbition, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2

% of unknown composition 35.5%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Packing group: II
 Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II
 Marine Pollutant: no
 EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
Hazard Class: 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.1	9

Revision Date: 2014-12-05
B12873012

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA TQD 711 Orange IG
Product code	6104217
Intended use of the substance/preparation	
Coating for professional use	
Supplier	
Street address	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	
Street/Box	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</p>

Precautionary statements Avoid release to the environment.
 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	5 - 10%	✓	
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	5 - 10%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	3 - 5%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	3 - 5%	✓	
8032-32-4	low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	3 - 5%	✓	
64742-94-5	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	1 - 3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	1 - 3%	✓	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
1317-65-3	Limestone (calcium carbonate)	0.1 - 0.3%		
112-02-7	1-Hexadecanaminium, N,N,N-trimethyl-, chloride (1:1)	0.0 - 0.1%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 50 - 60%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	STEL	217 mg/m ³
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m ³
	TWA	713 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
	TWA	434 mg/m ³
n-hexane	TWA	20 ppm
	TWA	72 mg/m ³
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³
Limestone (calcium carbonate)	TWA	10 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Form : liquid Colour: orange Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	-6 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	13.7 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.95 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	231 °C	DIN 51794

Decomposition temperature
Viscosity (23 °C) | Not applicable. ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	Category 4
toluene	Category 5
2-butanone oxime	Category 4
1-Hexadecanaminium, N,N,N-trimethyl-, chloride (1:1)	Category 5

% of unknown composition 28.8 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

xylene	Category 2
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
1-Hexadecanaminium, N,N,N-trimethyl-, chloride (1:1)	Category 1C

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

low boiling point naphtha (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1B
2-butanone oxime	Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
1-Hexadecanaminium, N,N,N-trimethyl-, chloride (1:1)	Category 1

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 2
1-Hexadecanaminium, N,N,N-trimethyl-, chloride (1:1)	Category 1

% of unknown composition 33.2%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Packing group: II
 Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II
 Marine Pollutant: no
 EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
3.0	9, 11

Revision Date: 2015-01-29
 B13071006

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA TQD 19 Yellow Ochre IG
Product code	6104218
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</p>

Precautionary statements Avoid release to the environment.
 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
51274-00-1	Light yellow lemon yellow oxide pigment	10 - 20%		
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	5 - 10%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	5 - 10%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	1 - 3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	1 - 3%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 30 - 40%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
Light yellow lemon yellow oxide pigment	TWA	1 mg/m ³
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
n-hexane	TWA	20 ppm
	TWA	72 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
	TWA	434 mg/m ³
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³
iso-butanol	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Form : liquid Colour: yellow Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	7 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	Not applicable. %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	18.2 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.01 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	231 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:**Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5
2-butanone oxime	Category 4

% of unknown composition 31.3 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
toluene	Category 2

iso-butanol
2-butanone oxime

Category 2
Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

2-butanone oxime Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2

% of unknown composition 31.3%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	3, 8

Revision Date: 2015-01-29
B12769266

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA TQD 1202 Monastral Green
Product code	6105070
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</p>

Precautionary statements

Avoid release to the environment.
 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 Collect spillage.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	20 - 30%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	5 - 10%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	3 - 5%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	1 - 3%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 30 - 40%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
n-hexane	TWA	20 ppm
	TWA	72 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
toluene	TWA	434 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
iso-butanol	TWA	188 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: green Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	7 °C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	7 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	26.5 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.89 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	231 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information**Information on likely routes of exposure****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:**Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5
2-butanone oxime	Category 4

% of unknown composition 27.8 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
iso-butanol	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

2-butanone oxime Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

n-hexane	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE), etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2

% of unknown composition 27.8%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: yes [naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)]

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2014-12-05
B12758610

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA TQD 620 Monastral Blue
Product code	6106087
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</p>

Precautionary statements Avoid release to the environment.
 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	√	
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	√	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	5 - 10%	√	
110-54-3	n-hexane	5 - 10%	√	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	√	
108-88-3	toluene	1 - 3%	√	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	0.3 - 1.0%	√	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.3 - 1.0%	√	

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
n-hexane	TWA	20 ppm
	TWA	72 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
toluene	TWA	434 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
iso-butanol	TWA	188 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: blue Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	7 °C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	Not applicable. %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	20.3 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	nil	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.9 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	231 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information**Information on likely routes of exposure****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:**Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5
2-butanone oxime	Category 4

% of unknown composition 37.9 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
iso-butanol	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

2-butanone oxime Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2

% of unknown composition 37.9%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2014-12-05
B12758604

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA TQD 573 Red Tone Blue
Product code	6106089
Intended use of the substance/preparation	
Coating for professional use	
Supplier	
Street address	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	
Street/Box	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life.</p>

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Avoid release to the environment.
 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	5 - 10%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	5 - 10%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	1 - 3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	1 - 3%	✓	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
n-hexane	TWA	20 ppm
	TWA	72 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
iso-butanol	TWA	434 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
toluene	TWA	152 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: blue Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	7 °C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	Not applicable. %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	17.9 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.92 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	231 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information**Information on likely routes of exposure****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:**Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5
2-butanone oxime	Category 4

% of unknown composition 38.1 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
iso-butanol	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

xylene	Category 2A
n-hexane	Category 2B
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
iso-butanol	Category 1
toluene	Category 2B
2-butanone oxime	Category 1

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

2-butanone oxime Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2

% of unknown composition 38.1%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Packing group: II
 Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II
 Marine Pollutant: no
 EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date:	2014-12-05
B12769296	

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA TQD 373 Tinting Black
Product code	6108052
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</p>

Precautionary statements Avoid release to the environment.
 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	5 - 10%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	5 - 10%	✓	
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	5 - 10%	✓	
1333-86-4	carbon black	3 - 5%		
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	3 - 5%	✓	
96-29-7	2-butanone oxime	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
n-hexane	TWA	217 mg/m ³
	TWA	20 ppm
	TWA	72 mg/m ³
carbon black	TWA	3 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
toluene	TWA	434 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
iso-butanol	TWA	188 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Form : liquid Colour: black Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	-6 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	7 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	16.8 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.93 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	231 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity**Stability**

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

The product contains ingredients which, under certain conditions, also may release formaldehyde. If necessary, the precise concentration has to be determined. When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:**Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5
2-butanone oxime	Category 4

% of unknown composition 36.2 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3
iso-butanol	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

2-butanone oxime Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

2-butanone oxime Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbition, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
n-hexane	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
2-butanone oxime	Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2

% of unknown composition 36.2%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
Hazard Class: 3
Packing group: II
Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
Hazard Class: 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
Packing group: II
Marine Pollutant: no
EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
Hazard Class: 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2014-12-05
B12724999

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Drier Mix
Product code	6119019
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Hardener for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
108-88-3	toluene	50 - 60%	✓	
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	20 - 30%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-88-7	solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	5 - 10%	✓	
64742-82-1	naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0,1% benzene)	1 - 3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 5 - 10%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Chemical Name

**National occupational exposure limits
Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name

toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³
n-hexane	TWA	20 ppm
	TWA	72 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0,1% benzene)	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatrill[®] glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: brown Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	1 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	7.6 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	42.3 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	nil	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.8 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	201 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	<20 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

toluene	Category 2
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Testes n-hexane, solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss

of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 2
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2

% of unknown composition 0%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: yes [naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)]
EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263
Hazard Class: 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.1	9

Revision Date: 2015-01-29
B12725326

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA True White
Product code	6132108
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate; methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	30 - 40%		
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	5 - 10%	✓	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	5 - 10%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
108-67-8	mesitylene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
21645-51-2	aluminium hydroxide	0.3 - 1.0%		
7631-86-9	amorphous Silica	0.3 - 1.0%		
41556-26-7	bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
98-82-8	cumene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
82919-37-7	methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 20 - 30%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist,

call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m3
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m3
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	713 mg/m3
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m3
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m3
	TWA	434 mg/m3
mesitylene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m3
	TWA	123 mg/m3
aluminium hydroxide	TWA	2 mg/m3
amorphous Silica	TWA	10 mg/m3
cumene	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm

 Chemical Name

	STEL	375 mg/m ³
	TWA	125 mg/m ³
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	30 min
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril[®] glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: white Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	135 °C	
Flash point	24 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	7 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	3.5 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	nil	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.28 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	415 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
mesitylene	Category 3
toluene	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbition, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

Titanium dioxide	Category 3
xylene	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1
toluene	Category 2

Chronic aquatic toxicity

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

% of unknown composition 0%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Packing group: III
 Hazchem Code: 3Y

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: III
 Marine Pollutant: no
 EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: III

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2014-12-05
 B12725093

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of



its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA 2K Hi-Edge White
Product code	6132132
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful to aquatic life.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate; methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	30 - 40%		
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	5 - 10%	✓	
78-93-3	butanone	5 - 10%	✓	
763-69-9	ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	3 - 5%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
21645-51-2	aluminium hydroxide	0.3 - 1.0%		
7631-86-9	amorphous Silica	0.3 - 1.0%		
41556-26-7	bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
108-67-8	mesitylene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
82919-37-7	methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 20 - 30%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m ³
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m ³
butanone	TWA	713 mg/m ³
	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	300 ppm
ethylbenzene	STEL	890 mg/m ³
	TWA	445 mg/m ³
	TWA	100 ppm
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
	TWA	434 mg/m ³
aluminium hydroxide	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
amorphous Silica	TWA	2 mg/m ³
mesitylene	TWA	10 mg/m ³
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
	TWA	123 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
butanone	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: white Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	No data available.
Freezing point	Not applicable.
Boiling point	78 °C
Flash point	-1 °C
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether
Flammability	
Upper explosion limit	11 %
Lower explosion limit	1 %
Vapour pressure	14.6 hPa
Solubility(ies)	appreciable

Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.28 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	377 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

xylene	Category 2
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
butanone	Category 3
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

xylene	Category 2A
butanone	Category 2A
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2A
mesitylene	Category 2A

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

Titanium dioxide	Category 3
xylene	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
mesitylene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

% of unknown composition 0%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Packing group: II
 Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II
 Marine Pollutant: no
 EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT
UN number: 1263
Hazard Class: 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	3, 8, 11, 12

Revision Date: 2015-01-29
B12974588

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA 2K SIGNAL RED
Product code	6133159
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Obtain special instructions before use.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate; methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	10 - 20%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	5 - 10%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
108-67-8	mesitylene	1 - 3%	✓	
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	1 - 3%		
41556-26-7	bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) seba- cate	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
98-82-8	cumene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
82919-37-7	methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl se- bacate	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m ³
	TWA	713 mg/m ³
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
mesitylene	TWA	434 mg/m ³
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
Titanium dioxide	TWA	123 mg/m ³
	TWA	10 mg/m ³
cumene	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	375 mg/m ³
	TWA	125 mg/m ³

 Chemical Name

toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril[®] glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Form : liquid Colour: red Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	124 °C	
Flash point	4 °C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	5.0 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.02 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	320 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	<20 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
mesitylene	Category 3
toluene	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
xylene	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
Titanium dioxide	Category 3
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1
toluene	Category 2

Chronic aquatic toxicity

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

% of unknown composition 0%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3
Packing group: II
Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
Hazard Class: 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
Packing group: II
Marine Pollutant: no
EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
Hazard Class: 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code HSR002662
HSNO Control A This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification
Acute inhalation toxicity Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction Category 6.8B
Flammable liquids Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	9
Revision Date:	2015-01-29
B12914808	

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA 2K Safety Yellow
Product code	6134207
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate; methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz-ardous
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	10 - 20%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	5 - 10%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
8007-18-9	Nickel, antimony, titanium yellow pigment	3 - 5%		
108-67-8	mesitylene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
41556-26-7	bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
51274-00-1	Light yellow lemon yellow oxide pigment	0.3 - 1.0%		
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	0.3 - 1.0%		
98-82-8	cumene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
82919-37-7	methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist,

call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m ³
	TWA	713 mg/m ³
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
Nickel, antimony, titanium yellow pigment	TWA	434 mg/m ³
	TWA	0.1 mg/m ³
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
mesitylene	TWA	123 mg/m ³
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
Light yellow lemon yellow oxide pigment	TWA	1 mg/m ³
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m ³
cumene	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm

 Chemical Name

	STEL	375 mg/m ³
	TWA	125 mg/m ³
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril[®] glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: yellow Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	135 °C	
Flash point	24 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	7 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	4.5 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	nil	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.05 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	401 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

This product contains a diaryl pigment. At temperatures over 200 ° C can occur 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine. Therefore, this product should not be used if the temperature is exceeded. When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
mesitylene	Category 3
toluene	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
xylene	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
Titanium dioxide	Category 3
cumene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1
toluene	Category 2

Chronic aquatic toxicity

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

% of unknown composition 0%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: III

Hazchem Code: 3Y

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: III

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: III

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code HSR002662

HSNO Classification

Acute inhalation toxicity Category 6.1E

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 6.3A

Skin sensitisation Category 6.5B

Toxicity for reproduction Category 6.8B

Flammable liquids Category 3.1C

Acute aquatic toxicity Category 9.1C

Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	3, 8

Revision Date: 2015-01-29
B12905540

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.



End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA 2K Taxi Yellow
Product code	6134208
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Obtain special instructions before use.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate; methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	10 - 20%		
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	5 - 10%	✓	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	5 - 10%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
8007-18-9	Nickel, antimony, titanium yellow pigment	1 - 3%		
108-67-8	mesitylene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
21645-51-2	aluminium hydroxide	0.3 - 1.0%		
7631-86-9	amorphous Silica	0.3 - 1.0%		
41556-26-7	bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) seba- cate	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
98-82-8	cumene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
82919-37-7	methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl se- bacate	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 30 - 40%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m ³
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m ³
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	713 mg/m ³
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
Nickel, antimony, titanium yellow pigment	TWA	434 mg/m ³
	TWA	0.1 mg/m ³
	TWA	25 ppm
mesitylene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
aluminium hydroxide	TWA	2 mg/m ³

 Chemical Name

amorphous Silica	TWA	10 mg/m3
cumene	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	375 mg/m3
	TWA	125 mg/m3
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m3

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	30 min
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatrill® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: yellow Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	135 °C	
Flash point	4 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	7 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	4.0 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	nil	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.16 <i>g/cm</i> ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	401 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	<20 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
mesitylene	Category 3
toluene	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbition, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

Titanium dioxide	Category 3
xylene	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1
toluene	Category 2

Chronic aquatic toxicity

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

% of unknown composition 0%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code HSR002662

HSNO Control A This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.

HSNO Classification

Acute inhalation toxicity Category 6.1E

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 6.3A

Skin sensitisation Category 6.5B

Toxicity for reproduction Category 6.8B

Flammable liquids Category 3.1B

Acute aquatic toxicity Category 9.1C

Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2014-12-05
B12905556



The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA 2K Coates Orange
Product code	6134214
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Obtain special instructions before use.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate; methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	10 - 20%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	5 - 10%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
108-67-8	mesitylene	1 - 3%	✓	
8007-18-9	Nickel, antimony, titanium yellow pigment	1 - 3%		
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	1 - 3%		
41556-26-7	bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) seba- cate	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
51274-00-1	Light yellow lemon yellow oxide pigment	0.3 - 1.0%		
98-82-8	cumene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
82919-37-7	methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl se- bacate	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m3
xylene	TWA	713 mg/m3
	TWA	50 ppm
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	217 mg/m3
	TWA	25 ppm
ethylbenzene	TWA	123 mg/m3
	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
mesitylene	STEL	543 mg/m3
	TWA	434 mg/m3
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
Nickel, antimony, titanium yellow pigment	TWA	123 mg/m3
	TWA	123 mg/m3
	TWA	123 mg/m3
Titanium dioxide	TWA	0.1 mg/m3
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m3
Light yellow lemon yellow oxide pigment	TWA	1 mg/m3

 Chemical Name

cumene	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	375 mg/m ³
	TWA	125 mg/m ³
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril[®] glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: orange Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	124 °C	
Flash point	4 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	4.8 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	nil	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.04 <i>g/cm</i> ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	320 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	<20 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
mesitylene	Category 3
toluene	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
xylene	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
Titanium dioxide	Category 3
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1
toluene	Category 2

Chronic aquatic toxicity

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

% of unknown composition 0%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code HSR002662

HSNO Control A This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.

HSNO Classification

Acute inhalation toxicity Category 6.1E

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 6.3A

Skin sensitisation Category 6.5B

Toxicity for reproduction Category 6.8B

Flammable liquids Category 3.1B

Acute aquatic toxicity Category 9.1C

Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	3, 8, 9

Revision Date: 2015-01-29
B12972396

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.



End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Ebony Black
Product code	6138072
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate; methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	10 - 20%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	5 - 10%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
1333-86-4	carbon black	1 - 3%		
108-67-8	mesitylene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
41556-26-7	bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) seba- cate	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
98-82-8	cumene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
82919-37-7	methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl se- bacate	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m ³
	TWA	713 mg/m ³
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
carbon black	TWA	434 mg/m ³
	TWA	3 mg/m ³
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
mesitylene	TWA	123 mg/m ³
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
cumene	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	375 mg/m ³
	TWA	125 mg/m ³

 Chemical Name

toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril[®] glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Form : liquid Colour: black Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	135 °C	
Flash point	24 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	5.5 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.98 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	415 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
mesitylene	Category 3
toluene	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
xylene	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1
toluene	Category 2

Chronic aquatic toxicity

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
cumene	Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

% of unknown composition 0%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: III
Hazchem Code: 3Y

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
Hazard Class: 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
Packing group: III
Marine Pollutant: no
EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
Hazard Class: 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
Packing group: III

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code HSR002662
HSNO Classification
Acute inhalation toxicity Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction Category 6.8B
Flammable liquids Category 3.1C
Acute aquatic toxicity Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	9

Revision Date: 2015-01-29
B12725103

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Hi Build 4:1 Epoxy Primer
Product code	6178129
Intended use of the substance/preparation	
Coating for professional use	
Supplier	
Street address	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	
Street/Box	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</p>

Precautionary statements Avoid release to the environment.
 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 Collect spillage.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains epoxy constituents. See information supplied by the manufacturer.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
25068-38-6	epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	10 - 20%	✓	
78-93-3	butanone	10 - 20%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
14807-96-6	Talc (Mg ₃ H ₂ (SiO ₃) ₄)	5 - 10%		
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	5 - 10%		
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
14808-60-7	Quartz (SiO ₂)	1 - 3%	✓	
7779-90-0	trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	1 - 3%	✓	
21645-51-2	aluminium hydroxide	0.3 - 1.0%		
7631-86-9	amorphous Silica	0.3 - 1.0%		
1314-13-2	zinc oxide	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 20 - 30%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
butanone	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	300 ppm
	STEL	890 mg/m3
	TWA	445 mg/m3
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m3
Talc (Mg ₃ H ₂ (SiO ₃) ₄)	TWA	2 mg/m3
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m3
	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
ethylbenzene	STEL	543 mg/m3
	TWA	434 mg/m3
	TWA	0.2 mg/m3
Quartz (SiO ₂)	TWA	0.2 mg/m3
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	TWA	10 mg/m3
aluminium hydroxide	TWA	2 mg/m3
amorphous Silica	TWA	10 mg/m3
zinc oxide	STEL	10 mg/m3
	TWA	5 mg/m3
toluene	TWA	50 ppm

Chemical Name

TWA 188 mg/m3

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
butanone	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	10 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril[®] glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Form : liquid Colour: beige Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	No data available.
Freezing point	Not applicable.
Boiling point	78 °C
Flash point	7 °C
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether
Flammability	

Upper explosion limit	11 %	
Lower explosion limit	1 %	
Vapour pressure	12.2 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	appreciable	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.39 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	301 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
Quartz (SiO ₂)	Category 4
toluene	Category 5

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

epoxy resin (number average molecular weight \leq 700)	Category 2
butanone	Category 3
xylene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
toluene	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

epoxy resin (number average molecular weight \leq 700)	Category 2A
butanone	Category 2A
xylene	Category 2A
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
toluene	Category 2B

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

epoxy resin (number average molecular weight \leq 700)	Category 1
--	------------

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene	Category 2
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Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

No data available.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. Based on the properties of the epoxy constituent(s) and considering toxicological data on similar preparations, this preparation may be a skin sensitiser and an irritant. Low molecular epoxy constituents are irritating to eyes, mucous membranes and skin. Repeated skin contact may lead to irritation and to sensitization, possibly with cross-sensitization to other epoxies. Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

epoxy resin (number average molecular weight \leq 700)	Category 1
xylene	Category 3
Titanium dioxide	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Category 1
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1
zinc oxide	Category 1
toluene	Category 2

Chronic aquatic toxicity

epoxy resin (number average molecular weight \leq 700)	Category 2
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Category 1
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1
zinc oxide	Category 1

% of unknown composition 0%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Packing group: II
 Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II
 Marine Pollutant: yes [trizinc bis(orthophosphate)]
 EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2014-12-05
 B12725542

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Econoshield Epoxy Primer Grey
Product code	6178134
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B
Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates	Category 9.4C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</p>

Precautionary statements Avoid release to the environment.
 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 Collect spillage.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains epoxy constituents. See information supplied by the manufacturer.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
1330-20-7	xylene	20 - 30%	✓	
25068-38-6	epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	10 - 20%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	5 - 10%	✓	
14807-96-6	Talc (Mg ₃ H ₂ (SiO ₃) ₄)	5 - 10%		
78-93-3	butanone	5 - 10%	✓	
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	5 - 10%		
14808-60-7	Quartz (SiO ₂)	1 - 3%	✓	
7779-90-0	trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	1 - 3%	✓	
21645-51-2	aluminium hydroxide	0.3 - 1.0%		
1314-13-2	zinc oxide	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
7631-86-9	amorphous Silica	0.1 - 0.3%		
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 20 - 30%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
ethylbenzene	TWA	217 mg/m ³
	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
Talc (Mg ₃ H ₂ (SiO ₃) ₄)	STEL	543 mg/m ³
	TWA	434 mg/m ³
	TWA	2 mg/m ³
butanone	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	300 ppm
	STEL	890 mg/m ³
Titanium dioxide	TWA	445 mg/m ³
	TWA	10 mg/m ³
Quartz (SiO ₂)	TWA	0.2 mg/m ³
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	TWA	10 mg/m ³
aluminium hydroxide	TWA	2 mg/m ³
zinc oxide	STEL	10 mg/m ³
	TWA	5 mg/m ³
amorphous Silica	TWA	10 mg/m ³
toluene	TWA	50 ppm

Chemical Name

TWA 188 mg/m3

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
butanone	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	10 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril[®] glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: grey Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable
Freezing point	Not applicable.
Boiling point	78 °C
Flash point	7 °C
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether
Flammability	

Upper explosion limit	11 %	
Lower explosion limit	1 %	
Vapour pressure	11.5 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.31 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	301 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
Quartz (SiO ₂)	Category 4
toluene	Category 5

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

xylene	Category 2
epoxy resin (number average molecular weight \leq 700)	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
butanone	Category 3
toluene	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

xylene	Category 2A
epoxy resin (number average molecular weight \leq 700)	Category 2A
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
butanone	Category 2A
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 2A
toluene	Category 2B

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

epoxy resin (number average molecular weight \leq 700)	Category 1
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Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene	Category 2
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Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

No data available.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. Based on the properties of the epoxy constituent(s) and considering toxicological data on similar preparations, this preparation may be a skin sensitiser and an irritant. Low molecular epoxy constituents are irritating to eyes, mucous membranes and skin. Repeated skin contact may lead to irritation and to sensitization, possibly with cross-sensitization to other epoxies. Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
epoxy resin (number average molecular weight \leq 700)	Category 1
ethylbenzene	Category 2
Titanium dioxide	Category 3
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Category 1
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1
zinc oxide	Category 1
toluene	Category 2

Chronic aquatic toxicity

epoxy resin (number average molecular weight \leq 700)	Category 2
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Category 1
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1
zinc oxide	Category 1

Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates

xylene Category 9.4C

% of unknown composition 0%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Packing group: II
 Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II
 Marine Pollutant: yes [epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)]
 EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B
Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates	Category 9.4C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2014-12-05
 B12829116

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA 1K Supa Etch
Product code	7078136
Intended use of the substance/preparation	
Coating for professional use	
Supplier	
Street address	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	
Street/Box	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1D
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray.
 Collect spillage.
 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains epoxy constituents. See information supplied by the manufacturer. Contains: epoxy resin (number average molecular weight \leq 700). May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
71-36-3	n-butanol	40 - 50%	✓	
107-98-2	1-methoxy-2-propanol	10 - 20%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	3 - 5%		
14807-96-6	Talc (Mg ₃ H ₂ (SiO ₃) ₄)	1 - 3%		
7779-90-0	trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	1 - 3%	✓	
25068-38-6	epoxy resin (number average molecular weight \leq 700)	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
1317-61-9	Black iron oxide	0.3 - 1.0%		
78-83-1	iso-butanol	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
7664-38-2	phosphoric acid	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
1314-13-2	zinc oxide	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
21645-51-2	aluminium hydroxide	0.1 - 0.3%		
7631-86-9	amorphous Silica	0.1 - 0.3%		
1333-86-4	carbon black	0.1 - 0.3%		
108-95-2	phenol	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 10 - 20%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage**Handling**

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
n-butanol	CEIL	150 mg/m3
	CEIL	50 ppm
1-methoxy-2-propanol	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	150 ppm
	STEL	553 mg/m3
	TWA	369 mg/m3
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m3
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m3
	TWA	434 mg/m3
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m3
Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)	TWA	2 mg/m3
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	TWA	10 mg/m3

Chemical Name		
Black iron oxide	TWA	1 mg/m3
iso-butanol	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m3
phosphoric acid	TWA	1 mg/m3
zinc oxide	STEL	10 mg/m3
	TWA	5 mg/m3
aluminium hydroxide	TWA	2 mg/m3
amorphous Silica	TWA	10 mg/m3
carbon black	TWA	3 mg/m3
phenol	TWA	5 ppm
	TWA	19 mg/m3

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butanol	Viton (R)®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R)®	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Form : liquid Colour: grey Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	No data available.	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	117 °C	
Flash point	-5 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	13.7 %	
Lower explosion limit	1 %	
Vapour pressure	6.3 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	appreciable	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.96 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	270 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	<20 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

10. Stability and reactivity**Stability**

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

The product contains ingredients which, under certain conditions, also may release formaldehyde. If necessary, the precise concentration has to be determined. When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information**Information on likely routes of exposure****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:
Acute oral toxicity

n-butanol	Category 4
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 5
xylene	Category 5
ethylbenzene	Category 5
Talc (Mg ₃ H ₂ (SiO ₃) ₄)	Category 4
iso-butanol	Category 5
phosphoric acid	Category 4
phenol	Category 3

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

n-butanol	Category 2
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3
xylene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	Category 2
iso-butanol	Category 2
phosphoric acid	Category 1A
phenol	Category 1

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

n-butanol	Category 1
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 2B
xylene	Category 2A
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	Category 2A
iso-butanol	Category 1
phosphoric acid	Category 1
phenol	Category 1
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 2A

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700) Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. Based on the properties of the epoxy constituent(s) and considering toxicological data on similar preparations, this preparation may be a skin sensitiser and an irritant. Low molecular epoxy constituents are irritating to eyes, mucous membranes and skin. Repeated skin contact may lead to irritation and to sensitization, possibly with cross-sensitization to other epoxies. Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2
Titanium dioxide	Category 3
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Category 1
epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	Category 1
phosphoric acid	Category 3
zinc oxide	Category 1
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1

Chronic aquatic toxicity

trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Category 1
epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	Category 2
zinc oxide	Category 1
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1

% of unknown composition 0%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: yes [trizinc bis(orthophosphate)]

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1D
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2014-12-05
B12845829

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Etch Primer Surfacer Grey
Product code	7078138
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains epoxy constituents. See information supplied by the manufacturer.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
71-23-8	propan-1-ol	30 - 40%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	10 - 20%	✓	
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	10 - 20%		
25068-38-6	epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	3 - 5%	✓	
14807-96-6	Talc (Mg ₃ H ₂ (SiO ₃) ₄)	3 - 5%		
107-98-2	1-methoxy-2-propanol	1 - 3%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	1 - 3%	✓	
21645-51-2	aluminium hydroxide	0.3 - 1.0%		
7631-86-9	amorphous Silica	0.3 - 1.0%		
1333-86-4	carbon black	0.3 - 1.0%		
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
7664-38-2	phosphoric acid	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
71-36-3	n-butanol	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 10 - 20%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
propan-1-ol	TWA	200 ppm
	STEL	250 ppm
	STEL	614 mg/m ³
	TWA	492 mg/m ³
iso-butanol	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m ³
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m ³
Talc (Mg ₃ H ₂ (SiO ₃) ₄)	TWA	2 mg/m ³
1-methoxy-2-propanol	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	150 ppm
	STEL	553 mg/m ³
	TWA	369 mg/m ³
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
aluminium hydroxide	TWA	2 mg/m ³
amorphous Silica	TWA	10 mg/m ³
carbon black	TWA	3 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
	TWA	434 mg/m ³

 Chemical Name

phosphoric acid	TWA	1 mg/m ³
n-butanol	CEIL	150 mg/m ³
	CEIL	50 ppm

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
propan-1-ol	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	481 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
n-butanol	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril[®] glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: grey Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	No data available.	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	97 °C	
Flash point	15 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	13.7 %	
Lower explosion limit	1.6 %	
Vapour pressure	9.3 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	appreciable	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.07 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	270 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	<20 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

The product contains ingredients which, under certain conditions, also may release formaldehyde. If necessary, the precise concentration has to be determined. When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

iso-butanol	Category 2
epoxy resin (number average molecular weight \leq 700)	Category 2
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3
xylene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
phosphoric acid	Category 1A
n-butanol	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

propan-1-ol	Category 1
iso-butanol	Category 1
epoxy resin (number average molecular weight \leq 700)	Category 2A
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 2B
xylene	Category 2A
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
phosphoric acid	Category 1
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 2A
n-butanol	Category 1

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisationepoxy resin (number average molecular weight \leq 700) Category 1**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. Based on the properties of the epoxy constituent(s) and considering toxicological data on similar preparations, this preparation may be a skin sensitiser and an irritant. Low molecular epoxy constituents are irritating to eyes, mucous membranes and skin. Repeated skin contact may lead to irritation and to sensitization, possibly with cross-sensitization to other epoxies. Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Chronic aquatic toxicity

epoxy resin (number average molecular weight \leq 700)	Category 2
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1

% of unknown composition 0%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II
 Marine Pollutant: no
 EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2014-12-05
 B12845846

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA 1K Supa Etch White
Product code	7078145
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1D
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray.
 Collect spillage.
 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains epoxy constituents. See information supplied by the manufacturer. Contains: epoxy resin (number average molecular weight \leq 700). May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
71-36-3	n-butanol	40 - 50%	✓	
107-98-2	1-methoxy-2-propanol	10 - 20%	✓	
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	10 - 20%		
1330-20-7	xylene	10 - 20%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
14807-96-6	Talc (Mg ₃ H ₂ (SiO ₃) ₄)	1 - 3%		
7779-90-0	trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	1 - 3%	✓	
21645-51-2	aluminium hydroxide	0.3 - 1.0%		
7631-86-9	amorphous Silica	0.3 - 1.0%		
25068-38-6	epoxy resin (number average molecular weight \leq 700)	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
7664-38-2	phosphoric acid	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
1314-13-2	zinc oxide	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
108-95-2	phenol	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 10 - 20%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
n-butanol	CEIL	150 mg/m ³
	CEIL	50 ppm
1-methoxy-2-propanol	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	150 ppm
	STEL	553 mg/m ³
	TWA	369 mg/m ³
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m ³
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
	TWA	434 mg/m ³
Talc (Mg ₃ H ₂ (SiO ₃) ₄)	TWA	2 mg/m ³
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	TWA	10 mg/m ³
aluminium hydroxide	TWA	2 mg/m ³
amorphous Silica	TWA	10 mg/m ³
iso-butanol	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m ³

 Chemical Name

phosphoric acid	TWA	1 mg/m3
zinc oxide	STEL	10 mg/m3
	TWA	5 mg/m3
phenol	TWA	5 ppm
	TWA	19 mg/m3

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butanol	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril[®] glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: white Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	No data available.	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	117 °C	
Flash point	-5 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	13.7 %	
Lower explosion limit	1 %	
Vapour pressure	5.8 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	appreciable	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	270 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	<20 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

The product contains ingredients which, under certain conditions, also may release formaldehyde. If necessary, the precise concentration has to be determined. When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

n-butanol	Category 4
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 5
xylene	Category 5
ethylbenzene	Category 5
Talc (Mg ₃ H ₂ (SiO ₃) ₄)	Category 4
iso-butanol	Category 5
phosphoric acid	Category 4
phenol	Category 3

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

n-butanol	Category 2
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3
xylene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
epoxy resin (number average molecular weight ≤ 700)	Category 2
iso-butanol	Category 2
phosphoric acid	Category 1A
phenol	Category 1

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

n-butanol	Category 1
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 2B
xylene	Category 2A
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
epoxy resin (number average molecular weight ≤ 700)	Category 2A
iso-butanol	Category 1
phosphoric acid	Category 1
phenol	Category 1

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

epoxy resin (number average molecular weight ≤ 700) Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. Based on the properties of the epoxy constituent(s) and considering toxicological data on similar preparations, this preparation may be a skin sensitiser and an irritant. Low molecular epoxy constituents are irritating to eyes, mucous membranes and skin. Repeated skin contact may lead to irritation and to sensitization, possibly with cross-sensitization to other epoxies. Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

Titanium dioxide	Category 3
xylene	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Category 1
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1
epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	Category 1
phosphoric acid	Category 3
zinc oxide	Category 1

Chronic aquatic toxicity

trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Category 1
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1
epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	Category 2
zinc oxide	Category 1

% of unknown composition 0%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: yes [trizinc bis(orthophosphate)]

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1D
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	



Version	Changes
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Revision Date:	2014-12-05
	B12974552

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Topcoat Hardener Standard
Product code	7099014
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Hardener for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Respiratory sensitisation	Category 6.5A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapour. Causes mild skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful to aquatic life.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains isocyanates. See information supplied by the manufacturer. Contains: xylene; hexamethylene-di-isocyanate. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
28182-81-2	Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	70 - 80%	✓	
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	10 - 20%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	5 - 10%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	1 - 3%	✓	
822-06-0	hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 0.0 - 0.1%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis. Skin contact may cause skin sensitization.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. The contaminated area should be cleaned up immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts), concentrated (d : 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts), water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in non-sealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose according to local regulations (see section 13).

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	STEL	0.07 mg/m ³
	TWA	0.02 mg/m ³
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	TWA	434 mg/m ³
	STEL	0.07 mg/m ³
	TWA	0.02 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. Air-fed protective respiratory equipment must be worn by spray operator even when good ventilation is provided.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

For spraying: air-fed respirator. For operations other than spraying: in well ventilated areas, air-fed respirators could be replaced by a combination of charcoal filter and particulate filter mask.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: clear Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	145 °C	
Flash point	24 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	Not applicable.	
Lower explosion limit	Not applicable.	
Vapour pressure	1.5 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	immiscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.07 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	272 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents and strongly acid or alkaline materials. Amines and alcohols cause exothermic reactions. Mixture reacts slowly with water resulting in evolution of CO₂. Evolution of CO₂ in closed containers causes overpressure and produces a risk of bursting.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen as well as hydrogen cyanide, amines, alcohols and water.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

xylene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	Category 1C

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 2A
xylene	Category 2A
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	Category 1

Respiratory sensitisation

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Category 1
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	Category 1

Skin sensitisation

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Category 1
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar products, the following applies: This formulation may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system leading to an asthmatic condition, wheeziness and a tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. Components of the product may be absorbed into the body through the skin.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity

hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	Category 3
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% of unknown composition 0%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: RESIN SOLUTION

UN number: 1866

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: III

Hazchem Code: 3Y

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: RESIN SOLUTION

UN number: 1866

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: III

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: RESIN SOLUTION

UN number: 1866

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: III

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Respiratory sensitisation	Category 6.5A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note



Version	Changes
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1.0	
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Revision Date: 2014-12-05
B12725231

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Primer Hardener
Product code	7099015
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates	Category 9.4C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
1330-20-7	xylene	20 - 30%	✓	
108-10-1	4-methylpentan-2-one	10 - 20%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	5 - 10%	✓	
71-36-3	n-butanol	5 - 10%	✓	
90-72-2	2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	1 - 3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 30 - 40%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**National occupational exposure limits
 Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name			
xylene	TWA	50 ppm	
	TWA	217 mg/m ³	
4-methylpentan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm	
	STEL	75 ppm	
	STEL	307 mg/m ³	
	TWA	205 mg/m ³	
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm	
	STEL	125 ppm	
	STEL	543 mg/m ³	
	TWA	434 mg/m ³	
n-butanol	CEIL	150 mg/m ³	
	CEIL	50 ppm	
toluene	TWA	50 ppm	
	TWA	188 mg/m ³	

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
n-butanol	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may

occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: orange Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	114 °C	
Flash point	1 °C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	11.2 %	
Lower explosion limit	1 %	
Vapour pressure	7.3 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.89 g/cm^3	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	340 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	>100 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:**Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
n-butanol	Category 5
toluene	Category 5

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

xylene	Category 2
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 3
n-butanol	Category 2
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Category 1C
toluene	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

xylene	Category 2A
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 2A
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
n-butanol	Category 1
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Category 1
toluene	Category 2B

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates

xylene	Category 9.4C
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% of unknown composition 0%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates	Category 9.4C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
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1.0



Version Changes

Revision Date: 2014-09-09
B12752282

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Topcoat Hardener Slow
Product code	7099034
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Hardener for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Respiratory sensitisation	Category 6.5A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if swallowed. Causes mild skin irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</p>
Precautionary statements	<p>Avoid release to the environment. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed.</p>

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray.
 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
 IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains isocyanates. See information supplied by the manufacturer. Contains: hexamethylene-di-isocyanate. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
28182-81-2	Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	70 - 80%	✓	
112-07-2	2-butoxyethyl acetate	10 - 20%	✓	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	3 - 5%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	1 - 3%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	1 - 3%	✓	
108-67-8	mesitylene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
822-06-0	hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
111-76-2	2-butoxyethanol	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 0.1 - 1.0%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis. Skin contact may cause skin sensitization.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. The contaminated area should be cleaned up immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts), concentrated (d : 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts), water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in non-sealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose according to local regulations (see section 13).

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	STEL	0.07 mg/m ³
	TWA	0.02 mg/m ³
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m ³
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	713 mg/m ³
	TWA	25 ppm
mesitylene	TWA	123 mg/m ³
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	TWA	123 mg/m ³
	STEL	0.07 mg/m ³
2-butoxyethanol	TWA	0.02 mg/m ³
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	121 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. Air-fed protective respiratory equipment must be worn by spray operator even when good ventilation is provided.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

For spraying: air-fed respirator. For operations other than spraying: in well ventilated areas, air-fed respirators could be replaced by a combination of charcoal filter and particulate filter mask.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	30 min
2-butoxyethanol	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Form : liquid Colour: transparent Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	-82 – -65 °C	
Boiling point	104 °C	
Flash point	-1 °C	DIN 53213/ISO 1523
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	8.8 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.5 %	
Vapour pressure	0.9 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.09 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	375 °C	DIN 51794

Decomposition temperature
Viscosity (23 °C)

Not applicable. ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents and strongly acid or alkaline materials. Amines and alcohols cause exothermic reactions. Mixture reacts slowly with water resulting in evolution of CO₂. Evolution of CO₂ in closed containers causes overpressure and produces a risk of bursting.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen as well as hydrogen cyanide, amines, alcohols and water.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

2-butoxyethyl acetate	Category 4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 5
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	Category 4
2-butoxyethanol	Category 4

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
mesitylene	Category 3
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	Category 1C
2-butoxyethanol	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Category 1
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	Category 1

Skin sensitisation

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Category 1
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar products, the following applies: This formulation may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system leading to an asthmatic condition, wheeziness and a tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. Components of the product may be absorbed into the body through the skin.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

2-butoxyethyl acetate	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	Category 3

% of unknown composition 0%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: no
EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263
Hazard Class: 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code HSR002662
HSNO Control A This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification
Acute oral toxicity Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 6.3B
Respiratory sensitisation Category 6.5A
Skin sensitisation Category 6.5B
Flammable liquids Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2014-12-05
B12776543

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Hi Build 4:1 Epoxy Primer Hardener
Product code	7099059
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates	Category 9.4C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
1330-20-7	xylene	20 - 30%	✓	
108-10-1	4-methylpentan-2-one	10 - 20%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	5 - 10%	✓	
71-36-3	n-butanol	5 - 10%	✓	
90-72-2	2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	1 - 3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 30 - 40%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**National occupational exposure limits
 Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name			
xylene	TWA	50 ppm	
	TWA	217 mg/m ³	
4-methylpentan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm	
	STEL	75 ppm	
	STEL	307 mg/m ³	
	TWA	205 mg/m ³	
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm	
	STEL	125 ppm	
	STEL	543 mg/m ³	
	TWA	434 mg/m ³	
n-butanol	CEIL	150 mg/m ³	
	CEIL	50 ppm	
toluene	TWA	50 ppm	
	TWA	188 mg/m ³	

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
n-butanol	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may

occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: orange Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	114 °C	
Flash point	1 °C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	11.2 %	
Lower explosion limit	1 %	
Vapour pressure	7.3 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.89 g/cm^3	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	340 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	>100 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:**Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
n-butanol	Category 5
toluene	Category 5

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

xylene	Category 2
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 3
n-butanol	Category 2
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Category 1C
toluene	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

xylene	Category 2A
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 2A
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
n-butanol	Category 1
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Category 1
toluene	Category 2B

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates

xylene	Category 9.4C
--------	---------------

% of unknown composition 0%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates	Category 9.4C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Version	Changes
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Revision Date:	2014-09-09
	B12752282

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Hi Build 4:1 Epoxy Primer Hardener Slow
Product code	7099063
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Hardener for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
1330-20-7	xylene	20 - 30%	✓	
90-72-2	2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	5 - 10%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	5 - 10%	✓	
108-10-1	4-methylpentan-2-one	5 - 10%	✓	
71074-89-0	bis((dimethylamino)methyl)phenol	1 - 3%	✓	
110-43-0	heptan-2-one	1 - 3%	✓	
71-36-3	n-butanol	1 - 3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name			
xylene	TWA	50 ppm	
	TWA	217 mg/m ³	
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm	
	STEL	125 ppm	
	STEL	543 mg/m ³	
	TWA	434 mg/m ³	
4-methylpentan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm	
	STEL	75 ppm	
	STEL	307 mg/m ³	
	TWA	205 mg/m ³	
heptan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm	
	TWA	233 mg/m ³	
n-butanol	CEIL	150 mg/m ³	
	CEIL	50 ppm	
toluene	TWA	50 ppm	
	TWA	188 mg/m ³	

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
n-butanol	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: clear Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	114 °C	
Flash point	1 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	7.5 %	
Lower explosion limit	1 %	
Vapour pressure	4.2 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.92 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	340 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 4
heptan-2-one	Category 4
n-butanol	Category 5
toluene	Category 5

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

xylene	Category 2
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Category 1C
ethylbenzene	Category 3
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3
bis((dimethylamino)methyl)phenol	Category 1B
heptan-2-one	Category 2
n-butanol	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

xylene	Category 2A
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Category 1
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 2A
heptan-2-one	Category 2B
n-butanol	Category 1
toluene	Category 2B

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2
heptan-2-one	Category 3
toluene	Category 2

% of unknown composition 1.4%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Packing group: II
 Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II
 Marine Pollutant: no
 EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Version	Changes
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Revision Date:	2014-12-05
	B13094208

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Hi Build 4:1 Epoxy Primer Hardener Fast
Product code	7099064
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates	Category 9.4C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
1330-20-7	xylene	20 - 30%	✓	
78-93-3	butanone	10 - 20%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	5 - 10%	✓	
71-36-3	n-butanol	5 - 10%	✓	
90-72-2	2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	1 - 3%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 30 - 40%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**National occupational exposure limits
 Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
butanone	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	300 ppm
	STEL	890 mg/m ³
	TWA	445 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
	TWA	434 mg/m ³
n-butanol	CEIL	150 mg/m ³
	CEIL	50 ppm
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
butanone	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min
n-butanol	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance

group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: orange Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	No data available.	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	78 °C	
Flash point	1 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	11.2 %	
Lower explosion limit	1 %	
Vapour pressure	22.6 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	appreciable	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.89 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	340 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	> 100 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure
Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:
Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
n-butanol	Category 5
toluene	Category 5

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

xylene	Category 2
butanone	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 3
n-butanol	Category 2
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Category 1C
toluene	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

xylene	Category 2A
butanone	Category 2A
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
n-butanol	Category 1
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Category 1
toluene	Category 2B

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates

xylene	Category 9.4C
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% of unknown composition 0%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates	Category 9.4C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
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1.0



Version	Changes
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Revision Date:	2014-12-05
	B12805669

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Econoshield EP Activator Standard
Product code	7099066
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates	Category 9.4C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if swallowed. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Obtain special instructions before use.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
1330-20-7	xylene	30 - 40%	✓	
78-93-3	butanone	20 - 30%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	5 - 10%	✓	
71-36-3	n-butanol	5 - 10%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 20 - 30%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**National occupational exposure limits
 Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
butanone	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	300 ppm
	STEL	890 mg/m ³
	TWA	445 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
	TWA	434 mg/m ³
n-butanol	CEIL	150 mg/m ³
	CEIL	50 ppm
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
butanone	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min
n-butanol	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance

group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: orange Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	No data available.	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	78 °C	
Flash point	1 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	11.2 %	
Lower explosion limit	1 %	
Vapour pressure	30.2 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	appreciable	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.87 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	340 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:**Acute oral toxicity**

xylene	Category 5
butanone	Category 5
ethylbenzene	Category 5
n-butanol	Category 4

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
n-butanol	Category 5
toluene	Category 5

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

xylene	Category 2
butanone	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 3
n-butanol	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

xylene	Category 2A
butanone	Category 2A
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
n-butanol	Category 1
toluene	Category 2B

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates

xylene	Category 9.4C
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% of unknown composition 0%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**Waste disposal methods**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information**NZS5433**

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates	Category 9.4C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2014-12-05
B12829129

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Econoshield EP Activator Slow
Product code	7099067
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Coating for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1D
Acute dermal toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if swallowed. May be harmful in contact with skin. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of causing cancer. Harmful to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</p>

Precautionary statements Avoid release to the environment.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 Collect spillage.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
64742-94-5	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	20 - 30%	✓	
112-07-2	2-butoxyethyl acetate	20 - 30%	✓	
71-36-3	n-butanol	5 - 10%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	5 - 10%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	1 - 3%	✓	
91-20-3	Naphthalene	1 - 3%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
98-82-8	cumene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
108-67-8	mesitylene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
111-76-2	2-butoxyethanol	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 20 - 30%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection
**National occupational exposure limits
 Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
n-butanol	CEIL	150 mg/m ³
	CEIL	50 ppm
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
Naphthalene	TWA	434 mg/m ³
	TWA	10 ppm
	STEL	15 ppm
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	STEL	79 mg/m ³
	TWA	52 mg/m ³
	TWA	25 ppm
cumene	TWA	123 mg/m ³
	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
mesitylene	STEL	375 mg/m ³
	TWA	125 mg/m ³
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
2-butoxyethanol	TWA	123 mg/m ³
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	121 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butanol	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
2-butoxyethanol	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril[®] glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: orange Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable
Freezing point	-89 – -65 °C
Boiling point	117 °C
Flash point	1 °C
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether
Flammability	
Upper explosion limit	11.2 %
Lower explosion limit	0.5 %

Vapour pressure	2.0 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.92 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	340 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

2-butoxyethyl acetate	Category 4
n-butanol	Category 4
xylene	Category 5
ethylbenzene	Category 5
Naphthalene	Category 4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 5
cumene	Category 5
2-butoxyethanol	Category 4

Acute dermal toxicity

2-butoxyethyl acetate	Category 4
n-butanol	Category 5
xylene	Category 4
2-butoxyethanol	Category 3

Acute inhalation toxicity

2-butoxyethyl acetate	Category 4
n-butanol	Category 5
xylene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 4
2-butoxyethanol	Category 4

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 2
n-butanol	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 3
2-butoxyethanol	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

n-butanol	Category 1
xylene	Category 2A
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2A
mesitylene	Category 2A
2-butoxyethanol	Category 2A

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Naphthalene Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

2-butoxyethyl acetate	Category 3
xylene	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2
Naphthalene	Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
cumene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 2
Naphthalene	Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
cumene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2

% of unknown composition 0%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Packing group: II
 Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II
 Marine Pollutant: yes [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]
 EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1D
Acute dermal toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date:	2014-12-05
	B12829132

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Enamel Hardener
Product code	7099069
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Hardener for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1D
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Respiratory sensitisation	Category 6.5A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if inhaled. Causes mild skin irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</p>
Precautionary statements	<p>Avoid release to the environment. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed.</p>

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray.
 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains isocyanates. See information supplied by the manufacturer. Contains:
 3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylisocyanate. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
53880-05-0	3-Isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate, oligomers	50 - 60%	✓	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	20 - 30%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	5 - 10%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	5 - 10%	✓	
104-76-7	2-ethylhexan-1-ol	3 - 5%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	1 - 3%	✓	
108-67-8	mesitylene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
4098-71-9	3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylisocyanate	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
98-82-8	cumene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 0.1 - 1.0%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis. Skin contact may cause skin sensitization.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures**Suitable extinguishing media**

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures**Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. The contaminated area should be cleaned up immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts), concentrated (d : 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts), water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in non-sealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose according to local regulations (see section 13).

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m ³
xylene	TWA	713 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
mesitylene	TWA	434 mg/m ³
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylisocyanate	TWA	123 mg/m ³
	STEL	0.07 mg/m ³
cumene	TWA	0.02 mg/m ³
	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm

Chemical Name

STEL 375 mg/m³TWA 125 mg/m³**Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. Air-fed protective respiratory equipment must be worn by spray operator even when good ventilation is provided.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

For spraying: air-fed respirator. For operations other than spraying: in well ventilated areas, air-fed respirators could be replaced by a combination of charcoal filter and particulate filter mask.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	30 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril[®] glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: clear Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	127 °C	
Flash point	22 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	7 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	4.8 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	nil	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.02 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	270 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	<20 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents and strongly acid or alkaline materials. Amines and alcohols cause exothermic reactions. Mixture reacts slowly with water resulting in evolution of CO₂. Evolution of CO₂ in closed containers causes overpressure and produces a risk of bursting.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen as well as hydrogen cyanide, amines, alcohols and water.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
2-ethylhexan-1-ol	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 4
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylisocyanate	Category 1

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
xylene	Category 2
2-ethylhexan-1-ol	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
mesitylene	Category 3
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylisocyanate	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylisocyanate	Category 1
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Skin sensitisation

3-Isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate, oligomers	Category 1
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylisocyanate	Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar products, the following applies: This formulation may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system leading to an asthmatic condition, wheeziness and a tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. Components of the product may be absorbed into the body through the skin.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
xylene	Category 3
2-ethylhexan-1-ol	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylisocyanate	Category 3
cumene	Category 2

Chronic aquatic toxicity

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylisocyanate	Category 2
cumene	Category 2

% of unknown composition 0%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code HSR002662

HSNO Control A This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.

HSNO Classification

Acute inhalation toxicity Category 6.1D

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 6.3B

Respiratory sensitisation Category 6.5A

Skin sensitisation Category 6.5B

Flammable liquids Category 3.1B

Acute aquatic toxicity Category 9.1C

Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	

Revision Date: 2014-12-05
B12725227

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.



End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Adhesion Promoter
Product code	7179008
Intended use of the substance/preparation	
Coating for professional use	
Supplier	
Street address	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	
Street/Box	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Aspiration toxicity	Category 6.1E

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Precautionary statements	Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
108-88-3	toluene	90 - 100%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	1 - 3%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
108-90-7	chlorobenzene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 5 - 10%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³
xylene	TWA	50 ppm

Chemical Name		
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
	TWA	434 mg/m ³
chlorobenzene	TWA	10 ppm
	TWA	46 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril[®] glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: clear Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	108 °C	
Flash point	4 °C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	7.6 %	
Lower explosion limit	1.2 %	
Vapour pressure	26.9 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	nil	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.87 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	260 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	<20 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

toluene	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
chlorobenzene	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

No data available.

Aspiration toxicity

toluene	Category 1
xylene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product does not contain any environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Aspiration toxicity	Category 6.1E
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.1	11

Revision Date: 2015-01-29
B12754239

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Accelerator
Product code	7189021
Intended use of the substance/preparation	
Additive for professional use	
Supplier	
Street address	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	
Street/Box	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8A
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Aspiration toxicity	Category 6.1E

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", ""cannot classified"" and ""not applicable"" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<p>Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.</p>
Precautionary statements	<p>Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Do NOT induce vomiting.</p>

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: dibutylbis((1-oxododecyl)oxy)stannane. May produce an allergic reaction.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
108-88-3	toluene	90 - 100%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	1 - 3%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
77-58-7	dibutylbis((1-oxododecyl)oxy)stannane	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 0.0 - 0.1%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

**National occupational exposure limits
Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
dibutylbis((1-oxododecyl)oxy)stannane	TWA	434 mg/m ³
	STEL	0.2 mg/m ³
	TWA	0.1 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatrill® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Form : liquid Colour: clear Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	108 °C	
Flash point	4 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	7.6 %	
Lower explosion limit	1.2 %	
Vapour pressure	28.2 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	nil	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.86 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	465 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	<20 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

10. Stability and reactivity**Stability**

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information**Information on likely routes of exposure****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:**Acute oral toxicity**

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

toluene	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
dibutylbis((1-oxododecyl)oxy)stannane	Category 1B

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

dibutylbis((1-oxododecyl)oxy)stannane	Category 1
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Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene	Category 2
dibutylbis((1-oxododecyl)oxy)stannane	Category 1A

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

No data available.

Aspiration toxicity

toluene	Category 1
xylene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss

of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product does not contain any environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.
(toluene)
UN number: 1993
Hazard Class: 3
Packing group: II
Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.
(toluene)
UN number: 1993
Hazard Class: 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
Packing group: II
Marine Pollutant: no
EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.
(toluene; xylene)
UN number: 1993
Hazard Class: 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8A
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Aspiration toxicity	Category 6.1E
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	2, 7, 8, 11, 15

Revision Date: 2015-01-29
B12725296

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Thinner Fast
Product code	8610030
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Thinner for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute dermal toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates	Category 9.4C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful in contact with skin. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	40 - 50%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	30 - 40%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	5 - 10%	✓	
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	5 - 10%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 0.1 - 1.0%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

National occupational exposure limits**Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m ³
	TWA	713 mg/m ³
xylene	TWA	50 ppm

 Chemical Name

	TWA	217 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
	TWA	434 mg/m ³
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril[®] glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: clear Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	135 °C	
Flash point	24 °C	DIN 53213/ISO 1523
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	1 %	
Vapour pressure	11.0 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.88 <i>g/cm</i> ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	272 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

xylene Category 4

Acute inhalation toxicityxylene Category 4
ethylbenzene Category 4
toluene Category 5

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritationn-butyl acetate Category 3
xylene Category 2
ethylbenzene Category 3
toluene Category 2**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged

contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
xylene	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates

xylene Category 9.4C

% of unknown composition 0%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263
Hazard Class: 3
Packing group: III
Hazchem Code: 3Y

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: III
 Marine Pollutant: no
 EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: III

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Classification	
Acute dermal toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Ecotoxic to terrestrial invertebrates	Category 9.4C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	9

Revision Date: 2015-01-29
 B12725500

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Thinner Standard
Product code	8610035
Intended use of the substance/preparation	
Thinner for professional use	
Supplier	
Street address	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	
Street/Box	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Aspiration toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling



Hazard symbols

Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
May be harmful if inhaled.
Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye irritation.
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Harmful to aquatic life.
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Avoid release to the environment.
Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 Do NOT induce vomiting.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	20 - 30%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	20 - 30%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	10 - 20%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5 - 10%	✓	
763-69-9	ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	5 - 10%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	5 - 10%	✓	
108-67-8	mesitylene	1 - 3%	✓	
98-82-8	cumene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
108-88-3	toluene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 1 - 5%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage

Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection**National occupational exposure limits****Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
n-butyl acetate	TWA	217 mg/m ³
	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m ³
	TWA	713 mg/m ³
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m ³
	TWA	434 mg/m ³
mesitylene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
cumene	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	375 mg/m ³
toluene	TWA	125 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	30 min
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatrill® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Form : liquid Colour: clear Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	No data available.	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	135 °C	
Flash point	22 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	7.3 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	appreciable	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.9 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	272 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		

Viscosity (23 °C)

| <20 s

ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

xylene	Category 4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
toluene	Category 5

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 3
mesitylene	Category 3
toluene	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 2A
xylene	Category 2A
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2A
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
mesitylene	Category 2A
toluene	Category 2B

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity

xylene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 1
ethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 1
cumene	Category 1
toluene	Category 1

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbition, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

xylene	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
cumene	Category 2
toluene	Category 2

Chronic aquatic toxicity

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
cumene	Category 2

% of unknown composition 0%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
Packing group: II
Marine Pollutant: no
EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263
Hazard Class: 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Aspiration toxicity	Category 6.1E
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	9

Revision Date: 2015-01-29
B12725518

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Thinner Slow
Product code	8610036
Intended use of the substance/preparation	
Thinner for professional use	
Supplier	
Street address	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	
Street/Box	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Aspiration toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if swallowed. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Avoid release to the environment.
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
 Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 Do NOT induce vomiting.
 Collect spillage.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	20 - 30%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
763-69-9	ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-94-5	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	5 - 10%	✓	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	5 - 10%	✓	
112-07-2	2-butoxyethyl acetate	5 - 10%	✓	
108-67-8	mesitylene	1 - 3%	✓	
103-65-1	n-propylbenzene	1 - 3%	✓	
98-82-8	cumene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
91-20-3	Naphthalene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 0.1 - 1.0%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist,

call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection**National occupational exposure limits****Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m ³
	TWA	713 mg/m ³
mesitylene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
cumene	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	375 mg/m ³
	TWA	125 mg/m ³
Naphthalene	TWA	10 ppm
	STEL	15 ppm
	STEL	79 mg/m ³
	TWA	52 mg/m ³
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	30 min
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Form : liquid Colour: clear Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	No data available.	
Freezing point	-82 – -65 °C	
Boiling point	140 °C	
Flash point	24 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.5 %	
Vapour pressure	4.7 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	appreciable	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.91 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	272 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	<20 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 5
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Category 4
cumene	Category 5
Naphthalene	Category 4
xylene	Category 5

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 4
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Category 4
xylene	Category 4

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

Category 2

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	Category 3
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 2
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
mesitylene	Category 3
n-propylbenzene	Category 3
xylene	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 2A
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2A
mesitylene	Category 2A
xylene	Category 2A

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Naphthalene Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 1
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 1
mesitylene	Category 1
n-propylbenzene	Category 1
cumene	Category 1
xylene	Category 2

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbition, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Category 3
mesitylene	Category 2
n-propylbenzene	Category 2
cumene	Category 2
Naphthalene	Category 1
xylene	Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
n-propylbenzene	Category 2
cumene	Category 2
Naphthalene	Category 1

% of unknown composition 0%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Packing group:	III
Hazchem Code:	3Y

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: III
 Marine Pollutant: yes [solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)]
 EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: III

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Classification	
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Aspiration toxicity	Category 6.1E
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	9

Revision Date: 2015-01-29
 B12725520

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Enamel Thinner
Product code	8610092
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Thinner for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Aspiration toxicity	Category 6.1E
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Collect spillage.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
108-88-3	toluene	60 - 70%	✓	
64742-82-1	naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-89-8	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
110-54-3	n-hexane	5 - 10%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
108-67-8	mesitylene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 0.1 - 1.0%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name			
toluene	TWA	50 ppm	
	TWA	188 mg/m ³	
n-hexane	TWA	20 ppm	
	TWA	72 mg/m ³	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm	
	TWA	123 mg/m ³	
mesitylene	TWA	25 ppm	
	TWA	25 ppm	
	TWA	123 mg/m ³	
	TWA	123 mg/m ³	
xylene	TWA	50 ppm	
	TWA	217 mg/m ³	
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm	
	STEL	125 ppm	
	STEL	543 mg/m ³	
	TWA	434 mg/m ³	

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0,1% benzene)	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: clear Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	66 °C	
Flash point	24 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	7.6 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.7 %	
Vapour pressure	37.9 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	nil	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.81 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	201 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	<20 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

toluene	Category 2
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 3
xylene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

not hazardous

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

toluene	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- **Skin Absorption**

Testes n-hexane**Central nervous system** 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene**Aspiration toxicity**

toluene	Category 1
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1
n-hexane	Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 1
mesitylene	Category 1
xylylene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Chronic aquatic toxicity

naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
n-hexane	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2

% of unknown composition 0%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Packing group: III
 Hazchem Code: 3Y

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: III
 Marine Pollutant: yes [naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0,1% benzene)]
 EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: III

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Aspiration toxicity	Category 6.1E
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.1	9



Version	Changes
Revision Date: B12725612	2015-01-29

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Epoxy Plus Reducer
Product code	8610093
Intended use of the substance/preparation	
Thinner for professional use	
Supplier	
Street address	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	
Street/Box	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Aspiration toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 Do NOT induce vomiting.
 Collect spillage.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS	Haz- ardous
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	20 - 30%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	✓	
763-69-9	ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	10 - 20%	✓	
64742-94-5	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	5 - 10%	✓	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	5 - 10%	✓	
112-07-2	2-butoxyethyl acetate	5 - 10%	✓	
90-72-2	2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	3 - 5%	✓	
108-67-8	mesitylene	1 - 3%	✓	
103-65-1	n-propylbenzene	1 - 3%	✓	
98-82-8	cumene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
91-20-3	Naphthalene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 0.1 - 1.0%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist,

call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection**National occupational exposure limits****Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
n-butyl acetate	TWA	123 mg/m ³
	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
mesitylene	STEL	950 mg/m ³
	TWA	713 mg/m ³
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
cumene	TWA	123 mg/m ³
	TWA	123 mg/m ³
	TWA	25 ppm
Naphthalene	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	375 mg/m ³
	TWA	125 mg/m ³
xylene	TWA	10 ppm
	STEL	15 ppm
	STEL	79 mg/m ³
	TWA	52 mg/m ³
	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	30 min
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Form : liquid Colour: clear Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	No data available.	
Freezing point	-82 – -65 °C	
Boiling point	140 °C	
Flash point	24 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.5 %	
Vapour pressure	4.5 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	appreciable	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.91 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	272 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	<20 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 5
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Category 4
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Category 4
cumene	Category 5
Naphthalene	Category 4
xylene	Category 5

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	Category 3
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 2
n-butyl acetate	Category 3

2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Category 1C
mesitylene	Category 3
n-propylbenzene	Category 3
xylene	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 2A
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2A
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Category 1
mesitylene	Category 2A
xylene	Category 2A

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Naphthalene Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 1
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 1
mesitylene	Category 1
n-propylbenzene	Category 1
cumene	Category 1
xylene	Category 2

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbition, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Category 3
mesitylene	Category 2
n-propylbenzene	Category 2
cumene	Category 2
Naphthalene	Category 1
xylene	Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
n-propylbenzene	Category 2
cumene	Category 2
Naphthalene	Category 1

% of unknown composition 0%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Packing group:	III
Hazchem Code:	3Y

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: III
 Marine Pollutant: yes [solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)]
 EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263
 Hazard Class: 3
 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
 Packing group: III

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information**National regulatory information**

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Classification	
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Aspiration toxicity	Category 6.1E
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	9

Revision Date: 2015-01-29
 B12914812

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Epoxy Plus Extra Slow Reducer
Product code	8610094
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Thinner for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1D
Acute dermal toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1D
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling



Hazard symbols

Signal word

Warning

Hazard statements

Flammable liquid and vapour.
Harmful if swallowed.
May be harmful in contact with skin.
Harmful if inhaled.
Causes skin irritation.
Suspected of causing cancer.
Harmful to aquatic life.
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Avoid release to the environment.
Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Obtain special instructions before use.
 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
 Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray.
 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
112-07-2	2-butoxyethyl acetate	50 - 60%	✓	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	5 - 10%	✓	
98516-30-4	ethoxypropyl acetate	5 - 10%	✓	
1330-20-7	xylene	5 - 10%	✓	
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3 - 5%	✓	
90-72-2	2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	3 - 5%	✓	
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	3 - 5%	✓	
64742-94-5	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	1 - 3%	✓	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	1 - 3%	✓	
108-67-8	mesitylene	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
111-76-2	2-butoxyethanol	0.3 - 1.0%	✓	
98-82-8	cumene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	
91-20-3	Naphthalene	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 1 - 5%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

The product is not flammable. Avoid heating above flash point. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection**National occupational exposure limits****Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name		
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m3
xylene	TWA	713 mg/m3
	TWA	50 ppm
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	217 mg/m3
	TWA	25 ppm
ethylbenzene	TWA	123 mg/m3
	STEL	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
mesitylene	STEL	543 mg/m3
	TWA	434 mg/m3
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
2-butoxyethanol	TWA	123 mg/m3
	TWA	123 mg/m3
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	121 mg/m3
cumene	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	375 mg/m3
Naphthalene	TWA	125 mg/m3
	TWA	10 ppm
	STEL	15 ppm
	STEL	79 mg/m3
	TWA	52 mg/m3

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	30 min
2-butoxyethanol	Viton (R) [®]	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril[®] glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Form : liquid Colour: transparent Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable
Freezing point	-82 – -65 °C

Boiling point	135 °C	
Flash point	42 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.5 %	
Vapour pressure	3.3 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.92 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	325 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	>100 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

2-butoxyethyl acetate	Category 4
xylene	Category 5
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 5
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 5
2-butoxyethanol	Category 4
cumene	Category 5
Naphthalene	Category 4

Acute dermal toxicity

2-butoxyethyl acetate	Category 4
xylene	Category 4
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Category 4
2-butoxyethanol	Category 3

Acute inhalation toxicity

2-butoxyethyl acetate	Category 4
xylene	Category 4
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 4
ethylbenzene	Category 4
2-butoxyethanol	Category 4

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
xylene	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Category 1C
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
mesitylene	Category 3
2-butoxyethanol	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Naphthalene Category 2

Toxicity for reproduction

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

2-butoxyethyl acetate	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
xylene	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
cumene	Category 2
Naphthalene	Category 1

Chronic aquatic toxicity

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
cumene	Category 2
Naphthalene	Category 1

% of unknown composition 8.4%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: III

Hazchem Code: 3Y

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: III

Marine Pollutant: no

EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: III

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Classification	
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1D
Acute dermal toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1D
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
2.0	9

Revision Date: 2015-01-29
B12914824

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.



End of Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	CIA Solvent Wipe
Product code	8880028
Intended use of the substance/preparation	Thinner for professional use
Supplier	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited
Street address	15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone	
Telefax	
Emergency Information	
Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Industrial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City	
Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

2. Hazards identification


Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1A
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1A

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

GHS-Labeling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Collect spillage. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
142-82-5	heptane (mixture of isomers)	90 - 100%	✓	
78-83-1	iso-butanol	3 - 5%	✓	
108-87-2	methylcyclohexane	1 - 3%	✓	
64742-49-0	naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	1 - 3%	✓	
110-82-7	cyclohexane	0.1 - 0.3%	✓	

Non-regulated ingredients 0.0 - 0.1%

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Dry chemical, Water spray.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

7. Handling and storage

Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage**Suitable storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Chemical Name

**National occupational exposure limits
Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002**

Chemical Name

heptane (mixture of isomers)	TWA	400 ppm
	STEL	500 ppm
	STEL	2,050 mg/m ³
	TWA	1,640 mg/m ³
iso-butanol	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m ³
methylcyclohexane	TWA	400 ppm
	TWA	1,610 mg/m ³
cyclohexane	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	300 ppm
	STEL	1,050 mg/m ³
	TWA	350 mg/m ³

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	60 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Form : liquid Colour: transparent Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	93 °C	
Flash point	-12 °C	
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	6.7 %	
Lower explosion limit	1 %	
Vapour pressure	50.8 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.71 g/cm ³	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	215 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

10. Stability and reactivity**Stability**

Stable

Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information**Information on likely routes of exposure****Inhalation**

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:
Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 2
iso-butanol	Category 2
methylcyclohexane	Category 2
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
cyclohexane	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 2A
iso-butanol	Category 1

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.)

No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorption, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

Ecotoxicity effects

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 1
methylcyclohexane	Category 2
cyclohexane	Category 1

Chronic aquatic toxicity

heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 1
methylcyclohexane	Category 2
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
cyclohexane	Category 1

% of unknown composition 0%

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal considerations

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

14. Transport information

NZS5433

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Packing group: II

Hazchem Code: 3YE

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263

Hazard Class: 3

Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.

Packing group: II
Marine Pollutant: yes [heptane (mixture of isomers)]
EmS: F-E,S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263
Hazard Class: 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.
Packing group: II

Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Control T	This product must be tracked.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1A
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1A

16. Other information

Revision Note

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date:	2014-12-05
	B12725473

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet