

# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	13010E Imron AF700 Silica Binder
Product code	13010E
Intended use of the substance Intermediate	preparation
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

# 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### **HSNO Classification**

Category 3.1B
Category 6.1E
Category 6.3B
Category 6.4A
Category 9.1C
Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### GHS-Labelling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes mild skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Wear eye protection/ face protection. Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.



Other hazards which do not result in classification None known.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
110-43-0	heptan-2-one	20 - 30%	$\checkmark$
67-63-0	propan-2-ol	10 - 20%	$\checkmark$
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
141-78-6	ethyl acetate	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
142-82-5	heptane (mixture of isomers)	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 50 - 60%

# 4. First aid measures

### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures



### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

### Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

### **Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

## 7. Handling and storage

## Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

### Storage

### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
heptan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	233 mg/m3
propan-2-ol	TWA	400 ppm
	STEL	500 ppm
	STEL	1,230 mg/m3



Chemical Name		
	TWA	983 mg/m3
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m3
	TWA	713 mg/m3
ethyl acetate	TWA	200 ppm
	TWA	720 mg/m3
heptane (mixture of isomers)	TWA	400 ppm
	STEL	500 ppm
	STEL	2,050 mg/m3
	TWA	1,640 mg/m3

### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name n-butyl acetate	Glove material Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	Glove thickness 0.7 mm	Break through time 10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
ethyl acetate	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	10 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.



### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: clear Odor Threshold : no data available

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рН	No data available.	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	83 ° C	
Flash point	8°C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	12 %	
Lower explosion limit	1.1 %	
Vapour pressure	9.3 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	appreciable	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.96 $g/cm^{3}$	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	215°C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993
viscosity (20 C)	Not applicable.	100 2401-1990

Does not sustain combustion.

# 10. Stability and reactivity

# Stability

Stable

### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

### Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

# 11. Toxicological information

## Information on likely routes of exposure

### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.



Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

heptan-2-one Category 4

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

Category 2
Category 3
Category 3
Category 3
Category 2

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

heptan-2-one	Category 2B
propan-2-ol	Category 2A
ethyl acetate	Category 2A
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 2A

### **Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Skin sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Carcinogenicity Not classified according to GHS criteria

## Toxicity for reproduction

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure Not classified according to GHS criteria



### Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )

No information available.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

# 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

### Acute aquatic toxicity

heptan-2-one	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 1

Chronic aquatic toxicity

heptane (mixture of isomers) Category 1

% of unknown composition 0%

### **Persistence and degradability** No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

### Mobility in soil

No information available.

### Other adverse effects

No information available.

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information

### NZS5433



Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL UN number: 1263 Hazard Class: 3 Packing group: Ш Hazchem Code: 3YE IMDG (Sea transport) Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL UN number: 1263 Hazard Class: З Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable. Packing group: Ш Marine Pollutant: no EmS: F-E,S-E ICAO/IATA (Air transport) PAINT RELATED MATERIAL Proper shipping name: UN number: 1263 Hazard Class: 3 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable. Ш Packing group:

### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

## 15. Regulatory information

## National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

## 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date: 1250051284	2015-01-29

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	13015E Imron AF700 Binder
Product code	13015E
Intended use of the substance Intermediate	preparation
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

# 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### **HSNO Classification**

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", ""cannot classified"" and ""not applicable"" are not shown

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### **GHS-Labelling**

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes mild skin irritation. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification None known.



# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
110-43-0	heptan-2-one	10 - 20%	$\checkmark$
141-78-6	ethyl acetate	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
142-82-5	heptane (mixture of isomers)	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$
108-67-8	mesitylene	0.1 - 0.3%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 70 - 80%

## 4. First aid measures

### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures

### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.



### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

### Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

### **Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

### **Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

## 7. Handling and storage

## Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

### Storage

### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
heptan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	233 mg/m3
ethyl acetate	TWA	200 ppm
	TWA	720 mg/m3
heptane (mixture of isomers)	TWA	400 ppm
	STEL	500 ppm



Chemical Name		
	STEL	2,050 mg/m3
	TWA	1,640 mg/m3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m3
mesitylene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m3
	TWA	123 mg/m3

### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
ethyl acetate	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	10 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

## 9. Physical and chemical properties



### Appearance

Odor Threshold : no data available Form : liquid Colour: clear

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рН	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	77 ° C	
Flash point	5°C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	11 %	
Lower explosion limit	1.1 %	
Vapour pressure	7.7 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.01 $g/cm^3$	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	215°C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 ° C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993
	1 T T	

Does not sustain combustion.

# 10. Stability and reactivity

### Stability Stable

## Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

## Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

## Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.



### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

## Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

### Acute dermal toxicity not hazardous

not hazardous

## Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

### Skin corrosion/irritation

heptan-2-one	Category 2
ethyl acetate	Category 3
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 3

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### **Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Skin sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### **Toxicity for reproduction**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

## Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

## Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )

No information available.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.



# 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

	heptan-2-one heptane (mixture of isomers) 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene mesitylene	Category 3 Category 1 Category 2 Category 2
Chronic aquatic toxicity		
	heptane (mixture of isomers) 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene mesitylene	Category 1 Category 2 Category 2
% of unknown composition 0%		

% of unknow

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil No information available.

### Other adverse effects

No information available.

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

## Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

# 14. Transport information

NZS5433 PAINT RELATED MATERIAL Proper shipping name: 1263 UN number: Hazard Class: 3 Packing group: Ш Hazchem Code: 3YE IMDG (Sea transport) PAINT RELATED MATERIAL Proper shipping name: UN number: 1263 Hazard Class: 3 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable.



Packing group:	ll
Marine Pollutant:	no
EmS:	F-E,S-E
ICAO/IATA (Air transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II

### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

# **15. Regulatory information**

### National regulatory information

HSNO Approval CodeHSR002662HSNO Control AThis product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.HSNO ClassificationSkin corrosion/irritationSkin corrosion/irritationCategory 6.3BFlammable liquidsCategory 3.1BAcute aquatic toxicityCategory 9.1CChronic aquatic toxicityCategory 9.1C

# 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version Changes 1.0 Revision Date: 2015-01-29 1250051285

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name 13020E Imron AF700 Balancer	
Product code	13020E
Intended use of the substance Intermediate	e/preparation
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

# 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### **HSNO Classification**

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", ""cannot classified"" and ""not applicable" are not shown

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## **GHS-Labelling**

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes mild skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Wear eye protection/ face protection. Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.



Other hazards which do not result in classification None known.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
141-78-6	ethyl acetate	10 - 20%	$\checkmark$
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
142-82-5	heptane (mixture of isomers)	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
108-67-8	mesitylene	0.1 - 0.3%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 80 - 90%

## 4. First aid measures

### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures



### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

### Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

### **Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

## 7. Handling and storage

## Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

### Storage

### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
ethyl acetate	TWA	200 ppm
	TWA	720 mg/m3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m3
heptane (mixture of isomers)	TWA	400 ppm



Chemical Name		
	STEL	500 ppm
	STEL	2,050 mg/m3
	TWA	1,640 mg/m3
mesitylene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m3
	TWA	123 mg/m3

### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

### Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
ethyl acetate	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	10 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. $(<0,1\%$ benzene)	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

## 9. Physical and chemical properties



### Appearance

Odor Threshold : no data available Form : liquid Colour: clear

I

рН	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	77°C	
Flash point	-8 ° C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	11 %	
Lower explosion limit	2.2 %	
Vapour pressure	14.9 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.06 $g/cm^3$	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	215°C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

Does not sustain combustion.

# 10. Stability and reactivity

### Stability Stable

## Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

## Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

## Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.



### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

## Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

### Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

### Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

### Skin corrosion/irritation

ethyl acetate	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 3

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

ethyl acetate	Category 2A
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2A
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 2A
mesitylene	Category 2A

**Respiratory sensitisation** Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Skin sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### **Toxicity for reproduction**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

# Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

## Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

## Aspiration toxicity Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. ) No information available.



### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

# 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

### Acute aquatic toxicity

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 1
mesitylene	Category 2

### Chronic aquatic toxicity

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 1
mesitylene	Category 2

% of unknown composition 0%

## Persistence and degradability

No information available.

## Bioaccumulation

No information available.

### Mobility in soil

No information available.

## Other adverse effects

No information available.

## **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information

### NZS5433 Proper shipping name:

PAINT RELATED MATERIAL



UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Packing group:	II
Hazchem Code:	3YE
IMDG (Sea transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II
Marine Pollutant:	no
EmS:	F-E,S-E
ICAO/IATA (Air transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II

### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

# 15. Regulatory information

### National regulatory information

anonal regulatory mornation	
HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

# 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version Changes 1.0 Revision Date: 2015-01-29

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The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	13030E Imron Flexible Binder	
Product code	13030E	
Intended use of the substance/preparation Binder used in coating manufacturing (for professional use)		
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia	
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248	
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial	
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ	
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738	
Date of preparation	2015-01-29	

# 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### **HSNO Classification**

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", ""cannot classified"" and ""not applicable"" are not shown

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### GHS-Labelling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes mild skin irritation.
Precautionary statements	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification None known.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients



### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	10 - 20%	$\checkmark$
110-43-0	heptan-2-one	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
141-78-6	ethyl acetate	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	0.1 - 0.3%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 70 - 80%

## 4. First aid measures

### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. If this product mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener (see MSDS for the activator), the following health effects may apply: Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis. If this product is mixed with an isocyanate, skin contact may cause sensitization.

### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures



### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

### Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

### **Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

## 7. Handling and storage

## Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

### Storage

### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m3
	TWA	713 mg/m3
heptan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm



Chemical Name

	TWA	233 mg/m3
ethyl acetate	TWA	200 ppm
	TWA	720 mg/m3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m3

### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name n-butyl acetate	Glove material Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	Glove thickness 0.7 mm	Break through time 10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
ethyl acetate	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	10 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

## 9. Physical and chemical properties



### Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: clear Odor Threshold : no data available

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рН	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	152°C	
Flash point	17°C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	1.1 %	
Vapour pressure	4.9 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.04 $q/cm^3$	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	393 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 ° C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability Stable

## Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

### Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

# 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. If this product mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener (see MSDS for the activator), the following health effects may apply: Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.



### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity not hazardous

## Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Category 3
Category 2
Category 3
Category 2

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### **Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

# Skin sensitisation

not hazardous

### Germ cell mutagenicity Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity Not classified according to GHS criteria

### **Toxicity for reproduction**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure Not classified according to GHS criteria

## Aspiration toxicity Not classified according to GHS criteria

## Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )

No information available.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.



# 12. Ecological information

Product does not contain any environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS

### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

## Persistence and degradability

No information available.

## Bioaccumulation

No information available.

## Mobility in soil

No information available.

### Other adverse effects

No information available.

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information

NZS5433 Proper shipping name:	RESIN SOLUTION
UN number:	1866
Hazard Class:	3
Packing group:	II
Hazchem Code:	3YE
IMDG (Sea transport) Proper shipping name:	RESIN SOLUTION
UN number:	1866
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II
Marine Pollutant:	no
EmS:	F-E,S-E
ICAO/IATA (Air transport) Proper shipping name:	RESIN SOLUTION
UN number:	1866
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II

### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.



# 15. Regulatory information

## National regulatory information

HSNO Approval CodeHSR002662HSNO Control AThis product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.HSNO ClassificationSkin corrosion/irritationSkin corrosion/irritationCategory 6.3BFlammable liquidsCategory 3.1B

# 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version Changes

Revision Date: 2015-01-29 B12730944

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	13035E Imron Balancer	
Product code	13035E	
Intended use of the substance/preparation Intermediate		
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia	
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248	
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial	
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ	
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738	
Date of preparation	2015-01-29	

# 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### **HSNO Classification**

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", ""cannot classified"" and ""not applicable" are not shown

## **GHS-Labelling**

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes mild skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful to aquatic life.
Precautionary statements	Wear eye protection/ face protection. Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.



Other hazards which do not result in classification None known.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
110-43-0	heptan-2-one	20 - 30%	$\checkmark$
141-78-6	ethyl acetate	10 - 20%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 60 - 70%

# 4. First aid measures

### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. If this product mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener (see MSDS for the activator), the following health effects may apply: Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis. If this product is mixed with an isocyanate, skin contact may cause sensitization.

### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

# 5. Firefighting measures



### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

### Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

### **Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

## 7. Handling and storage

## Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

### Storage

### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
heptan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	233 mg/m3
ethyl acetate	TWA	200 ppm
	TWA	720 mg/m3



### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
ethyl acetate	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	10 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: clear Odor Threshold : no data available

I.

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	77 °C	
Flash point	10 ° C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	11 %	
Lower explosion limit	1.1 %	
Vapour pressure	11.5 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.99 $g/cm^3$	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	



Ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Viscosity (23  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C})$ 

393 °C Not applicable.

DIN 51794

ISO 2431-1993

# 10. Stability and reactivity

## Stability

Stable

# Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

### Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

# 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. If this product mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener (see MSDS for the activator), the following health effects may apply: Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

heptan-2-one Category 4

% of unknown composition 0 %



Skin corrosion/irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation	heptan-2-one ethyl acetate	Category 2 Category 3
Schous eye dunlage/eye initation		
	heptan-2-one ethyl acetate	Category 2B Category 2A
Respiratory sensitisation Not classified according to GHS criteria		

Skin sensitisation

not hazardous

Germ cell mutagenicity not hazardous

**Carcinogenicity** Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction** Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure not hazardous

Aspiration toxicity Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. ) No information available.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

# 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

#### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

heptan-2-one Category 3

### Chronic aquatic toxicity

% of unknown composition 0%



### Persistence and degradability

No information available.

# Bioaccumulation

No information available.

### Mobility in soil

No information available.

#### Other adverse effects

No information available.

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

# 14. Transport information

NZS5433 Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Packing group:	II
Hazchem Code:	3YE
IMDG (Sea transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II
Marine Pollutant:	no
EmS:	F-E,S-E
ICAO/IATA (Air transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II

### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

# 15. Regulatory information



#### National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code HSNO Control A HSNO Classification	HSR002662 This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

# 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version Changes 1.0 Revision Date: 2015-01-29 B12730959

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	13040E Imron Rheology Binder
Product code	13040E
Intended use of the substance Intermediate	preparation
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

# 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### **HSNO Classification**

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### **GHS-Labelling**

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes mild skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful to aquatic life.
Precautionary statements	Wear eye protection/ face protection. Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.



Other hazards which do not result in classification None known.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	10 - 20%	
110-43-0	heptan-2-one	10 - 20%	$\checkmark$
67-63-0	propan-2-ol	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
763-69-9	ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	3 - 5%	$\checkmark$
141-78-6	ethyl acetate	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	0.1 - 0.3%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 50 - 60%

# 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. If this product mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener (see MSDS for the activator), the following health effects may apply: Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis. If this product is mixed with an isocyanate, skin contact may cause sensitization.



#### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

# 5. Firefighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

### Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

#### **Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

# 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

#### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

# 7. Handling and storage

#### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

#### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection



### Chemical Name National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m3
	TWA	713 mg/m3
heptan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	233 mg/m3
propan-2-ol	TWA	400 ppm
	STEL	500 ppm
	STEL	1,230 mg/m3
	TWA	983 mg/m3
ethyl acetate	TWA	200 ppm
	TWA	720 mg/m3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m3

# Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name n-butyl acetate	Glove material Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	Glove thickness 0.7 mm	Break through time 10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
ethyl acetate	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	10 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the

### SAFETY DATA SHEET



product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: cloudy Odor Threshold : no data available

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рН	No data available.	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	83 ° C	
Flash point	-7°C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	12 %	
Lower explosion limit	1.1 %	
Vapour pressure	8.6 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	appreciable	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.98 $g/cm^3$	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	377 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability Stable

#### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

#### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

# 11. Toxicological information



#### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. If this product mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener (see MSDS for the activator), the following health effects may apply: Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

# Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Category 3
Category 2
Category 3
Category 3
Category 3
Category 2

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

heptan-2-one	Category 2B
propan-2-ol	Category 2A
ethyl acetate	Category 2A
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2A

#### **Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Skin sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria



#### Toxicity for reproduction

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )

No information available.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

# 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

#### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

#### Acute aquatic toxicity

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
heptan-2-one	Category 3
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2

% of unknown composition 0%

#### Persistence and degradability

No information available.

### Bioaccumulation

No information available.

# Mobility in soil

No information available.

### Other adverse effects

No information available.

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

#### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.



# 14. Transport information

<b>NZS5433</b> Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number: Hazard Class: Packing group: Hazchem Code:	1263 3 II 3YE
IMDG (Sea transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number: Hazard Class: Subsidiary Hazard Class: Packing group: Marine Pollutant: EmS:	1263 3 Not applicable. II no F-E,S-E
ICAO/IATA (Air transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number: Hazard Class: Subsidiary Hazard Class: Packing group:	1263 3 Not applicable. II

### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

# 15. Regulatory information

#### National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

# 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version Changes 1.0 Revision Date: 2015-01-29 B12868320

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	13071S Imron AF700 Reducer
Product code	13071S
Intended use of the substance Solvent for professional use	preparation
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

# 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### **HSNO Classification**

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### **GHS-Labelling**

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes mild skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Wear eye protection/ face protection. Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Collect spillage. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.



Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification None known.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
141-78-6	ethyl acetate	30 - 40%	$\checkmark$
110-43-0	heptan-2-one	20 - 30%	$\checkmark$
763-69-9	ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	10 - 20%	$\checkmark$
142-82-5	heptane (mixture of isomers)	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
108-87-2	methylcyclohexane	0.1 - 0.3%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 0.1 - 1.0%

# 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

# Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.



# 5. Firefighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

#### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

#### Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

#### **Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

# 6. Accidental release measures

#### **Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

#### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

# 7. Handling and storage

### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

#### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
ethyl acetate	TWA	200 ppm
	TWA	720 mg/m3
heptan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm



Chemical Name		
	TWA	233 mg/m3
heptane (mixture of isomers)	TWA	400 ppm
	STEL	500 ppm
	STEL	2,050 mg/m3
	TWA	1,640 mg/m3
methylcyclohexane	TWA	400 ppm
	TWA	1,610 mg/m3

#### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
ethyl acetate	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	10 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

# Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: clear Odor Threshold : no data available

### SAFETY DATA SHEET



рН	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	77 ° C	
Flash point	-5°C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	11 %	
Lower explosion limit	1 %	
Vapour pressure	45.4 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.86 $g/cm^{3}$	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	215 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 ° C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

# 10. Stability and reactivity

# Stability

Stable

### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

#### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

# 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity not hazardous

# Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous



#### Acute inhalation toxicity

heptan-2-one Category 4

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

ethyl acetate	Category 3
heptan-2-one	Category 2
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	Category 3
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 2
methylcyclohexane	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

ethyl acetate	Category 2A
heptan-2-one	Category 2B
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 2A

#### Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Skin sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Toxicity for reproduction

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

# Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )

No information available.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

# 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.



#### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

#### Acute aquatic toxicity

heptan-2-one ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate heptane (mixture of isomers) methylcyclohexane	Category 3 Category 3 Category 1 Category 2

Chronic aquatic toxicity

heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 1
methylcyclohexane	Category 2

% of unknown composition 0%

### **Persistence and degradability** No information available.

No information available.

# **Bioaccumulation**

No information available.

**Mobility in soil** No information available.

# Other adverse effects

No information available.

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

# 14. Transport information

NZS5433 Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Packing group:	II
Hazchem Code:	3YE
IMDG (Sea transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II
Marine Pollutant:	yes [heptane (mixture of isomers)]
EmS:	F-E,S-E

### ICAO/IATA (Air transport)



Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 12 Hazard Class: 3 Subsidiary Hazard Class: N Packing group: II

1263 3 Not applicable.

## Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

# 15. Regulatory information

#### National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

# 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version Changes 1.0 Revision Date: 2015-01-29 1250051411

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	13073S Imron Reducer (Fast)
Product code	13073S
Intended use of the substance Solvent for professional use	preparation
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

# 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### **HSNO Classification**

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", ""cannot classified"" and ""not applicable"" are not shown

### **GHS-Labelling**

Hazard s	symbols
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Signal word

Hazard statements

Precautionary statements



Causes mild skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Wear eye protection/ face protection. Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Collect spillage. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.



Other hazards which do not result in classification None known.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
141-78-6	ethyl acetate	90 - 100%	$\checkmark$
142-82-5	heptane (mixture of isomers)	3 - 5%	$\checkmark$
108-87-2	methylcyclohexane	0.0 - 0.1%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 0.1 - 1.0%

# 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

# Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

# 5. Firefighting measures

### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.



#### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

#### Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

#### **Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

# 6. Accidental release measures

#### **Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

#### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

# 7. Handling and storage

### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

#### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
ethyl acetate	TWA	200 ppm
	TWA	720 mg/m3
heptane (mixture of isomers)	TWA	400 ppm
	STEL	500 ppm
	STEL	2,050 mg/m3
	TWA	1,640 mg/m3



Chemical Name

methylcyclohexane

TWA 400 ppm

TWA 1,610 mg/m3

### Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

## Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

## **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

# Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

# Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
ethyl acetate	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	10 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

# Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

# Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

# Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: clear Odor Threshold : no data available

рН	not applicable
Freezing point	Not applicable.
Boiling point	77 °C
Flash point	-9 ° C
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether
Flammability	
Upper explosion limit	11 %

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### SAFETY DATA SHEET

Lower explosion limit Vapour pressure Solubility(ies) Vapour density Density Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Viscosity (23 ° C)

2.2 % 94.9 hPa moderate no data available 0.89  $g/cm^3$  DIN 53217/ISO 2811 no data available 215 °C DIN 51794 Not applicable. ISO 2431-1993

# 10. Stability and reactivity

#### Stability Stable

Oldolo

### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

### Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

# 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %





Skin corrosion/irritation

ethyl acetate	Category 3
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 2
methylcyclohexane	Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

ethyl acetate	Category 2A
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 2A

**Respiratory sensitisation** Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity Not classified according to GHS criteria

# Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )

No information available.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

# 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

#### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

#### Acute aquatic toxicity

heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 1
methylcyclohexane	Category 2



#### Chronic aquatic toxicity

heptane (mixture of isomers) Category 1 methylcyclohexane Category 2

% of unknown composition 0%

#### Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

### Other adverse effects

No information available.

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

#### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

# 14. Transport information

#### NZS5433 Proper shipping name:

PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Packing group:	II
Hazchem Code:	3YE

#### IMDG (Sea transport) Proper shipping name:

UN number: Hazard Class: Subsidiary Hazard Class: Packing group: Marine Pollutant: EmS:

1263 3 Not applicable. Ш

PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

yes [heptane (mixture of isomers)] F-E,S-E

### ICAO/IATA (Air transport) Proper shipping name:

PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263 Hazard Class: Subsidiary Hazard Class: Packing group: Ш

3 Not applicable.

### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.



# 15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information HSNO Approval Code HSNO Control A HSNO Classification	HSR002662 This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

# 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version Changes 1.0 Revision Date: 2015-01-29 B12730967

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	13074S Imron Reducer (Slow)
Product code	13074S
Intended use of the substance Solvent for professional use	preparation
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

# 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### **HSNO Classification**

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", ""cannot classified"" and ""not applicable" are not shown

### **GHS-Labelling**

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.



Other hazards which do not result in classification None known.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
103-09-3	2-ethylhexyl acetate	70 - 80%	$\checkmark$
110-43-0	heptan-2-one	10 - 20%	$\checkmark$
763-69-9	ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	3 - 5%	$\checkmark$
141-78-6	ethyl acetate	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 0.0 - 0.1%

# 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

# 5. Firefighting measures



#### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

#### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

#### Specific hazards

The product is not flammable. Avoid heating above flash point. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

#### **Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

# 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

#### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

# 7. Handling and storage

### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

#### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
heptan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	233 mg/m3
ethyl acetate	TWA	200 ppm
	TWA	720 mg/m3



#### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
ethyl acetate	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	10 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: clear Odor Threshold : no data available

Ī.

рН	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	152 °C	
Flash point	<b>49</b> °C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	7.9 %	
Lower explosion limit	1.1 %	
Vapour pressure	2.9 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.87 $g/cm^3$	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	

### SAFETY DATA SHEET



Ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Viscosity (23  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C})$ 

 $268\,^{\rm o}{\rm C}$  Not applicable.

DIN 51794

ISO 2431-1993

# 10. Stability and reactivity

### Stability

Stable

# Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

# 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity not hazardous

### Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

## Skin corrosion/irritation

2-ethylhexyl acetate	Category 2
heptan-2-one	Category 2
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	Category 3
ethyl acetate	Category 3



#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

2-ethylhexyl acetate	Category 2B
heptan-2-one	Category 2B
ethyl acetate	Category 2A

**Respiratory sensitisation** 

Not classified according to GHS criteria

# Skin sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Germ cell mutagenicity not hazardous

# Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### **Toxicity for reproduction**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure not hazardous

#### Aspiration toxicity Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )

No information available.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

# 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

#### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

2-ethylhexyl acetate	Category 3
heptan-2-one	Category 3
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity

2-ethylhexyl acetate Category 3

% of unknown composition 0%



### Persistence and degradability

No information available.

# Bioaccumulation

No information available.

### Mobility in soil

No information available.

#### Other adverse effects

No information available.

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

# 14. Transport information

NZS5433 Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Packing group:	III
Hazchem Code:	3Y
IMDG (Sea transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	III
Marine Pollutant:	no
EmS:	F-E,S-E
ICAO/IATA (Air transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	III

### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

# 15. Regulatory information



### National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

# 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date: B12868333	2015-01-29

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	13083S Appearance Additive
Product code	13083S
Intended use of the substance Intermediate	preparation
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

## 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### **HSNO Classification**

Category 3.1B
Category 8.2B
Category 8.3A
Category 6.5B
Category 6.8A
Category 9.1A
Category 9.1A

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", ""cannot classified"" and ""not applicable"" are not shown

### **GHS-Labelling**

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe dust or mist. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed.



Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
98-56-6	4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene	40 - 50%	$\checkmark$
143860-04-2	3-ethyl-2-methyl-2-(3-methylbutyl)-1,3- oxazolidine	10 - 20%	$\checkmark$
41556-26-7	bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) seba- cate	10 - 20%	$\checkmark$
141-78-6	ethyl acetate	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
127519-17-9	Benzenepropanoic acid, 3-(2H-benzotriazol- 2-yl)-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxy-, C7-9- branched and linear alkyl esters	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
82919-37-7	methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl se- bacate	3 - 5%	$\checkmark$
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$
110-12-3	5-methylhexan-2-one	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 1 - 5%

## 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. After contact with skin, take off immediately all contaminated clothing, and wash immediately with plenty of Previn® or water.

#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist,



call a physician.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

#### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

#### Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

#### **Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

#### **Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

#### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

## 7. Handling and storage

#### Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

### SAFETY DATA SHEET



#### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. During baking at temperatures above 400°C, small amounts of hydrogen fluoride can be evolved; these amounts increase as temperatures. Hydrogen fluoride vapours are very toxic and cause skin and eye irritation. Above 430°C an explosive reaction may occur if finely divided fluorocarbon comes into contact with metal powder (aluminium or magnesium). Operations such as grinding, buffing or grit blasting may generate such mixtures. Avoid any dust buildup with fluorocarbons and metal mixtures.

#### Storage

### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store mixtures in metal containers because of the possibility of pressure build-up. Use glass or plastic as appropriate.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

#### National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 20

orkplace Exposure S	Standards (WESs) 2	2002
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Chemical Name		
4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene	TWA	2.5 mg/m3
ethyl acetate	TWA	200 ppm
	TWA	720 mg/m3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m3
5-methylhexan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	234 mg/m3

#### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.



Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
ethyl acetate	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	10 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: clear Odor Threshold : no data available

рН	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	77 ° C	
Flash point	-7°C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	11 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	10.4 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.12 $g/cm^3$	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	380 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 ° C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

## 10. Stability and reactivity

### Stability Stable

### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire Carbon monoxide, fluorinated hydrocarbons, hydrogen fluoride, nitrogen oxides may be formed.



## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. The thermal decomposition vapours of fluorinated polymers may cause polymer fume fever with flu-like symptoms in humans, especially when smoking contaminated tobacco.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

## Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

### Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

#### Acute inhalation toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

% of unknown composition 0 %

### Skin corrosion/irritation

3-ethyl-2-methyl-2-(3-methylbutyl)-1,3-oxazolidine	Category 1B
ethyl acetate	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
5-methylhexan-2-one	Category 3

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

ethyl acetate	Category 2A
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2A
5-methylhexan-2-one	Category 2A
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 2A

#### **Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Skin sensitisation

bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria



#### **Toxicity for reproduction**

3-ethyl-2-methyl-2-(3-methylbutyl)-1,3-oxazolidine Category 1B

#### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )

No information available.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

## 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

#### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

#### Acute aquatic toxicity

3-ethyl-2-methyl-2-(3-methylbutyl)-1,3-oxazolidine bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1 Category 1
Benzenepropanoic acid, 3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxy-, C7-9-branched and linear alkyl esters methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 2 Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2

#### Chronic aquatic toxicity

4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene	Category 3
3-ethyl-2-methyl-2-(3-methylbutyl)-1,3-oxazolidine	Category 1
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
Benzenepropanoic acid, 3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxy-, C7-9-branched and linear alkyl este	s Category 2
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2

% of unknown composition 0%

### Persistence and degradability

No information available.

### Bioaccumulation

No information available.

### Mobility in soil

No information available.



#### Other adverse effects

No information available.

## **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information

-	<b>NZS5433</b> Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
ł	UN number: Hazard Class: Packing group: Hazchem Code:	1263 3 II 3YE
	MDG (Sea transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
     	UN number: Hazard Class: Subsidiary Hazard Class: Packing group: Marine Pollutant: EmS:	1263 3 Not applicable. II yes [4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene] F-E,S-E
	CAO/IATA (Air transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
ł	UN number: Hazard Class: Subsidiary Hazard Class: Packing group:	1263 3 Not applicable. II

#### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

## 15. Regulatory information

#### National regulatory information HSNO Approval Code HSR002663 HSNO Control A This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use. HSNO Control T This product must be tracked. **HSNO** Classification Category 8.2B Skin corrosion/irritation Category 8.3A Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 6.5B Skin sensitisation Toxicity for reproduction Category 6.8A Category 3.1B Flammable liquids Acute aquatic toxicity Category 9.1A Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 9.1A



## 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date: B12731029	2015-01-29

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	13084S Productive Additive	
Product code	13084S	
Intended use of the substance/preparation Intermediate		
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia	
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248	
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial	
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ	
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738	
Date of preparation	2015-01-29	

## 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### **HSNO Classification**

Category 3.1B
Category 8.2B
Category 8.3A
Category 6.5B
Category 6.8A
Category 9.1B
Category 9.1B

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", ""cannot classified"" and ""not applicable"" are not shown

### **GHS-Labelling**

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe dust or mist. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed.



Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: dibutylbis((1-oxododecyl)oxy)stannane. May produce an allergic reaction.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
67-64-1	acetone	50 - 60%	$\checkmark$
143860-04-2	3-ethyl-2-methyl-2-(3-methylbutyl)-1,3- oxazolidine	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
41556-26-7	bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) seba- cate	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
141-78-6	ethyl acetate	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
142-82-5	heptane (mixture of isomers)	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
127519-17-9	Benzenepropanoic acid, 3-(2H-benzotriazol- 2-yl)-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxy-, C7-9- branched and linear alkyl esters	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
110-43-0	heptan-2-one	3 - 5%	$\checkmark$
61788-93-0	amines, coco alkyldimethyl	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
82919-37-7	methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl se- bacate	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
78-93-3	butanone	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$
108-87-2	methylcyclohexane	0.1 - 0.3%	$\checkmark$
77-58-7	dibutylbis((1-oxododecyl)oxy)stannane	0.1 - 0.3%	$\checkmark$
110-12-3	5-methylhexan-2-one	0.1 - 0.3%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 1 - 5%

## 4. First aid measures



### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

#### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

#### Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

#### **Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.



### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

## 7. Handling and storage

### Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

#### Storage

### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25  $^{\circ}$ C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

#### National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
acetone	TWA	500 ppm
	STEL	1,000 ppm
	STEL	2,375 mg/m3
	TWA	1,185 mg/m3
ethyl acetate	TWA	200 ppm
	TWA	720 mg/m3
heptane (mixture of isomers)	TWA	400 ppm
	STEL	500 ppm
	STEL	2,050 mg/m3
	TWA	1,640 mg/m3
heptan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	233 mg/m3
butanone	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	300 ppm
	STEL	890 mg/m3



Chemical Name		
	TWA	445 mg/m3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m3
methylcyclohexane	TWA	400 ppm
	TWA	1,610 mg/m3
dibutylbis((1-oxododecyl)oxy)stannane	STEL	0.2 mg/m3
	TWA	0.1 mg/m3
5-methylhexan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	234 mg/m3

#### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name ethyl acetate	Glove material Nitrile rubber	Glove thickness 0.33 mm	Break through time
,	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
butanone	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!



## 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: clear Odor Threshold : no data available

i.

рН	No data available.	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	77 ° C	
Flash point	-20 ° C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	12.8 %	
Lower explosion limit	1 %	
Vapour pressure	139.8 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	appreciable	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.83 $g/cm^3$	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	215 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

## 10. Stability and reactivity

## Stability

Stable

### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

#### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

### SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

# Acute dermal toxicity not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

### Skin corrosion/irritation

acetone	Category 3
3-ethyl-2-methyl-2-(3-methylbutyl)-1,3-oxazolidine	Category 1B
ethyl acetate	Category 3
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 2
heptan-2-one	Category 2
amines, coco alkyldimethyl	Category 1B
butanone	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
methylcyclohexane	Category 2
dibutylbis((1-oxododecyl)oxy)stannane	Category 1B
5-methylhexan-2-one	Category 3

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

acetone	Category 2A
ethyl acetate	Category 2A
heptane (mixture of isomers)	Category 2A
heptan-2-one	Category 2B
amines, coco alkyldimethyl	Category 1
butanone	Category 2A
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2A
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 2A
dibutylbis((1-oxododecyl)oxy)stannane	Category 1
5-methylhexan-2-one	Category 2A

### **Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Skin sensitisation

bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1
dibutylbis((1-oxododecyl)oxy)stannane	Category 1

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### **Toxicity for reproduction**

3-ethyl-2-methyl-2-(3-methylbutyl)-1,3-oxazolidine	Category 1B
dibutylbis((1-oxododecyl)oxy)stannane	Category 1A

### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria







### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )

No information available.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

## 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

#### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

### Acute aquatic toxicity

3-ethyl-2-methyl-2-(3-methylbutyl)-1,3-oxazolidine Ca	ategory 1
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate Ca	ategory 1
heptane (mixture of isomers) Ca	ategory 1
Benzenepropanoic acid, 3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxy-, C7-9-branched and linear alkyl esters Ca	ategory 2
heptan-2-one Ca	ategory 3
amines, coco alkyldimethyl Ca	ategory 1
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate Ca	ategory 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene Ca	ategory 2
methylcyclohexane Ca	ategory 2
dibutylbis((1-oxododecyl)oxy)stannane Ca	ategory 1

#### Chronic aquatic toxicity

bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate heptane (mixture of isomers) Benzenepropanoic acid, 3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxy-, C7-9-branched and linear alkyl esters methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene methylcyclohexane	Category 1 Category 1 Category 1 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 1
--	--

% of unknown composition 0%

#### Persistence and degradability

No information available.

#### Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil

No information available.

#### Other adverse effects

No information available.



## **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

#### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information

NZS5433 Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Packing group:	II
Hazchem Code:	3YE
IMDG (Sea transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II
Marine Pollutant:	yes [heptane (mixture of isomers)]
EmS:	F-E,S-E
ICAO/IATA (Air transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II

### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

## 15. Regulatory information

### National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002663
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 8.2B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8A
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

## 16. Other information

### **Revision Note**

Version Changes

1.0



### Version Changes

Revision Date: 2015-01-29 B12881206

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	13100S Activator
Product code	13100S
Intended use of the substance Hardener for professional use	e/preparation
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

## 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### **HSNO Classification**

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Respiratory sensitisation	Category 6.5A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", ""cannot classified"" and ""not applicable" are not shown

### **GHS-Labelling**

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes mild skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Precautionary statements	In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.



If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains isocyanates. See information supplied by the manufacturer.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
28182-81-2	Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	70 - 80%	$\checkmark$
141-78-6	ethyl acetate	10 - 20%	$\checkmark$
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
103-09-3	2-ethylhexyl acetate	3 - 5%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 0.0 - 0.1%

## 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis. Skin contact my cause skin sensitization.



#### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

### Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

### **Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

#### **Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

#### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. The contaminated area should be cleaned up immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts), concentrated (d : 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts), water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in non-sealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose according to local regulations (see section 13).

## 7. Handling and storage

#### Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

#### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

#### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.



## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

#### National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	STEL	0.07 mg/m3
	TWA	0.02 mg/m3
ethyl acetate	TWA	200 ppm
	TWA	720 mg/m3
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m3
	TWA	713 mg/m3

#### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. Air-fed protective respiratory equipment must be worn by spray operator even when good ventilation is provided.

### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### **Respiratory protection**

For spraying: air-fed respirator. For operations other than spraying: in well ventilated areas, air-fed respirators could be replaced by a combination of charcoal filter and particulate filter mask.

## Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name ethyl acetate	Glove material Nitrile rubber	Glove thickness 0.33 mm	Break through time 10 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.



### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: clear Odor Threshold : no data available

L

рН	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	77 ° C	
Flash point	13°C	DIN 53213/ISO 1523
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	11 %	
Lower explosion limit	1.2 %	
Vapour pressure	14.5 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.09 $g/cm^3$	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	268 ° C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 ° C)	<20 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm
	•	

## 10. Stability and reactivity

## Stability

Stable

#### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

#### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents and strongly acid or alkaline materials. Amines and alcohols cause exothermic reactions. Mixture reacts slowly with water resulting in evolution of CO2. Evolution of CO2 in closed containers causes overpressure and produces a risk of bursting.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen as well as hydrogen cyanide, amines, alcohols and water.

## 11. Toxicological information

## Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to

### SAFETY DATA SHEET



isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

## Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

### Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

#### Acute inhalation toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

% of unknown composition 0 %

### Skin corrosion/irritation

	ethyl acetateCategory 3n-butyl acetateCategory 32-ethylhexyl acetateCategory 2			
Serious eye damage/eye irritation				
	ethyl acetate Category 2A 2-ethylhexyl acetate Category 2B			
Respiratory sensitisation				
	Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers Category 1			
Skin sensitisation				
	Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers Category 1			
Germ cell mutagenicity not hazardous				
Carcinogenicity Not classified according to GHS criteria				
Toxicity for reproduction Not classified according to GHS criteria				
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure Not classified according to GHS criteria				
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure not hazardous				



#### Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )

No information available.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar products, the following applies: This formulation may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system leading to an asthmatic condition, wheeziness and a tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. Components of the product may be absorbed into the body through the skin.

## 12. Ecological information

Product does not contain any environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS

#### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

### Persistence and degradability

No information available.

**Bioaccumulation** No information available.

**Mobility in soil** No information available.

Other adverse effects No information available.

## No mornation available.

## **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

#### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information

NZS5433	
Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: Hazard Class: Packing group: Hazchem Code:

1263 3 II

3YE

### IMDG (Sea transport)



Proper shipping name:

PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: Hazard Class: Subsidiary Hazard Class: Packing group: Marine Pollutant: EmS:

3 Not applicable. II no F-E,S-E

1263

ICAO/IATA (Air transport) Proper shipping name: PAI

PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263 Hazard Class: 3 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable. Packing group: II

#### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

## 15. Regulatory information

#### National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code HSNO Control A HSNO Classification	HSR002662 This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Respiratory sensitisation	Category 6.5A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B

## 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date: 1250051229	2015-01-29

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	13110S ACN632 Imron Activator	
Product code	13110S	
Intended use of the substance Hardener for professional use	preparation	
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia	
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248	
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial	
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ	
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738	
Date of preparation	2015-01-29	

## 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### **HSNO Classification**

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Respiratory sensitisation	Category 6.5A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", ""cannot classified"" and ""not applicable" are not shown

### GHS-Labelling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes mild skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Precautionary statements	In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.



If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains isocyanates. See information supplied by the manufacturer. Contains: hexamethylene-di-isocyanate. May produce an allergic reaction.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
28182-81-2	Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	70 - 80%	$\checkmark$
141-78-6	ethyl acetate	10 - 20%	$\checkmark$
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
103-09-3	2-ethylhexyl acetate	3 - 5%	$\checkmark$
822-06-0	hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	0.1 - 0.3%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 0.0 - 0.1%

## 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.



#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis. Skin contact my cause skin sensitization.

#### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

#### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

#### Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

#### **Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

### **Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

#### Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

#### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. The contaminated area should be cleaned up immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts), concentrated (d : 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts), water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in non-sealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose according to local regulations (see section 13).

## 7. Handling and storage

#### Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

#### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.



### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

#### National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	STEL	0.07 mg/m3
	TWA	0.02 mg/m3
ethyl acetate	TWA	200 ppm
	TWA	720 mg/m3
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m3
	TWA	713 mg/m3
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	STEL	0.07 mg/m3
	TWA	0.02 mg/m3

#### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. Air-fed protective respiratory equipment must be worn by spray operator even when good ventilation is provided.

#### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### **Respiratory protection**

For spraying: air-fed respirator. For operations other than spraying: in well ventilated areas, air-fed respirators could be replaced by a combination of charcoal filter and particulate filter mask.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Hand protection

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The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
ethyl acetate	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	10 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance



group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: clear Odour: Characteristic Paint Odor Odor Threshold : no data available

рН	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	77 ° C	
Flash point	10 ° C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	11 %	
Lower explosion limit	1.2 %	
Vapour pressure	14.5 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.07 $g/cm^3$	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	268 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	<20 s	ISO 2431-1993 6 mm

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## 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

#### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

#### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents and strongly acid or alkaline materials. Amines and alcohols cause exothermic reactions. Mixture reacts slowly with water resulting in evolution of CO2. Evolution of CO2 in closed containers causes overpressure and produces a risk of bursting.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen as well as hydrogen cyanide, amines, alcohols and water.

## 11. Toxicological information



#### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

#### Acute oral toxicity not hazardous

### Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

#### Acute inhalation toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

% of unknown composition 0 %

### Skin corrosion/irritation

ethyl acetate	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
2-ethylhexyl acetate	Category 2
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	Category 1C
,	

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

ethyl acetate	Category 2A
2-ethylhexyl acetate	Category 2B
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	Category 1

**Respiratory sensitisation** 

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Category 1
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	Category 1

Skin sensitisation

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Category 1
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	Category 1

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

not hazardous

Carcinogenicity Not classified according to GHS criteria



#### Toxicity for reproduction

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

## Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

not hazardous

#### Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )

No information available.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar products, the following applies: This formulation may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system leading to an asthmatic condition, wheeziness and a tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. Components of the product may be absorbed into the body through the skin.

## 12. Ecological information

Product does not contain any environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS

#### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

#### Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

**Mobility in soil** No information available.

#### Other adverse effects

No information available.

## **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

#### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information



<b>NZS5433</b> Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Packing group:	II
Hazchem Code:	3YE
IMDG (Sea transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II
Marine Pollutant:	no
EmS:	F-E,S-E
ICAO/IATA (Air transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II

### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

## 15. Regulatory information

### National regulatory information

5,	
HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Respiratory sensitisation	Category 6.5A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B

## 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date: B12730768	2015-01-29

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	13138S Pretreatment Activator
Product code	13138S
Intended use of the substance/preparation Hardener for professional use	
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

## 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### **HSNO Classification**

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute dermal toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", ""cannot classified"" and ""not applicable"" are not shown

### GHS-Labelling

Hazard symbols

Signal word

Hazard statements



Danger

Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if swallowed. May be harmful in contact with skin. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life.



Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray.
	<ul> <li>IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.</li> <li>IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.</li> <li>Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.</li> <li>Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.</li> <li>Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.</li> </ul>

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
78-83-1	iso-butanol	60 - 70%	$\checkmark$
108-10-1	4-methylpentan-2-one	20 - 30%	$\checkmark$
90-72-2	2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	3 - 5%	$\checkmark$
1760-24-3	N-(3-trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine	3 - 5%	$\checkmark$
69-72-7	salicylic acid	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
67-56-1	methanol	0.1 - 0.3%	$\checkmark$
71-36-3	n-butanol	0.1 - 0.3%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 1 - 5%

# 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.



#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

## 5. Firefighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

#### Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

#### **Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

### 6. Accidental release measures

#### **Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

#### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

# 7. Handling and storage

### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Storage



#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

# National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
iso-butanol	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	152 mg/m3
4-methylpentan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	307 mg/m3
	TWA	205 mg/m3
methanol	TWA	200 ppm
	STEL	250 ppm
	STEL	328 mg/m3
	TWA	262 mg/m3
n-butanol	CEIL	150 mg/m3
	CEIL	50 ppm

#### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butanol	Viton (R) <sup>(B)</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

### SAFETY DATA SHEET



The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: clear Odor Threshold : no data available

рН	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	106 °C	
Flash point	20 ° C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	12.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	1.2 %	
Vapour pressure	11.7 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.82 $g/cm^3$	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	415°C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 ° C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability Stable

# Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

#### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

# 11. Toxicological information



#### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

#### Acute oral toxicity

iso-butanol	Category 5
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 5
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Category 4
salicylic acid	Category 4
methanol	Category 3
n-butanol	Category 4

#### Acute dermal toxicity

iso-butanol	Category 5
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Category 4
methanol	Category 3
n-butanol	Category 5

#### Acute inhalation toxicity

4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 4
methanol	Category 3
n-butanol	Category 5

% of unknown composition 1.3 %

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Category 2
Category 3
Category 1C
Category 1C
Category 2

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

iso-butanol	Category 1
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 2A
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Category 1
N-(3-trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine	Category 2A
salicylic acid	Category 1
methanol	Category 2A
n-butanol	Category 1



Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

N-(3-trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Toxicity for reproduction

salicylic acid Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )

No information available.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

# 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

#### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

#### Acute aquatic toxicity

N-(3-trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine Category 2 salicylic acid Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity

N-(3-trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine Category 2

% of unknown composition 1.3%

#### Persistence and degradability

No information available.



Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility in soil No information available.

### Other adverse effects

No information available.

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste disposal methods Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

# 14. Transport information

NZS5433 Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Packing group:	II
Hazchem Code:	3YE
IMDG (Sea transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II
Marine Pollutant:	no
EmS:	F-E,S-E
ICAO/IATA (Air transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II

### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

# 15. Regulatory information



National regulatory information	
HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute dermal toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

# 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date: B13013171	2015-01-29

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	13150S Corlar Epoxy Primer Activator	
Product code	13150S	
Intended use of the substance Hardener for professional use	preparation	
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia	
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248	
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial	
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ	
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738	
Date of preparation	2015-01-29	

# 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### **HSNO Classification**

Category 3.1B
Category 8.2B
Category 8.3A
Category 6.8B
Category 9.1B
Category 9.1B

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### **GHS-Labelling**

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe dust or mist. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

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Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification None known.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

# Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
98-56-6	4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene	30 - 40%	$\checkmark$
67-64-1	acetone	10 - 20%	$\checkmark$
100-51-6	benzyl alcohol	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
84852-15-3	4-Nonylphenol, branched	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	3 - 5%	$\checkmark$
110-12-3	5-methylhexan-2-one	3 - 5%	$\checkmark$
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
108-67-8	mesitylene	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$
79-20-9	methyl acetate	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$
98-82-8	cumene	0.1 - 0.3%	$\checkmark$
1330-20-7	xylene	0.1 - 0.3%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 30 - 40%

## 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.



#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

# 5. Firefighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

#### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

#### Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

#### **Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

### 6. Accidental release measures

#### **Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

# 7. Handling and storage

### SAFETY DATA SHEET



### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. During baking at temperatures above 400°C, small amounts of hydrogen fluoride can be evolved; these amounts increase as temperatures. Hydrogen fluoride vapours are very toxic and cause skin and eye irritation. Above 430°C an explosive reaction may occur if finely divided fluorocarbon comes into contact with metal powder (aluminium or magnesium). Operations such as grinding, buffing or grit blasting may generate such mixtures. Avoid any dust buildup with fluorocarbons and metal mixtures.

#### Storage

### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene	TWA	2.5 mg/m3
acetone	TWA	500 ppm
	STEL	1,000 ppm
	STEL	2,375 mg/m3
	TWA	1,185 mg/m3
5-methylhexan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	234 mg/m3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m3
mesitylene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m3
	TWA	123 mg/m3
methyl acetate	TWA	200 ppm
	STEL	250 ppm
	STEL	757 mg/m3
	TWA	606 mg/m3
cumene	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	375 mg/m3
	TWA	125 mg/m3



Chemical Name			
xylene	TWA	50 ppm	
	TWA	217 mg/m3	

### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Glove material Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	Glove thickness 0.7 mm	Break through time 30 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Form : liquid C

Colour: clear Odour: Characteristic Paint Odor

Odor Threshold : no data available

рН	No data available.
Freezing point	Not applicable.
Boiling point	139 °C

### SAFETY DATA SHEET



Flash point	-15°C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	12.8 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	40.9 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	appreciable	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.04 $g/cm^{3}$	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	<b>425</b> °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability Stable

### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

#### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire Carbon monoxide, fluorinated hydrocarbons, hydrogen fluoride, nitrogen oxides may be formed.

### 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. The thermal decomposition vapours of fluorinated polymers may cause polymer fume fever with flu-like symptoms in humans, especially when smoking contaminated tobacco.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity not hazardous

# Acute dermal toxicity not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %



#### Skin corrosion/irritation

acetone	Category
4-Nonylphenol, branched	Category
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category
5-methylhexan-2-one	Category
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category
mesitylene	Category
methyl acetate	Category
xylene	Category

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

acetone	Category 2A
benzyl alcohol	Category 2A
4-Nonylphenol, branched	Category 1
5-methylhexan-2-one	Category 2A
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2A
mesitylene	Category 2A
methyl acetate	Category 1
xylene	Category 2A

#### Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Skin sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Toxicity for reproduction

4-Nonylphenol, branched Category 2

#### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. ) No information available.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

# 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.



#### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

#### Acute aquatic toxicity

4-Nonylphenol, branched	Category 1
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
cumene	Category 2
xylene	Category 3

### Chronic aquatic toxicity

4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene	Category 3
4-Nonylphenol, branched	Category 1
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene	e) Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
cumene	Category 2

% of unknown composition 0%

### Persistence and degradability

No information available.

#### Bioaccumulation

No information available.

#### Mobility in soil

No information available.

### Other adverse effects

No information available.

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

# 14. Transport information

<b>NZS5433</b> Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Packing group:	II
Hazchem Code:	3YE
IMDG (Sea transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3



Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II
Marine Pollutant:	yes [4-Nonylphenol, branched]
EmS:	F-E,S-E
ICAO/IATA (Air transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II

### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

# 15. Regulatory information

### National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002663
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 8.2B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

# 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version Changes 1.0 Revision Date: 2015-01-29 B12730746

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	13160S Corlar Epoxy Surfacer Activator
Product code	13160S
Intended use of the substance Hardener for professional use	preparation
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

# 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### **HSNO Classification**

Category 3.1C
Category 6.1E
Category 8.2B
Category 8.3A
Category 6.5A
Category 6.5B
Category 6.8B
Category 9.1B
Category 9.1B

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", ""cannot classified"" and ""not applicable"" are not shown

### **GHS-Labelling**

Hazard symbols

Signal word

Hazard statements



Danger

Flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if swallowed. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>Do not breathe dust or mist.</li> <li>In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.</li> <li>Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking.</li> <li>Obtain special instructions before use.</li> <li>Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.</li> <li>Collect spillage.</li> <li>If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.</li> <li>IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.</li> <li>IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.</li> <li>IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.</li> <li>If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.</li> <li>IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> <li>Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.</li> </ul>
	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification None known.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
98-56-6	4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene	20 - 30%	$\checkmark$
71-36-3	n-butanol	10 - 20%	$\checkmark$
84852-15-3	4-Nonylphenol, branched	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
1330-20-7	xylene	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
107-15-3	ethylenediamine	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
110-12-3	5-methylhexan-2-one	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
79-20-9	methyl acetate	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

# 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist,



call a physician.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

# 5. Firefighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

#### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

#### Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

#### **Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

#### **Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

#### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

# 7. Handling and storage

#### Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

### SAFETY DATA SHEET



### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. During baking at temperatures above 400°C, small amounts of hydrogen fluoride can be evolved; these amounts increase as temperatures. Hydrogen fluoride vapours are very toxic and cause skin and eye irritation. Above 430°C an explosive reaction may occur if finely divided fluorocarbon comes into contact with metal powder (aluminium or magnesium). Operations such as grinding, buffing or grit blasting may generate such mixtures. Avoid any dust buildup with fluorocarbons and metal mixtures.

#### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

#### National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene	TWA	2.5 mg/m3
n-butanol	CEIL	150 mg/m3
	CEIL	50 ppm
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m3
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m3
	TWA	434 mg/m3
ethylenediamine	TWA	10 ppm
	TWA	25 mg/m3
5-methylhexan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	234 mg/m3
methyl acetate	TWA	200 ppm
	STEL	250 ppm
	STEL	757 mg/m3
	TWA	606 mg/m3



#### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butanol	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: brown Odour: Characteristic Paint Odor Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	65 ° C	
Flash point	31 °C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	11.2 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	4.7 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.01 $g/cm^{3}$	DIN 53217/ISO 2811

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Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Viscosity (23 ° C)

no data available 340 °C

DIN 51794

Not applicable.

ISO 2431-1993

# 10. Stability and reactivity

### Stability

Stable

### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

### Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire Carbon monoxide, fluorinated hydrocarbons, hydrogen fluoride, nitrogen oxides may be formed.

# 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. The thermal decomposition vapours of fluorinated polymers may cause polymer fume fever with flu-like symptoms in humans, especially when smoking contaminated tobacco.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

#### Acute oral toxicity

n-butanol	Category 4
4-Nonylphenol, branched	Category 4
xylene	Category 5
ethylbenzene	Category 5
ethylenediamine	Category 4
5-methylhexan-2-one	Category 5

# Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

### Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %



### Skin corrosion/irritation

	n-butanol 4-Nonylphenol, branched xylene ethylbenzene ethylenediamine 5-methylhexan-2-one methyl acetate	Category 2 Category 1 Category 2 Category 3 Category 1B Category 3 Category 2	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation			
	n-butanol 4-Nonylphenol, branched xylene ethylbenzene ethylenediamine 5-methylhexan-2-one methyl acetate	Category 1 Category 2A Category 2B Category 1 Category 2A Category 1	
Respiratory sensitisation			
	ethylenediamine Ca	ategory 1	
Skin sensitisation			
	ethylenediamine Ca	ategory 1	
Germ cell mutagenicity Not classified according to GHS criteria			
Carcinogenicity Not classified according to GHS criteria			
Toxicity for reproduction			
4-Nonylphenol, branched Category 2			
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure Not classified according to GHS criteria			
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure Not classified according to GHS criteria			
Aspiration toxicity Not classified according to GHS criteria			
Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.) No information available.			
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.			

# 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.



#### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

#### Acute aquatic toxicity

4-Nonylphenol, branched	Category 1
xylene	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2

Chronic aquatic toxicity

4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene	Category 3
4-Nonylphenol, branched	Category 1
ethylenediamine	Category 3

% of unknown composition 0%

### **Persistence and degradability** No information available.

no information available.

# Bioaccumulation

No information available.

**Mobility in soil** No information available.

### Other adverse effects

No information available.

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

# 14. Transport information

NZS5433 Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Packing group:	III
Hazchem Code:	3Y
IMDG (Sea transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	III
Marine Pollutant:	yes [4-Nonylphenol, branched]
EmS:	F-E,S-E

#### ICAO/IATA (Air transport)



Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263 Hazard Class: 3 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not a Packing group: III

3 Not applicable.

### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

# 15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information	
HSNO Approval Code	HSR002663
HSNO Classification	
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 8.2B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Respiratory sensitisation	Category 6.5A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

# 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date: 1250047947	2015-01-29

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	13180S Ecorlar Epoxy Activator
Product code	13180S
Intended use of the substance Hardener for professional use	preparation
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial
Street/Box	A Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

# 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### **HSNO Classification**

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 8.2B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Respiratory sensitisation	Category 6.5A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
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Endpoints which are ""not classified"", ""cannot classified"" and ""not applicable"" are not shown

### **GHS-Labelling**

Hazard symbols

Signal word

Hazard statements



Danger

Flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if swallowed. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>Do not breathe dust or mist.</li> <li>In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.</li> <li>Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking.</li> <li>Obtain special instructions before use.</li> <li>Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.</li> <li>Collect spillage.</li> <li>If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.</li> <li>IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.</li> <li>IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.</li> <li>IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.</li> <li>If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.</li> <li>IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> <li>Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.</li> </ul>
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Other hazards which do not result in classification None known.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
98-56-6	4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene	20 - 30%	$\checkmark$
71-36-3	n-butanol	10 - 20%	$\checkmark$
84852-15-3	4-Nonylphenol, branched	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
1330-20-7	xylene	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
107-15-3	ethylenediamine	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
110-12-3	5-methylhexan-2-one	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
79-20-9	methyl acetate	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 40 - 50%

# 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist,



call a physician.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

# 5. Firefighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

#### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

#### Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

#### **Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

#### **Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

#### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

# 7. Handling and storage

#### Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

### SAFETY DATA SHEET



### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. During baking at temperatures above 400°C, small amounts of hydrogen fluoride can be evolved; these amounts increase as temperatures. Hydrogen fluoride vapours are very toxic and cause skin and eye irritation. Above 430°C an explosive reaction may occur if finely divided fluorocarbon comes into contact with metal powder (aluminium or magnesium). Operations such as grinding, buffing or grit blasting may generate such mixtures. Avoid any dust buildup with fluorocarbons and metal mixtures.

#### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

#### National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene	TWA	2.5 mg/m3
n-butanol	CEIL	150 mg/m3
	CEIL	50 ppm
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m3
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m3
	TWA	434 mg/m3
ethylenediamine	TWA	10 ppm
	TWA	25 mg/m3
5-methylhexan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	234 mg/m3
methyl acetate	TWA	200 ppm
	STEL	250 ppm
	STEL	757 mg/m3
	TWA	606 mg/m3



#### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butanol	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: brown Odour: Characteristic Paint Odor Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	65 ° C	
Flash point	31 °C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	11.2 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	4.7 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.01 $g/cm^{3}$	DIN 53217/ISO 2811

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Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Viscosity (23 ° C)

no data available 340 °C

DIN 51794

Not applicable.

ISO 2431-1993

# 10. Stability and reactivity

### Stability

Stable

### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

### Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire Carbon monoxide, fluorinated hydrocarbons, hydrogen fluoride, nitrogen oxides may be formed.

# 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. The thermal decomposition vapours of fluorinated polymers may cause polymer fume fever with flu-like symptoms in humans, especially when smoking contaminated tobacco.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

#### Acute oral toxicity

n-butanol	Category 4
4-Nonylphenol, branched	Category 4
xylene	Category 5
ethylbenzene	Category 5
ethylenediamine	Category 4
5-methylhexan-2-one	Category 5

# Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

### Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %



### Skin corrosion/irritation

	n-butanol 4-Nonylphenol, branched xylene ethylbenzene ethylenediamine 5-methylhexan-2-one methyl acetate	Category 2 Category 1 Category 2 Category 3 Category 1B Category 3 Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation		
	n-butanol 4-Nonylphenol, branched xylene ethylbenzene ethylenediamine 5-methylhexan-2-one methyl acetate	Category 1 Category 2A Category 2B Category 1 Category 2A Category 1
Respiratory sensitisation		
	ethylenediamine Ca	ategory 1
Skin sensitisation		
	ethylenediamine Ca	ategory 1
Germ cell mutagenicity Not classified according to GHS criteria		
Carcinogenicity Not classified according to GHS criteria		
Toxicity for reproduction		
	4-Nonylphenol, branched	Category 2
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure Not classified according to GHS criteria		
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure Not classified according to GHS criteria		
Aspiration toxicity Not classified according to GHS criteria		
Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc.) No information available.		
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.		

# 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.



#### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

#### Acute aquatic toxicity

4-Nonylphenol, branched	Category 1
xylene	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 2

Chronic aquatic toxicity

4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene	Category 3
4-Nonylphenol, branched	Category 1
ethylenediamine	Category 3

% of unknown composition 0%

### **Persistence and degradability** No information available.

no information available.

### **Bioaccumulation** No information available.

No information available.

**Mobility in soil** No information available.

### Other adverse effects

No information available.

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

# 14. Transport information

NZS5433 Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Packing group:	III
Hazchem Code:	3Y
IMDG (Sea transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	III
Marine Pollutant:	yes [4-Nonylphenol, branched]
EmS:	F-E,S-E

#### ICAO/IATA (Air transport)



Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263 Hazard Class: 3 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not a Packing group: III

3 Not applicable.

### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

# 15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information	
HSNO Approval Code	HSR002663
HSNO Classification	
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 8.2B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Respiratory sensitisation	Category 6.5A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

# 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date: 1250047947	2015-01-29

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	13204S Aluminium Alloy & Metal Cleaner
Product code	13204S
Intended use of the substance Cleaning agent for professional	
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial
Street/Box	A Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

# 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### **HSNO Classification**

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1D
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 8.2B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Corrosive to metals	Category 8.1A

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### **GHS-Labelling**

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Combustible liquid Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye irritation. May be corrosive to metals.
Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>Keep away from open flames/hot surfaces No smoking.</li> <li>Do not breathe dust or mist.</li> <li>Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.</li> <li>Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.</li> <li>If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.</li> <li>IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.</li> <li>IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> </ul>



Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store in corrosive resistant/ .? container with a resistant inner liner.

Other hazards which do not result in classification None known.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
7664-38-2	phosphoric acid	20 - 30%	$\checkmark$
111-76-2	2-butoxyethanol	10 - 20%	$\checkmark$
112-34-5	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	3 - 5%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 50 - 60%

# 4. First aid measures

### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. After contact with skin, take off immediately all contaminated clothing, and wash immediately with plenty of Previn® or water.

#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.



# 5. Firefighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

#### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

#### Specific hazards

The product is not flammable. Avoid heating above flash point. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

#### **Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

# 6. Accidental release measures

#### **Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

#### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

# 7. Handling and storage

#### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

#### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store mixtures in metal containers because of the possibility of pressure build-up. Use glass or plastic as appropriate.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002



#### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
2-butoxyethanol	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: clear Odor Threshold : no data available

I.

pH	No data available.	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	100 °C	
Flash point	81 °C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.6 %	
Lower explosion limit	1.1 %	
Vapour pressure	0.2 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	completely miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.14 $g/cm^3$	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	

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Ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Viscosity (23  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C})$ 

210 °C Not applicable.

ISO 2431-1993

DIN 51794

Does not sustain combustion.

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

# Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

### Hazardous decomposition products

The product contains components which at higher temperatures can release oxides of phosphorus. When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

# 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

## Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

## Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

#### Acute oral toxicity not hazardous

# Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

#### Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

phosphoric acid 2-butoxyethanol 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol Category 1A Category 2 Category 3

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#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

phosphoric acid	Category 1
2-butoxyethanol	Category 2A
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Category 2A

**Respiratory sensitisation** 

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Skin sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

# Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### **Toxicity for reproduction**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure Not classified according to GHS criteria

## Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

## Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )

No information available.

## Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

# 12. Ecological information

Product does not contain any environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS

## **Ecotoxicity effects** There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulation No information available.

Mobility in soil No information available.

Other adverse effects No information available.



# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

#### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

# 14. Transport information

#### NZS5433

Proper shipping name:	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (phosphoric acid)
UN number:	1760
Hazard Class:	8
Packing group:	II
Hazchem Code:	2X

CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.

#### **IMDG (Sea transport)** Proper shipping name:

	(phosphoric acid)
UN number:	1760
Hazard Class:	8
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II
Marine Pollutant:	no
EmS:	F-A,S-B

## ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name:	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (phosphoric acid)
UN number:	1760
Hazard Class:	8
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II
Packing group:	II

### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

# **15. Regulatory information**

National regulatory information	
HSNO Approval Code	HSR002659
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 8.2B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1D
Corrosive to metals	Category 8.1A

# 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version Changes 1.0 Revision Date: 2015-01-29 B12847580



The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	13205S Aluminum Cleaner
Product code	13205S
Intended use of the substance Cleaning agent for professional	
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial
Street/Box	A Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

# 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### **HSNO Classification**

Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 8.2B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 6.6B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure	Category 6.9B
Corrosive to metals	Category 8.1A

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", ""cannot classified"" and ""not applicable"" are not shown

# **GHS-Labelling**

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Suspected of causing genetic defects. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May be corrosive to metals. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. May cause damage to organs. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage. Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin
Precautionary statements	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. Wash hands after handling.



Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations. Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Obtain special instructions before use. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. Store locked up. Keep only in original container. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Store in corrosive resistant/ .? container with a resistant inner liner. Avoid release to the environment. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Wear eye protection/ face protection.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

# Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name		Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
7664-38-2	phosphoric acid		20 - 30%	$\checkmark$
111-76-2	2-butoxyethanol		10 - 20%	$\checkmark$
9036-19-5	(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl) hydroxypoly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl)	phenyl-	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
7789-23-3	potassium fluoride		1 - 3%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 50 - 60%

# 4. First aid measures

### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

## SAFETY DATA SHEET



#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

# 5. Firefighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

#### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

#### Specific hazards

The product is not flammable. Avoid heating above flash point. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

#### Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

# 6. Accidental release measures

#### **Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

#### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

# 7. Handling and storage

#### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

#### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.



#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

# National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
phosphoric acid	TWA	1 mg/m3
2-butoxyethanol	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	121 mg/m3
potassium fluoride	TWA	2.5 mg/m3

#### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
2-butoxyethanol	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

# 9. Physical and chemical properties



#### Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: clear Odor Threshold : no data available

рН	No data available.	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	100 °C	
Flash point	Not applicable.	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.6 %	
Lower explosion limit	1.1 %	
Vapour pressure	0.1 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	completely miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.12 $g/cm^3$	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	<b>224</b> °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 ° C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability Stable

## Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

#### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

The product contains components which at higher temperatures can release oxides of phosphorus. When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

# 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:



#### Acute oral toxicity

phosphoric acid	Category 4
2-butoxyethanol	Category 4
(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl) phenyl-hydroxypoly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl)	Category 4
potassium fluoride	Category 3

#### Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

## Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

phosphoric acid	Category 1A
2-butoxyethanol	Category 2
potassium fluoride	Category 1C

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

phosphoric acid	Category 1
2-butoxyethanol	Category 2A
(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl) phenyl-hydroxypoly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl)	Category 1
potassium fluoride	Category 1

### **Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Skin sensitisation Not classified according to GHS criteria

Germ cell mutagenicity

potassium fluoride Category 2

## Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction** 

potassium fluoride Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure No data available.

### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure Not classified according to GHS criteria

## Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. ) No information available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics No information available.



# 12. Ecological information

Product does not contain any environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS

#### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

# Persistence and degradability

No information available.

## Bioaccumulation

No information available.

## Mobility in soil

No information available.

### Other adverse effects

No information available.

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

#### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

# 14. Transport information

#### NZS5433

RUSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.
osphoric acid; potassium fluoride)
0

## IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name:	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.
	(phosphoric acid; potassium fluoride)
UN number:	1760
Hazard Class:	8
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	III
Marine Pollutant:	no
EmS:	F-A,S-B

### ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name:	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.
	(phosphoric acid; potassium fluoride)
UN number:	1760
Hazard Class:	8
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	III
,	

## Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.



# 15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information	
HSNO Approval Code	HSR002658
HSNO Classification	
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 8.2B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 6.6B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure	Category 6.9B
Corrosive to metals	Category 8.1A

# 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version Changes 1.0

Revision Date: 2015-01-29 B12847572

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	13206S Aluminum Conversion Coating
Product code	13206S
Intended use of the substance Coating for professional use	preparation
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

# 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### **HSNO Classification**

Category 3.1B
Category 6.3B
Category 8.3A
Category 6.5B
Category 6.8B
Category 9.1B
Category 9.1B

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", ""cannot classified"" and ""not applicable"" are not shown

# **GHS-Labelling**

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes mild skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Obtain special instructions before use.

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Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray. Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains epoxy constituents. See information supplied by the manufacturer.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
1317-65-3	Limestone (calcium carbonate)	10 - 20%	
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	10 - 20%	
14807-96-6	Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)	5 - 10%	
67-64-1	acetone	3 - 5%	$\checkmark$
108-83-8	2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one	3 - 5%	$\checkmark$
71-36-3	n-butanol	3 - 5%	$\checkmark$
98-56-6	4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
7727-43-7	barium sulphate, natural	1 - 3%	
26142-30-3	Epichlorohydrin-polyglycol	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
110-43-0	heptan-2-one	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
13983-17-0	Wollastonite	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
1330-20-7	xylene	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
7779-90-0	trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$
21645-51-2	aluminium hydroxide	0.3 - 1.0%	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$
628-63-7	pentyl acetate	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$
1314-13-2	zinc oxide	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$
108-67-8	mesitylene	0.1 - 0.3%	$\checkmark$
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	0.1 - 0.3%	$\checkmark$
69-72-7	salicylic acid	0.1 - 0.3%	$\checkmark$



Non-regulated ingredients 20 - 30%

# 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

# 5. Firefighting measures

### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

### Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

#### **Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

# 6. Accidental release measures



#### **Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

# 7. Handling and storage

# Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. During baking at temperatures above 400°C, small amounts of hydrogen fluoride can be evolved; these amounts increase as temperatures. Hydrogen fluoride vapours are very toxic and cause skin and eye irritation. Above 430°C an explosive reaction may occur if finely divided fluorocarbon comes into contact with metal powder (aluminium or magnesium). Operations such as grinding, buffing or grit blasting may generate such mixtures. Avoid any dust buildup with fluorocarbons and metal mixtures.

### Storage

## Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

# National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
Limestone (calcium carbonate)	TWA	10 mg/m3
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m3
Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)	TWA	2 mg/m3
acetone	TWA	500 ppm
	STEL	1,000 ppm
	STEL	2,375 mg/m3
	TWA	1,185 mg/m3
2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	145 mg/m3
n-butanol	CEIL	150 mg/m3
	CEIL	50 ppm
4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene	TWA	2.5 mg/m3



barium sulphate, natural	TWA	10 mg/m3
heptan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	233 mg/m3
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m3
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	TWA	10 mg/m3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m3
aluminium hydroxide	TWA	2 mg/m3
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m3
	TWA	434 mg/m3
pentyl acetate	TWA	100 ppm
	TWA	532 mg/m3
zinc oxide	STEL	10 mg/m3
	TWA	5 mg/m3
mesitylene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m3
	TWA	123 mg/m3
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m3
	TWA	713 mg/m3

#### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.



#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name n-butanol	Glove material Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	Glove thickness 0.7 mm	Break through time 480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	30 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

## Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: white Odour: Characteristic Paint Odor Odor Threshold : no data available

not applicable	
Not applicable.	
163 °C	
10 °C	DIN 53213/ISO 1523
Slower than Ether	
7.1 %	
0.8 %	
11.7 hPa	
moderate	
no data available	
1.54 $g/cm^3$	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
no data available	
340 °C	DIN 51794
Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993
	Not applicable. 163 °C 10 °C Slower than Ether 7.1 % 0.8 % 11.7 hPa moderate no data available $1.54 g/cm^3$ no data available 340 °C

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# 10. Stability and reactivity

### Stability Stable

### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire Carbon monoxide, fluorinated hydrocarbons, hydrogen fluoride, nitrogen oxides may be formed.

# 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. The thermal decomposition vapours of fluorinated polymers may cause polymer fume fever with flu-like symptoms in humans, especially when smoking contaminated tobacco.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

# Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

## Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

#### Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

## Skin corrosion/irritation

acetone	Category 3
2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one	Category 2
n-butanol	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
heptan-2-one	Category 3
Wollastonite	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
pentyl acetate	Category 3
mesitylene	Category 3



n-butyl acetate salicylic acid Category 3 Category 1C

## Serious eye damage/eye irritation

acetone	Category 2A
2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one	Category 2A
n-butanol	Category 1
heptan-2-one	Category 2B
Wollastonite	Category 2B
xylene	Category 2A
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2A
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
pentyl acetate	Category 2A
mesitylene	Category 2A
salicylic acid	Category 1

## **Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Skin sensitisation

Epichlorohydrin-polyglycol Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction** 

salicylic acid Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

# Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )

No information available.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

# 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

#### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.



## Acute aquatic toxicity

Titanium dioxide	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
heptan-2-one	Category 3
xylene	Category 3
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1
ethylbenzene	Category 2
zinc oxide	Category 1
mesitylene	Category 2
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
salicylic acid	Category 3

### Chronic aquatic toxicity

4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene) trizinc bis(orthophosphate) 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene aluminium hydroxide pentyl acetate zinc oxide	Category 3 Category 2 Category 1 Category 2 Category 1 Category 4 Category 4
mesitylene	Category 2

#### % of unknown composition 2.9%

#### Persistence and degradability

No information available.

#### Bioaccumulation

No information available.

#### Mobility in soil

No information available.

## Other adverse effects

No information available.

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

#### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

# 14. Transport information

NZS5433 Proper shipping name:	PAINT
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Packing group:	II
Hazchem Code:	3YE

## IMDG (Sea transport)



Proper shipping name:	PAINT
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II
Marine Pollutant:	yes [trizinc bis(orthophosphate)]
EmS:	F-E,S-E
ICAO/IATA (Air transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3

#### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

# 15. Regulatory information

#### National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

# 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date: B12730798	2015-01-29

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	13238S Epoxy Pre-Treatment
Product code	13238S
reference number	13238S
Intended use of the substance Coating for professional use	e/preparation
Supplier Street address	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Telephone Telefax Emergency telephone number	NZ Poisons Information Centre Ph: 0800 764 766 24-hour Emergency Number: (64)-9526 2501
Importer Street/Box	Resene Paints Ltd. 4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2013-08-28

# 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

## **HSNO Classification**

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1D
Acute dermal toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 8.2C
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Respiratory sensitisation	Category 6.5A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 6.6A
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure	Category 6.9B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B
Skin sensitisation Germ cell mutagenicity Carcinogenicity Toxicity for reproduction Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 6.5B Category 6.6A Category 6.7A Category 6.8B Category 6.9B Category 6.9B Category 9.1B

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", ""cannot classified"" and ""not applicable" are not shown

# GHS-Labelling

Hazard symbols

Signal word

Hazard statements



Danger

Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if swallowed. May be harmful in contact with skin. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage.



	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Obtain special instructions before use. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Wash hands after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Collect spillage. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. IF in EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell. IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. If SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label

Other hazards which do not result in classification None known.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

# Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
7727-43-7	barium sulphate, natural	10 - 20%	
1332-58-7	Kaolin	10 - 20%	
108-10-1	4-methylpentan-2-one	10 - 20%	$\checkmark$
7789-06-2	strontium chromate	10 - 20%	$\checkmark$
108-94-1	cyclohexanone	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
123-42-2	4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
78-93-3	butanone	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
1330-20-7	xylene	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$

SAFETY DATA SHEET



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CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
21645-51-2	aluminium hydroxide	0.1 - 0.3%	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	0.1 - 0.3%	$\checkmark$
1309-37-1	Iron oxide	0.1 - 0.3%	$\checkmark$
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	0.1 - 0.3%	$\checkmark$
108-88-3	toluene	0.1 - 0.3%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 20 - 30%

# 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

# 5. Firefighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

#### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

#### Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.



### **Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

# 6. Accidental release measures

### **Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

#### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

# 7. Handling and storage

## Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

#### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
barium sulphate, natural	TWA	10 mg/m3
Kaolin	TWA	2 mg/m3
4-methylpentan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	307 mg/m3
	TWA	205 mg/m3
strontium chromate	TWA	0.001 mg/m3
cyclohexanone	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	100 mg/m3
4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	238 mg/m3
butanone	TWA	150 ppm



Chemical Name		
	STEL	300 ppm
	STEL	890 mg/m3
	TWA	445 mg/m3
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m3
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m3
aluminium hydroxide	TWA	2 mg/m3
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m3
	TWA	434 mg/m3
Iron oxide	TWA	5 mg/m3
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m3
toluene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	188 mg/m3

#### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
butanone	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.



## Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

## Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: yellow Odor Threshold : no data available

T

рН	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	114°C	
Flash point	10 ° C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	9.4 %	
Lower explosion limit	1.1 %	
Vapour pressure	6.0 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.39 $g/cm^3$	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	404 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993
	•	

# 10. Stability and reactivity

# Stability

Stable

#### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

#### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

# Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

# 11. Toxicological information

## Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.





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## Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

# Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

# Acute oral toxicity

	4-methylpentan-2-one strontium chromate cyclohexanone 4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one butanone xylene ethylbenzene	Category 5 Category 3 Category 4 Category 5 Category 5 Category 5 Category 5
Acute dermal toxicity		
	cyclohexanone Catego xylene Catego	
Acute inhalation toxicity		
	cyclohexanone Ca xylene Ca ethylbenzene Ca	tegory 4 tegory 4 tegory 4 tegory 4 tegory 5
% of unknown composition 0 %		
Skin corrosion/irritation		
	4-methylpentan-2-one cyclohexanone 4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one butanone xylene ethylbenzene Iron oxide toluene	Category 3 Category 1C Category 3 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation		
	4-methylpentan-2-one strontium chromate cyclohexanone 4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one butanone xylene ethylbenzene Iron oxide toluene	Category 2 Category 1 Category 2A Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2B Category 1 Category 2B
Respiratory sensitisation		
	strontium chromate Cate	egory 1

Skin sensitisation

strontium chromate Category 1



#### Germ cell mutagenicity

strontium chromate	Category 1B

Carcinogenicity

strontium chromate Category 1

Toxicity for reproduction

4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one Category 2 toluene Category 2

#### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Skin Absorption

Narcotic effects toluene

Inhalation

Central nervous system cyclohexanone

## Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Skin Absorption

Kidney cyclohexanone

- Inhalation
  - Lungs cyclohexanone

#### Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )

No information available.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

# 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

#### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

### Acute aquatic toxicity

ry 3
ry 3
ry 2
ry 3
ry 3
ry 2



#### Chronic aquatic toxicity

strontium chromate Category 1

% of unknown composition 0%

**Persistence and degradability** No information available.

**Bioaccumulation** No information available.

**Mobility in soil** No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

# 14. Transport information

NZS5433 Proper shipping name:	PAINT
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Packing group:	II
Hazchem Code:	3YE
IMDG (Sea transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II
Marine Pollutant:	yes [strontium chromate]
EmS:	F-E,S-E
ICAO/IATA (Air transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II

## Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.



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# 15. Regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002664
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1D
Acute dermal toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 8.2C
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Respiratory sensitisation	Category 6.5A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 6.6A
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure	Category 6.9B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

# 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version	Changes
2.0	2, 3, 5, 8, 9, 11, 12, 15, 16
Revision Date: B13013160	2013-08-27

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.



# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	13550S Corlar Epoxy Primer	
Product code	13550S	
Intended use of the substance/preparation Coating for professional use		
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia	
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248	
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial	
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ	
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738	
Date of preparation	2015-01-29	

# 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

## **HSNO Classification**

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### **GHS-Labelling**

Hazard symbols

Signal word

Hazard statements



Danger

Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if swallowed. Causes mild skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray. Collect spillage.		
	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.		

## Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains epoxy constituents. See information supplied by the manufacturer.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

## Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	10 - 20%	
7727-43-7	barium sulphate, natural	5 - 10%	
108-83-8	2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
1332-58-7	Kaolin	5 - 10%	
7789-06-2	strontium chromate	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
13983-17-0	Wollastonite	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
67-64-1	acetone	3 - 5%	$\checkmark$
14807-96-6	Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)	3 - 5%	
71-36-3	n-butanol	3 - 5%	$\checkmark$
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
98-56-6	4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. $(<0,1\%$ benzene)	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
26142-30-3	Epichlorohydrin-polyglycol	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
110-43-0	heptan-2-one	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
7779-90-0	trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
21645-51-2	aluminium hydroxide	0.3 - 1.0%	
141-78-6	ethyl acetate	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$
628-63-7	pentyl acetate	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$
1330-20-7	xylene	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$
1314-13-2	zinc oxide	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$



CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
108-67-8	mesitylene	0.1 - 0.3%	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	0.1 - 0.3%	$\checkmark$
1309-37-1	Iron oxide	0.1 - 0.3%	$\checkmark$
69-72-7	salicylic acid	0.1 - 0.3%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 20 - 30%

## 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

# 5. Firefighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

#### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

#### Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.



#### **Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

# 6. Accidental release measures

#### **Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

## Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

# 7. Handling and storage

## Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. During baking at temperatures above 400°C, small amounts of hydrogen fluoride can be evolved; these amounts increase as temperatures. Hydrogen fluoride vapours are very toxic and cause skin and eye irritation. Above 430°C an explosive reaction may occur if finely divided fluorocarbon comes into contact with metal powder (aluminium or magnesium). Operations such as grinding, buffing or grit blasting may generate such mixtures. Avoid any dust buildup with fluorocarbons and metal mixtures.

### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

## Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m3
barium sulphate, natural	TWA	10 mg/m3
2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	145 mg/m3
Kaolin	TWA	2 mg/m3
strontium chromate	TWA	0.001 mg/m3
acetone	TWA	500 ppm
	STEL	1,000 ppm
	STEL	2,375 mg/m3

## SAFETY DATA SHEET



Chemical Name		
	TWA	1,185 mg/m3
Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)	TWA	2 mg/m3
n-butanol	CEIL	150 mg/m3
	CEIL	50 ppm
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m3
4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene	TWA	2.5 mg/m3
heptan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	233 mg/m3
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	TWA	10 mg/m3
aluminium hydroxide	TWA	2 mg/m3
ethyl acetate	TWA	200 ppm
	TWA	720 mg/m3
pentyl acetate	TWA	100 ppm
	TWA	532 mg/m3
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m3
zinc oxide	STEL	10 mg/m3
	TWA	5 mg/m3
mesitylene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m3
	TWA	123 mg/m3
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m3
	TWA	434 mg/m3
Iron oxide	TWA	5 mg/m3

#### Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

## **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

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#### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butanol	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	30 min
ethyl acetate	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	10 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: green Odor Threshold : no data available

рН	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	163 °C	
Flash point	3 °C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	7.1 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.8 %	
Vapour pressure	13.0 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.51 $q/cm^3$	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	340 °C	DIN 51794



Decomposition temperature Viscosity (23 ° C)

Not applicable. ISO 2431-1993

# 10. Stability and reactivity

# Stability

Stable

## Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

## Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

## Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

## Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire Carbon monoxide, fluorinated hydrocarbons, hydrogen fluoride, nitrogen oxides may be formed.

# 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

## Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. The thermal decomposition vapours of fluorinated polymers may cause polymer fume fever with flu-like symptoms in humans, especially when smoking contaminated tobacco.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

## Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

#### Acute oral toxicity

Category 4
Category 3
Category 4
Category 4
Category 5
Category 4
Category 5
Category 5
Category 4

## Acute dermal toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

## Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 3.2 %



### Skin corrosion/irritation

2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one	Category 3
Wollastonite	Category 3
acetone	Category 2
n-butanol	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
heptan-2-one	Category 3
ethyl acetate	Category 3
pentyl acetate	Category 3
pentyl acetate	Category 3
xylene	Category 3
mesitylene	Category 3
ethylbenzene	Category 3
Iron oxide	Category 2
Iron oxide	Category 2
salicylic acid	Category 1C
salicylic acid	Category 1C

## Serious eye damage/eye irritation

2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one	Category 2A
strontium chromate	Category 1
Wollastonite	Category 2B
acetone	Category 2A
n-butanol	Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2A
heptan-2-one	Category 2B
ethyl acetate	Category 2A
pentyl acetate	Category 2A
xylene	Category 2A
mesitylene	Category 2A
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
Iron oxide	Category 1
salicylic acid	Category 1

#### **Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

strontium chromate	Category 1
Epichlorohydrin-polyglycol	Category 1

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

strontium chromate Category 1

**Toxicity for reproduction** 

salicylic acid Category 2

# Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

## Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

## Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria



## Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )

No information available.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

# 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

#### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

#### Acute aquatic toxicity

Titanium dioxide	Category 3
strontium chromate	Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
heptan-2-one	Category 3
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Category 1
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1
xylene	Category 3
zinc oxide	Category 1
mesitylene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
Iron oxide	Category 3
salicylic acid	Category 3

#### Chronic aquatic toxicity

strontium chromate	Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
4-chloro-a.a.a-trifluorotoluene	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Category 1
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1
pentyl acetate	Category 4
zinc oxide	Category 1
mesitylene	Category 2

% of unknown composition 6.2%

#### Persistence and degradability

No information available.

**Bioaccumulation** No information available.

**Mobility in soil** No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.



# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

## Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

#### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

# 14. Transport information

NZS5433 Proper shipping name:	PAINT
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Packing group:	II
Hazchem Code:	3YE
IMDG (Sea transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II
Marine Pollutant:	yes [strontium chromate]
EmS:	F-E,S-E
ICAO/IATA (Air transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II

## Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

# 15. Regulatory information

## National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002669
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Carcinogenicity	Category 6.7A
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B
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# 16. Other information

#### **Revision Note**



Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date: B12730731	2015-01-29

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	13560S Corlar Epoxy Surfacer	
Product code	13560S	
Intended use of the substance Coating for professional use	preparation	
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia	
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248	
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial	
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ	
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738	
Date of preparation	2015-01-29	

# 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

#### **HSNO Classification**

Category 3.1B
Category 6.3B
Category 8.3A
Category 6.5B
Category 6.8B
Category 9.1B
Category 9.1B

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", ""cannot classified"" and ""not applicable"" are not shown

## **GHS-Labelling**

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes mild skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Obtain special instructions before use.

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Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray. Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains epoxy constituents. See information supplied by the manufacturer.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
1317-65-3	Limestone (calcium carbonate)	10 - 20%	
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	10 - 20%	
14807-96-6	Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)	5 - 10%	
67-64-1	acetone	3 - 5%	$\checkmark$
108-83-8	2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one	3 - 5%	$\checkmark$
71-36-3	n-butanol	3 - 5%	$\checkmark$
98-56-6	4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
7727-43-7	barium sulphate, natural	1 - 3%	
26142-30-3	Epichlorohydrin-polyglycol	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
110-43-0	heptan-2-one	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
13983-17-0	Wollastonite	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
1330-20-7	xylene	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
7779-90-0	trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$
21645-51-2	aluminium hydroxide	0.3 - 1.0%	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$
628-63-7	pentyl acetate	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$
1314-13-2	zinc oxide	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$
108-67-8	mesitylene	0.1 - 0.3%	$\checkmark$
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	0.1 - 0.3%	$\checkmark$
69-72-7	salicylic acid	0.1 - 0.3%	$\checkmark$



Non-regulated ingredients 20 - 30%

# 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

# 5. Firefighting measures

## Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

#### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

## Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

### Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures



#### **Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

# 7. Handling and storage

## Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. During baking at temperatures above 400°C, small amounts of hydrogen fluoride can be evolved; these amounts increase as temperatures. Hydrogen fluoride vapours are very toxic and cause skin and eye irritation. Above 430°C an explosive reaction may occur if finely divided fluorocarbon comes into contact with metal powder (aluminium or magnesium). Operations such as grinding, buffing or grit blasting may generate such mixtures. Avoid any dust buildup with fluorocarbons and metal mixtures.

### Storage

## Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
Limestone (calcium carbonate)	TWA	10 mg/m3
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m3
Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)	TWA	2 mg/m3
acetone	TWA	500 ppm
	STEL	1,000 ppm
	STEL	2,375 mg/m3
	TWA	1,185 mg/m3
2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	145 mg/m3
n-butanol	CEIL	150 mg/m3
	CEIL	50 ppm
4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene	TWA	2.5 mg/m3



barium sulphate, natural	TWA	10 mg/m3
heptan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	233 mg/m3
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m3
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	TWA	10 mg/m3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m3
aluminium hydroxide	TWA	2 mg/m3
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m3
	TWA	434 mg/m3
pentyl acetate	TWA	100 ppm
	TWA	532 mg/m3
zinc oxide	STEL	10 mg/m3
	TWA	5 mg/m3
mesitylene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m3
	TWA	123 mg/m3
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m3
	TWA	713 mg/m3

#### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

## **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.



#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name n-butanol	Glove material Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	Glove thickness 0.7 mm	Break through time 480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	30 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

## Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: white Odour: Characteristic Paint Odor Odor Threshold : no data available

рН	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	163 °C	
Flash point	10 °C	DIN 53213/ISO 1523
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	7.1 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.8 %	
Vapour pressure	11.7 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.54 $g/cm^3$	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	340 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993
Evapouration rate Flammability Upper explosion limit Lower explosion limit Vapour pressure Solubility(ies) Vapour density Density Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Ignition temperature Decomposition temperature	Slower than Ether 7.1 % 0.8 % 11.7 hPa moderate no data available 1.54 $g/cm^3$ no data available 340 °C	DIN 53217/ISO 2811 DIN 51794

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# 10. Stability and reactivity

#### Stability Stable

### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire Carbon monoxide, fluorinated hydrocarbons, hydrogen fluoride, nitrogen oxides may be formed.

# 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. The thermal decomposition vapours of fluorinated polymers may cause polymer fume fever with flu-like symptoms in humans, especially when smoking contaminated tobacco.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

## Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

## Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

#### Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

## Skin corrosion/irritation

acetone	Category 3
2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one	Category 2
n-butanol	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
heptan-2-one	Category 3
Wollastonite	Category 2
xylene	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
pentyl acetate	Category 3
mesitylene	Category 3



n-butyl acetate salicylic acid Category 3 Category 1C

## Serious eye damage/eye irritation

acetone	Category 2A
2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one	Category 2A
n-butanol	Category 1
heptan-2-one	Category 2B
Wollastonite	Category 2B
xylene	Category 2A
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2A
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
pentyl acetate	Category 2A
mesitylene	Category 2A
salicylic acid	Category 1

## **Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Skin sensitisation

Epichlorohydrin-polyglycol Category 1

#### Germ cell mutagenicity Not classified according to GHS criteria

## Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction** 

salicylic acid Category 2

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

# Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )

No information available.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

# 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

#### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.



## Acute aquatic toxicity

Titanium dioxide C	ategory 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene) C	ategory 2
heptan-2-one C	ategory 3
xylene C	ategory 3
trizinc bis(orthophosphate) C	ategory 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene C	ategory 2
aluminium hydroxide C	ategory 1
ethylbenzene C	ategory 2
zinc oxide C	ategory 1
mesitylene C	ategory 2
n-butyl acetate C	ategory 3
salicylic acid C	ategory 3

## Chronic aquatic toxicity

4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene) trizinc bis(orthophosphate) 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene aluminium hydroxide pentyl acetate zinc oxide	Category 3 Category 2 Category 1 Category 2 Category 1 Category 4 Category 4
mesitylene	Category 2

#### % of unknown composition 2.9%

#### Persistence and degradability

No information available.

#### Bioaccumulation

No information available.

#### Mobility in soil

No information available.

## Other adverse effects

No information available.

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

## Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

#### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

# 14. Transport information

NZS5433 Proper shipping name:	PAINT
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Packing group:	II
Hazchem Code:	3YE

## IMDG (Sea transport)



Proper shipping name:	PAINT
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II
Marine Pollutant:	yes [trizinc bis(orthophosphate)]
EmS:	F-E,S-E
ICAO/IATA (Air transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3

#### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

# 15. Regulatory information

#### National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Toxicity for reproduction	Category 6.8B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1B

# 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date: B12730798	2015-01-29

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	13580S Ecorlar Epoxy Primer	
Product code	13580S	
Intended use of the substance/preparation Coating for professional use		
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia	
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248	
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial	
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ	
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738	
Date of preparation	2015-01-29	

# 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

#### **HSNO Classification**

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", ""cannot classified"" and ""not applicable" are not shown

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## **GHS-Labelling**

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes mild skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.



Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains epoxy constituents. See information supplied by the manufacturer.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

## Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

	CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS ardous	Haz-
-	13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	10 - 20%		
	67-64-1	acetone	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$	
	7727-43-7	barium sulphate, natural	5 - 10%		
	108-83-8	2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$	
	1332-58-7	Kaolin	5 - 10%		
	13939-25-8	ALUMINUM	5 - 10%		
	13983-17-0	Wollastonite	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$	
	25068-38-6	epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	3 - 5%	$\checkmark$	
	14807-96-6	Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)	3 - 5%		
	71-36-3	n-butanol	3 - 5%	$\checkmark$	
	95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$	
	98-56-6	4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$	
	64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. $(<0,1\%$ benzene)	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$	
	26142-30-3	Epichlorohydrin-polyglycol	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$	
	110-43-0	heptan-2-one	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$	
	108-67-8	mesitylene	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$	
	21645-51-2	aluminium hydroxide	0.3 - 1.0%		
	141-78-6	ethyl acetate	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$	
	628-63-7	pentyl acetate	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$	
	1330-20-7	xylene	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$	
	1314-13-2	zinc oxide	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$	
	100-41-4	ethylbenzene	0.1 - 0.3%	$\checkmark$	
	1309-37-1	Iron oxide	0.1 - 0.3%	$\checkmark$	

Non-regulated ingredients 20 - 30%



# 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

# 5. Firefighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

#### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

#### Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

#### **Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

# 6. Accidental release measures

#### **Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

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#### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

# 7. Handling and storage

## Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. During baking at temperatures above 400°C, small amounts of hydrogen fluoride can be evolved; these amounts increase as temperatures. Hydrogen fluoride vapours are very toxic and cause skin and eye irritation. Above 430°C an explosive reaction may occur if finely divided fluorocarbon comes into contact with metal powder (aluminium or magnesium). Operations such as grinding, buffing or grit blasting may generate such mixtures. Avoid any dust buildup with fluorocarbons and metal mixtures.

### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

### National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
Titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m3
acetone	TWA	500 ppm
	STEL	1,000 ppm
	STEL	2,375 mg/m3
	TWA	1,185 mg/m3
barium sulphate, natural	TWA	10 mg/m3
2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	145 mg/m3
Kaolin	TWA	2 mg/m3
ALUMINUM	TWA	2 mg/m3
Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)	TWA	2 mg/m3
n-butanol	CEIL	150 mg/m3
	CEIL	50 ppm

## SAFETY DATA SHEET



1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m3
4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene	TWA	2.5 mg/m3
heptan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	233 mg/m3
mesitylene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m3
	TWA	123 mg/m3
aluminium hydroxide	TWA	2 mg/m3
ethyl acetate	TWA	200 ppm
	TWA	720 mg/m3
pentyl acetate	TWA	100 ppm
	TWA	532 mg/m3
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m3
zinc oxide	STEL	10 mg/m3
	TWA	5 mg/m3
ethylbenzene	TWA	100 ppm
	STEL	125 ppm
	STEL	543 mg/m3
	TWA	434 mg/m3
Iron oxide	TWA	5 mg/m3

#### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

## SAFETY DATA SHEET



Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butanol	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	480 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	30 min
ethyl acetate	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	10 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: grey Odor Threshold : no data available

рН	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	163 °C	
Flash point	-2°C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	12.8 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.8 %	
Vapour pressure	19.4 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.42 $g/cm^3$	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	301 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

# 10. Stability and reactivity

#### Stability Stable



#### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

#### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire Carbon monoxide, fluorinated hydrocarbons, hydrogen fluoride, nitrogen oxides may be formed.

# 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. The thermal decomposition vapours of fluorinated polymers may cause polymer fume fever with flu-like symptoms in humans, especially when smoking contaminated tobacco.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

## Acute oral toxicity

not hazardous

#### Acute dermal toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 2.2 %

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

anatana	Cotogory
acetone	Category 3
2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one	Category 3
Wollastonite	Category 3
epoxy resin (number average molecular weight $<=$ 700)	Category 2
n-butanol	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
heptan-2-one	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 3
ethyl acetate	Category 3
pentyl acetate	Category 3
xylene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 3
Iron oxide	Category 2



#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

acetone	Category 2A
2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one	Category 2A
Wollastonite	Category 2B
epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	Category 2A
n-butanol	Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2A
heptan-2-one	Category 2B
mesitylene	Category 2A
ethyl acetate	Category 2A
pentyl acetate	Category 2A
xylene	Category 2A
ethylbenzene	Category 2B
Iron oxide	Category 1

#### **Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Skin sensitisation

epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	Category 1
Epichlorohydrin-polyglycol	Category 1

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Toxicity for reproduction

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

## Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )

No information available.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. Based on the properties of the epoxy constituent(s) and considering toxicological data on similar preparations, this preparation may be a skin sensitiser and an irritant. Low molecular epoxy constituents are irritating to eyes, mucous membranes and skin. Repeated skin contact may lead to irritation and to sensitization, possibly with cross-sensitization to other epoxies. Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.

# 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.



#### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

#### Chronic aquatic toxicity

epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
aluminium hydroxide	Category 1
pentyl acetate	Category 4
zinc oxide	Category 1

% of unknown composition 5.4%

## Persistence and degradability

No information available.

#### Bioaccumulation

No information available.

## Mobility in soil

No information available.

## Other adverse effects

No information available.

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

#### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

# 14. Transport information

<b>NZS5433</b> Proper shipping name:	PAINT
UN number: Hazard Class: Packing group: Hazchem Code:	1263 3 II 3YE
IMDG (Sea transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT
UN number: Hazard Class: Subsidiary Hazard Class: Packing group: Marine Pollutant: EmS:	1263 3 Not applicable. II no F-E,S-E
ICAO/IATA (Air transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT



UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II

#### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

# 15. Regulatory information

#### National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 8.3A
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

# 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version Changes 1.0

Revision Date: 2015-01-29 1250062011

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	13756S Corlar VOC-Exempt Reducer
Product code	13756S
Intended use of the substance Thinner for professionnal use	/preparation
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial
Street/Box	A Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

# 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

#### **HSNO Classification**

Category 3.1B
Category 6.3B
Category 6.4A
Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

## **GHS-Labelling**

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes mild skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Wear eye protection/ face protection. Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.



Other hazards which do not result in classification None known.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
98-56-6	4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene	80 - 90%	$\checkmark$
67-64-1	acetone	10 - 20%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 0.1 - 1.0%

# 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

# 5. Firefighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

#### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet



#### Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

## **Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

# 6. Accidental release measures

## **Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

#### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

# 7. Handling and storage

## Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. During baking at temperatures above 400°C, small amounts of hydrogen fluoride can be evolved; these amounts increase as temperatures. Hydrogen fluoride vapours are very toxic and cause skin and eye irritation. Above 430°C an explosive reaction may occur if finely divided fluorocarbon comes into contact with metal powder (aluminium or magnesium). Operations such as grinding, buffing or grit blasting may generate such mixtures. Avoid any dust buildup with fluorocarbons and metal mixtures.

#### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene	TWA	2.5 mg/m3
acetone	TWA	500 ppm
	STEL	1,000 ppm
	STEL	2,375 mg/m3
	TWA	1,185 mg/m3



#### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	60 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

## Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: clear Odour: Characteristic Solvent Odor Odor Threshold : no data available

No data available.	
Not applicable.	
139°C	
10 ° C	
Slower than Ether	
12.8 %	
0.9 %	
42.9 hPa	
appreciable	
no data available	
1.21 $g/cm^3$	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
no data available	
<b>465</b> °C	DIN 51794
Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993
	Not applicable. 139 °C 10 °C Slower than Ether 12.8 % 0.9 % 42.9 hPa appreciable no data available $1.21 \ g/cm^3$ no data available $465 ^{\circ}C$



# 10. Stability and reactivity

#### Stability Stable

## Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

## Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

## Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

## Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire Carbon monoxide, fluorinated hydrocarbons, hydrogen fluoride, nitrogen oxides may be formed.

# 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. The thermal decomposition vapours of fluorinated polymers may cause polymer fume fever with flu-like symptoms in humans, especially when smoking contaminated tobacco.

### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

#### Acute oral toxicity not hazardous

not nazaroous

# Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

## Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

acetone Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

acetone Category 2A



**Respiratory sensitisation** Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation Not classified according to GHS criteria

## Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Carcinogenicity** Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction** Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure Not classified according to GHS criteria

# Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. ) No information available.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

# 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

#### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

#### Chronic aquatic toxicity

4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene Category 3

% of unknown composition 0%

**Persistence and degradability** No information available.

**Bioaccumulation** No information available.

**Mobility in soil** No information available.

Other adverse effects No information available.



# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

#### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

# 14. Transport information

NZS5433 Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Packing group:	II
Hazchem Code:	3YE
IMDG (Sea transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II
Marine Pollutant:	no
EmS:	F-E,S-E
ICAO/IATA (Air transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II

### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

# 15. Regulatory information

### National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

# 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version Changes

1.0

Revision Date: 2015-01-29 B12730754

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13756S v1.0 Revision Date: 2015-01-29 Print Date: 2015-01-29 en/NZ Page 7 - 8



The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	13765S VOC-Exempt Reducer
Product code	13765S
Intended use of the substance Solvent for professional use	preparation
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

# 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### **HSNO Classification**

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", ""cannot classified"" and ""not applicable"" are not shown

### **GHS-Labelling**

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes mild skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation.
Precautionary statements	Wear eye protection/ face protection. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

# Other hazards which do not result in classification



# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
67-64-1	acetone	70 - 80%	$\checkmark$
98-56-6	4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene	20 - 30%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 0.1 - 1.0%

# 4. First aid measures

### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

# 5. Firefighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

### Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.



### **Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

# 6. Accidental release measures

#### **Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

# 7. Handling and storage

### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. During baking at temperatures above 400°C, small amounts of hydrogen fluoride can be evolved; these amounts increase as temperatures. Hydrogen fluoride vapours are very toxic and cause skin and eye irritation. Above 430°C an explosive reaction may occur if finely divided fluorocarbon comes into contact with metal powder (aluminium or magnesium). Operations such as grinding, buffing or grit blasting may generate such mixtures. Avoid any dust buildup with fluorocarbons and metal mixtures.

### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### National occupational exposure limits

Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

TWA	500 ppm
STEL	1,000 ppm
STEL	2,375 mg/m3
TWA	1,185 mg/m3
TWA	2.5 mg/m3
	STEL STEL TWA

### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.



#### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time	
Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	60 min	

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: clear Odour: Characteristic Solvent Odor Odor Threshold : no data available

рН	No data available.	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	139 °C	
Flash point	-17°C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	12.8 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	191.7 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	appreciable	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.87 $q/cm^3$	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	465 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 ° C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993
• • • •		

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# 10. Stability and reactivity

### SAFETY DATA SHEET

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# Stability

Stable

# Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

### Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire Carbon monoxide, fluorinated hydrocarbons, hydrogen fluoride, nitrogen oxides may be formed.

# 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. The thermal decomposition vapours of fluorinated polymers may cause polymer fume fever with flu-like symptoms in humans, especially when smoking contaminated tobacco.

### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity not hazardous

# Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

acetone Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

acetone Category 2A

### Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### SAFETY DATA SHEET



Skin sensitisation Not classified according to GHS criteria

Germ cell mutagenicity Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Carcinogenicity** Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction** Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. ) No information available.

no information available.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

# 12. Ecological information

Product does not contain any environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS

### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

### Persistence and degradability

No information available.

**Bioaccumulation** No information available.

**Mobility in soil** No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

#### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.



# 14. Transport information

NZS5433 Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number: Hazard Class: Packing group: Hazchem Code:	1263 3 II 3YE
IMDG (Sea transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number: Hazard Class: Subsidiary Hazard Class: Packing group: Marine Pollutant: EmS:	1263 3 Not applicable. II no F-E,S-E
ICAO/IATA (Air transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number: Hazard Class: Subsidiary Hazard Class: Packing group:	1263 3 Not applicable. II

### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

# 15. Regulatory information

### National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B

# 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version Changes 1.0 Revision Date: 2015-01-29 TP27818

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	13775S VOC-Exempt Reducer (Medium)	
Product code	13775S	
Intended use of the substance/preparation Solvent for professional use		
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia	
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248	
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial	
Street/Box	A Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ	
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738	
Date of preparation	2015-01-29	

# 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### **HSNO Classification**

Category 3.1B
Category 6.3B
Category 6.4A
Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### **GHS-Labelling**

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes mild skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Wear eye protection/ face protection. Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.



Other hazards which do not result in classification None known.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
98-56-6	4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene	50 - 60%	$\checkmark$
67-64-1	acetone	30 - 40%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 0.1 - 1.0%

# 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

# 5. Firefighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

#### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet



#### Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

### **Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

# 6. Accidental release measures

### **Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

#### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

# 7. Handling and storage

### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. During baking at temperatures above 400°C, small amounts of hydrogen fluoride can be evolved; these amounts increase as temperatures. Hydrogen fluoride vapours are very toxic and cause skin and eye irritation. Above 430°C an explosive reaction may occur if finely divided fluorocarbon comes into contact with metal powder (aluminium or magnesium). Operations such as grinding, buffing or grit blasting may generate such mixtures. Avoid any dust buildup with fluorocarbons and metal mixtures.

#### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

TWA	2.5 mg/m3
TWA	500 ppm
STEL	1,000 ppm
STEL	2,375 mg/m3
TWA	1,185 mg/m3
	TWA STEL STEL



#### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	60 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: clear Odour: Characteristic Solvent Odor Odor Threshold : no data available

рН	No data available.	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	139°C	
Flash point	10 ° C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	12.8 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	102.8 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	appreciable	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.05 $g/cm^3$	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	465 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993



# 10. Stability and reactivity

### Stability Stable

# Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

### Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire Carbon monoxide, fluorinated hydrocarbons, hydrogen fluoride, nitrogen oxides may be formed.

# 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. The thermal decomposition vapours of fluorinated polymers may cause polymer fume fever with flu-like symptoms in humans, especially when smoking contaminated tobacco.

### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

#### Acute oral toxicity not hazardous

not nazardous

# Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

### Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

acetone Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

acetone Category 2A



**Respiratory sensitisation** Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation Not classified according to GHS criteria

## Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Carcinogenicity** Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction** Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure Not classified according to GHS criteria

# Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. ) No information available.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

# 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

#### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

#### Chronic aquatic toxicity

4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene Category 3

% of unknown composition 0%

#### **Persistence and degradability** No information available.

**Bioaccumulation** No information available.

Mobility in soil No information available.

Other adverse effects No information available.



# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

#### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

# 14. Transport information

NZS5433 Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Packing group:	II
Hazchem Code:	3YE
IMDG (Sea transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II
Marine Pollutant:	no
EmS:	F-E,S-E
ICAO/IATA (Air transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II

### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

# 15. Regulatory information

### National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

# 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version Changes

1.0

Revision Date: 2015-01-29 TP27820



The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	13785S VOC-Exempt Reducer (Slow)
Product code	13785S
Intended use of the substance Solvent for professional use	preparation
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial
Street/Box	A Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

# 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### **HSNO Classification**

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", ""cannot classified"" and ""not applicable"" are not shown

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### GHS-Labelling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification None known.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients



#### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
98-56-6	4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene	90 - 100%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 0.1 - 1.0%

# 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

# 5. Firefighting measures

### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

#### Specific hazards

The product is not flammable. Avoid heating above flash point. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

#### Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

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# 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

#### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

# 7. Handling and storage

### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. During baking at temperatures above 400°C, small amounts of hydrogen fluoride can be evolved; these amounts increase as temperatures. Hydrogen fluoride vapours are very toxic and cause skin and eye irritation. Above 430°C an explosive reaction may occur if finely divided fluorocarbon comes into contact with metal powder (aluminium or magnesium). Operations such as grinding, buffing or grit blasting may generate such mixtures. Avoid any dust buildup with fluorocarbons and metal mixtures.

#### Storage

### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name

4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene

2.5 mg/m3

#### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

TWA

#### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.



#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	60 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: clear Odour: Characteristic Solvent Odor Odor Threshold : no data available

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# 10. Stability and reactivity

# Stability

Stable

### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

#### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

## Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.



#### Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire Carbon monoxide, fluorinated hydrocarbons, hydrogen fluoride, nitrogen oxides may be formed.

# 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. The thermal decomposition vapours of fluorinated polymers may cause polymer fume fever with flu-like symptoms in humans, especially when smoking contaminated tobacco.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Respiratory sensitisation** Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Germ cell mutagenicity Not classified according to GHS criteria

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Toxicity for reproduction

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure Not classified according to GHS criteria



### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )

No information available.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

# 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

#### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Chronic aquatic toxicity

4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene Category 3

% of unknown composition 0%

#### **Persistence and degradability** No information available.

**Bioaccumulation** No information available.

**Mobility in soil** No information available.

### Other adverse effects

No information available.

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

#### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

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# 14. Transport information

#### NZS5433 Proper shipping name:

CHLOROBENZOTRI -FLUORIDES

UN number:



Hazard Class:	3
Packing group:	III
Hazchem Code:	2Y
IMDG (Sea transport) Proper shipping name:	CHLOROBENZOTRI -FLUORIDES
UN number:	2234
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	III
Marine Pollutant:	no
EmS:	F-E,S-D
ICAO/IATA (Air transport) Proper shipping name:	CHLOROBENZOTRI -FLUORIDES
UN number:	2234
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	III

#### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

# 15. Regulatory information

#### National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Classification	
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

# 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date: TP27822	2015-01-29

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	13813S Acrylic Anti-Crater Additive	
Product code	13813S	
Intended use of the substance Intermediate	e/preparation	
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia	
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248	
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial	
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ	
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738	
Date of preparation	2015-01-29	

# 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### **HSNO Classification**

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", ""cannot classified"" and ""not applicable"" are not shown

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### **GHS-Labelling**

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes mild skin irritation. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Other hazards which do not result in classification None known.



# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	40 - 50%	$\checkmark$
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	10 - 20%	$\checkmark$
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
108-67-8	mesitylene	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
98-82-8	cumene	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$
1330-20-7	xylene	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 20 - 30%

# 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

# 5. Firefighting measures



#### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

#### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

#### Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

#### **Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

#### **Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

#### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

# 7. Handling and storage

### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

#### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name			
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm	-
	STEL	200 ppm	
	STEL	950 mg/m3	
	TWA	713 mg/m3	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm	



Chemical Name		
	TWA	123 mg/m3
mesitylene	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	25 ppm
	TWA	123 mg/m3
	TWA	123 mg/m3
cumene	TWA	25 ppm
	STEL	75 ppm
	STEL	375 mg/m3
	TWA	125 mg/m3
xylene	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	217 mg/m3

#### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	30 min
xylene	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min
	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.



### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: clear Odor Threshold : no data available

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рН	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	155 °C	
Flash point	-7°C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	1.2 %	
Vapour pressure	8.9 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.96 $g/cm^{3}$	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	415°C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

# 10. Stability and reactivity

# Stability

Stable

#### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

#### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

# 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.



#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

## Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 3
xylene	Category 2

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### **Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

## Skin sensitisation

not hazardous

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### **Toxicity for reproduction**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure Not classified according to GHS criteria

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Aspiration toxicity Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. ) No information available.



#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

# 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

#### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

#### Acute aquatic toxicity

n-butyl acetate	Category 3
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
cumene	Category 2
xylene	Category 3

### Chronic aquatic toxicity

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Category 2
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 2
mesitylene	Category 2
cumene	Category 2

% of unknown composition 0%

#### Persistence and degradability

No information available.

### **Bioaccumulation**

No information available.

### Mobility in soil

No information available.

### Other adverse effects

No information available.

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

#### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

# 14. Transport information

### NZS5433



Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL UN number: 1263 Hazard Class: 3 Packing group: Ш Hazchem Code: 3YE IMDG (Sea transport) Proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL UN number: 1263 Hazard Class: З Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable. Packing group: Ш Marine Pollutant: no EmS: F-E,S-E ICAO/IATA (Air transport) PAINT RELATED MATERIAL Proper shipping name: UN number: 1263 Hazard Class: 3 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not applicable. Ш Packing group:

### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

# 15. Regulatory information

### National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

# 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date: B13015797	2015-01-29

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	13821S Rheology Additive	
Product code	13821S	
Intended use of the substance Solvent for professional use	preparation	
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia	
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248	
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial	
Street/Box	A Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ	
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738	
Date of preparation	2015-01-29	

# 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

### **HSNO Classification**

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", ""cannot classified"" and ""not applicable"" are not shown

### **GHS-Labelling**

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes mild skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation.
Precautionary statements	Wear eye protection/ face protection. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

# Other hazards which do not result in classification



# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
67-64-1	acetone	50 - 60%	$\checkmark$
98-56-6	4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene	10 - 20%	$\checkmark$
110-43-0	heptan-2-one	10 - 20%	$\checkmark$
67-63-0	propan-2-ol	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	3 - 5%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 10 - 20%

# 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. If this product mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener (see MSDS for the activator), the following health effects may apply: Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis. If this product is mixed with an isocyanate, skin contact may cause sensitization.

#### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

# 5. Firefighting measures



#### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

#### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

#### Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

#### **Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

#### **Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

#### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

# 7. Handling and storage

### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. During baking at temperatures above 400°C, small amounts of hydrogen fluoride can be evolved; these amounts increase as temperatures. Hydrogen fluoride vapours are very toxic and cause skin and eye irritation. Above 430°C an explosive reaction may occur if finely divided fluorocarbon comes into contact with metal powder (aluminium or magnesium). Operations such as grinding, buffing or grit blasting may generate such mixtures. Avoid any dust buildup with fluorocarbons and metal mixtures.

#### Storage

### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

TWA	500 ppm	
STEL	1,000 ppm	
STEL	2,375 mg/m3	
	STEL	STEL 1,000 ppm



Chemical Name				
	TWA	1,185 mg/m3		
4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene	TWA	2.5 mg/m3		
heptan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm		
	TWA	233 mg/m3		
propan-2-ol	TWA	400 ppm		
	STEL	500 ppm		
	STEL	1,230 mg/m3		
	TWA	983 mg/m3		
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm		
	STEL	200 ppm		
	STEL	950 mg/m3		
	TWA	713 mg/m3		

#### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.



#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: cloudy Odor Threshold : no data available

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рН	No data available.	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	83 ° C	
Flash point	-20 ° C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	12.8 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	130.6 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	appreciable	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	$0.89 \ g/cm^3$	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	393 ° C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 ° C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

# 10. Stability and reactivity

# Stability

Stable

#### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

#### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire Carbon monoxide, fluorinated hydrocarbons, hydrogen fluoride, nitrogen oxides may be formed.

# 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. The thermal decomposition vapours of fluorinated polymers may cause polymer fume fever with flu-like symptoms in humans, especially when smoking contaminated tobacco. If this product mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener (see MSDS for the activator), the following health effects may apply: Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

### SAFETY DATA SHEET



Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity not hazardous

Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

### Acute inhalation toxicity

not hazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

acetone	Category 3
heptan-2-one	Category 2
propan-2-ol	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

acetone	Category 2A
heptan-2-one	Category 2B
propan-2-ol	Category 2A

#### **Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Skin sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Toxicity for reproduction

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria



### Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )

No information available.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

# 12. Ecological information

Product does not contain any environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS

#### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

**Bioaccumulation** No information available.

**Mobility in soil** No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

#### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information

NZS5433 Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Packing group:	II
Hazchem Code:	3YE
IMDG (Sea transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II
Marine Pollutant:	no
EmS:	F-E,S-E



#### ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name:

PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

UN number: 1263 Hazard Class: 3 Subsidiary Hazard Class: Not a Packing group: II

3 Not applicable.

### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

# 15. Regulatory information

### National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code HSNO Control A HSNO Classification	HSR002662 This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B

# 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date: B12868346	2015-01-29

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	13865S Pot-Life Extender (Fast)	
Product code	13865S	
Intended use of the substance Intermediate	e/preparation	
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia	
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248	
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial	
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ	
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738	
Date of preparation	2015-01-29	

# 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

#### **HSNO Classification**

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1D
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

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### GHS-Labelling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Suspected of causing genetic defects. Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful to aquatic life. May cause damage to organs. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes mild skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled
Precautionary statements	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. Wash hands after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.



Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations. Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Obtain special instructions before use. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. Store locked up. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Avoid release to the environment. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label). If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

Other hazards which do not result in classification None known.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
78-93-3	butanone	50 - 60%	$\checkmark$
123-54-6	pentane-2,4-dione	10 - 20%	$\checkmark$
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	10 - 20%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 0.0 - 0.1%

### 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.



#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. If this product mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener (see MSDS for the activator), the following health effects may apply: Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis. If this product is mixed with an isocyanate, skin contact may cause sensitization.

#### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

# 5. Firefighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

#### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

#### Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

#### **Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

### 6. Accidental release measures

#### **Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

#### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

## 7. Handling and storage

### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.



#### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
butanone	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	300 ppm
	STEL	890 mg/m3
	TWA	445 mg/m3
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m3
	TWA	713 mg/m3

#### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
butanone	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min
pentane-2,4-dione	butyl-rubber	0.7 mm	480 m
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the

### SAFETY DATA SHEET



product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: clear Odour: Characteristic Solvent Odor Odor Threshold : no data available

pH	No data available.	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	78°C	
Flash point	10 ° C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	11.6 %	
Lower explosion limit	1.2 %	
Vapour pressure	57.7 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	appreciable	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.85 $g/cm^3$	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	350 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

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## 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability Stable

#### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

#### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

## 11. Toxicological information



#### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. If this product mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener (see MSDS for the activator), the following health effects may apply: Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

	butanone pentane-2,4-dione	Category 5 Category 4
Acute dermal toxicity not hazardous		
Acute inhalation toxicity not hazardous		
% of unknown composition 0 %		
Skin corrosion/irritation		
	butanone pentane-2,4-dione n-butyl acetate	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3
Serious eye damage/eye irritation		
	butanone pentane-2,4-dione	Category 2A Category 2A
<b>Respiratory sensitisation</b> Not classified according to GHS criteria		
Skin sensitisation		

not hazardous

#### Germ cell mutagenicity not hazardous

Carcinogenicity Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### **Toxicity for reproduction**

Not classified according to GHS criteria



#### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Skin Absorption

Central nervous system pentane-2,4-dione

Aspiration toxicity Not classified according to GHS criteria

Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. ) No information available.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

# 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

#### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

#### Acute aquatic toxicity

pentane-2,4-dione Category 3 n-butyl acetate Category 3

% of unknown composition 0%

### Persistence and degradability

No information available.

**Bioaccumulation** No information available.

**Mobility in soil** No information available.

#### Other adverse effects

No information available.

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

#### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.



# 14. Transport information

#### NZS5433

Proper shipping name:	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
	(pentane-2,4-dione; butanone)
UN number:	1992
Hazard Class:	3
Packing group:	111
Hazchem Code:	3W

#### IMDG (Sea transport) Prop

IMDG (Sea transport)	
Proper shipping name:	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
	(pentane-2,4-dione; butanone)
UN number:	1992
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	6.1
Packing group:	III
Marine Pollutant:	no
EmS:	F-E,S-D

### ICAO/IATA (Air transport)

Proper shipping name:	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (pentane-2,4-dione; butanone)
UN number:	1992
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	6.1
Packing group:	III

#### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

# 15. Regulatory information

### National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Control A	This product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.
HSNO Classification	
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1D
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 6.4A
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

# 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date: 1250047338	2015-01-29

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.



End of Safety Data Sheet



# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	13875S Pot-Life Extender (Medium)	
Product code	13875S	
Intended use of the substance/preparation Intermediate		
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia	
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248	
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial	
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ	
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738	
Date of preparation	2015-01-29	

# 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

#### **HSNO Classification**

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1D
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1D
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### GHS-Labelling

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Harmful if swallowed. Toxic if inhaled. Suspected of causing genetic defects. Flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful to aquatic life. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation.
Precautionary statements	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. Wash hands after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.



Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations. Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Obtain special instructions before use. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Avoid release to the environment. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label). If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

Other hazards which do not result in classification None known.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
110-43-0	heptan-2-one	50 - 60%	$\checkmark$
123-54-6	pentane-2,4-dione	10 - 20%	$\checkmark$
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	10 - 20%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 0.0 - 0.1%

### 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.



#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. If this product mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener (see MSDS for the activator), the following health effects may apply: Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis. If this product is mixed with an isocyanate, skin contact may cause sensitization.

#### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

# 5. Firefighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

#### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

#### Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

#### **Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

### 6. Accidental release measures

#### **Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

#### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

## 7. Handling and storage

### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.



#### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
heptan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	233 mg/m3
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m3
	TWA	713 mg/m3

#### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name pentane-2,4-dione	Glove material butyl-rubber	Glove thickness 0.7 mm	Break through time 480 m
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	10 min
	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	30 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.



#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: clear Odour: Characteristic Solvent Odor Odor Threshold : no data available

рН	No data available.	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	125°C	
Flash point	31 °C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	11.6 %	
Lower explosion limit	1.1 %	
Vapour pressure	6.3 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	appreciable	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.85 $g/cm^3$	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	<b>350</b> °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

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# 10. Stability and reactivity

### Stability

Stable

### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

#### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

# 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. If this product mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener (see MSDS for the activator), the following health effects may apply: Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.



#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

#### Acute oral toxicity

heptan-2-one	Category 4
pentane-2,4-dione	Category 4

# Acute dermal toxicity not hazardous

not nazaruous

### Acute inhalation toxicity

heptan-2-one	Category 4
pentane-2,4-dione	Category 3

% of unknown composition 0 %

### Skin corrosion/irritation

heptan-2-one	Category 2
pentane-2,4-dione	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### **Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Skin sensitisation

not hazardous

#### Germ cell mutagenicity not hazardous

### Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

# Toxicity for reproduction

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure Not classified according to GHS criteria

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

- Skin Absorption
  - Central nervous system pentane-2,4-dione



#### Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )

No information available.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

# 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

#### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

#### Acute aquatic toxicity

heptan-2-one	Category 3
pentane-2,4-dione	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3

% of unknown composition 0%

# Persistence and degradability

No information available.

### Bioaccumulation

No information available.

### Mobility in soil

No information available.

### Other adverse effects

No information available.

## **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

#### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information

#### NZS5433

UN number:

Hazard Class:

Proper	shipping	name:

FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (pentane-2,4-dione; heptan-2-one) 1992 3

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Packing group:	III
Hazchem Code:	3W
IMDG (Sea transport)	
Proper shipping name:	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
	(pentane-2,4-dione; heptan-2-one)
UN number:	1992
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	6.1
Packing group:	III
Marine Pollutant:	no
EmS:	F-E,S-D
ICAO/IATA (Air transport)	
Proper shipping name:	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
	(pentane-2,4-dione; heptan-2-one)
UN number:	1992
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	6.1

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### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

# 15. Regulatory information

### National regulatory information

Packing group:

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Classification	
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1D
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1D
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

### 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date: B12730820	2015-01-29

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	13885S Pot-Life Extender (Slow)
Product code	13885S
Intended use of the substance Intermediate	e/preparation
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

# 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

#### **HSNO Classification**

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", ""cannot classified"" and ""not applicable"" are not shown

### **GHS-Labelling**

Hazard symbols

Signal word

Hazard statements



Suspected of causing genetic defects. Flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful to aquatic life. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes mild skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.

Precautionary statements IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. Wash hands after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations. Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray.



IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Obtain special instructions before use. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. Store locked up. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Avoid release to the environment. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label). If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

Other hazards which do not result in classification None known.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
763-69-9	ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	50 - 60%	$\checkmark$
123-54-6	pentane-2,4-dione	10 - 20%	$\checkmark$
108-83-8	2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one	10 - 20%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 1 - 5%

### 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### SAFETY DATA SHEET



#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. If this product mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener (see MSDS for the activator), the following health effects may apply: Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis. If this product is mixed with an isocyanate, skin contact may cause sensitization.

#### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

# 5. Firefighting measures

### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

#### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

#### Specific hazards

The product is not flammable. Avoid heating above flash point. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

#### **Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

### 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

#### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

## 7. Handling and storage

### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.



#### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name 2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one

TWA 25 ppm

145 mg/m3

#### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

TWA

#### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
pentane-2,4-dione	butyl-rubber	0.7 mm	480 m

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!



# 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: clear Odour: Characteristic Solvent Odor Odor Threshold : no data available

рН	No data available.	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	135 °C	
Flash point	50 ° C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	11.6 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.8 %	
Vapour pressure	2.8 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	appreciable	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.92 $g/cm^3$	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	<b>345</b> °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability Stable

### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

# Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

# 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. If this product mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener (see MSDS for the activator), the following health effects may apply: Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.



#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

#### Acute oral toxicity

pentane-2,4-dione	(
2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one	(

Category 4 Category 4

Acute dermal toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Acute inhalation toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

% of unknown composition 0 %

Skin corrosion/irritation

ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	Category 3
pentane-2,4-dione	Category 3
2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one	Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Not classified according to GHS criteria

Not classified according to GHS criter

### **Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Skin sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### **Toxicity for reproduction**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Skin Absorption

Central nervous system pentane-2,4-dione

#### Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )

No information available.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

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# 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

#### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

#### Acute aquatic toxicity

ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate Category 3 pentane-2,4-dione Category 3

% of unknown composition 3.6%

#### **Persistence and degradability** No information available.

**Bioaccumulation** No information available.

**Mobility in soil** No information available.

Other adverse effects No information available.

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

#### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

## 14. Transport information

#### NZS5433

Proper shipping name:	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (pentane-2,4-dione; ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate)
	(peritarie-2,4-ulorie, ethyr 5-ethoxypropionate)
UN number:	1992
Hazard Class:	3
Packing group:	111
Hazchem Code:	3W

IMDG (Sea transport)

Proper shipping name:

UN number: Hazard Class: Subsidiary Hazard Class: Packing group: Marine Pollutant: EmS: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (pentane-2,4-dione; ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate) 1992 3 6.1 III no F-E,S-D

#### ICAO/IATA (Air transport) Proper shipping name:

UN number:

FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (pentane-2,4-dione; ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate) 1992



Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	6.1
Packing group:	III

### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

# 15. Regulatory information

National regulatory information	
HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Classification	
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1E
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure	Category 6.9B
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

# 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version Changes 1.0

Revision Date: 2015-01-29 B12730839

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	13930S Reducer
Product code	13930S
Intended use of the substance Thinner for professionnal use	e/preparation
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738
Date of preparation	2015-01-29

# 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

#### **HSNO Classification**

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are ""not classified"", ""cannot classified"" and ""not applicable"" are not shown

GHS-Labelling	
Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	Flammable liquid and vapour. May be harmful if swallowed. May be harmful if inhaled. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.



Other hazards which do not result in classification None known.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
98-56-6	4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene	60 - 70%	$\checkmark$
110-43-0	heptan-2-one	30 - 40%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 0.1 - 1.0%

# 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. If this product mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener (see MSDS for the activator), the following health effects may apply: Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis. If this product is mixed with an isocyanate, skin contact may cause sensitization.

#### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

# 5. Firefighting measures



#### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

#### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

#### Specific hazards

The product is not flammable. Avoid heating above flash point. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

#### **Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

### 6. Accidental release measures

#### **Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

#### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

### 7. Handling and storage

### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. During baking at temperatures above 400°C, small amounts of hydrogen fluoride can be evolved; these amounts increase as temperatures. Hydrogen fluoride vapours are very toxic and cause skin and eye irritation. Above 430°C an explosive reaction may occur if finely divided fluorocarbon comes into contact with metal powder (aluminium or magnesium). Operations such as grinding, buffing or grit blasting may generate such mixtures. Avoid any dust buildup with fluorocarbons and metal mixtures.

#### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene	TWA	2.5 mg/m3
heptan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm
	<b>T</b> \A/A	
	TWA	233 mg/m3



#### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

#### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time	
Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	60 min	

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: clear Odour: Characteristic Solvent Odor Odor Threshold : no data available

рН	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	139 °C	
Flash point	50 ° C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.5 %	
Lower explosion limit	0.9 %	
Vapour pressure	5.8 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	partly miscible	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	1.09 $g/cm^3$	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	393 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		

i.

AXALTA

Viscosity (23 ° C)

Not applicable.

ISO 2431-1993

# 10. Stability and reactivity

### Stability

Stable

### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire Carbon monoxide, fluorinated hydrocarbons, hydrogen fluoride, nitrogen oxides may be formed.

# 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. The thermal decomposition vapours of fluorinated polymers may cause polymer fume fever with flu-like symptoms in humans, especially when smoking contaminated tobacco. If this product mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener (see MSDS for the activator), the following health effects may apply: Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity

heptan-2-one	Category 4
--------------	------------

Acute dermal toxicity not hazardous

Acute inhalation toxicity

heptan-2-one Category 4

% of unknown composition 0 %



Skin corrosion/irritation Not classified according to GHS criteria

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Skin sensitisation Not classified according to GHS criteria

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Carcinogenicity** Not classified according to GHS criteria

**Toxicity for reproduction** Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure Not classified according to GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )

No information available.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

# 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

Acute aquatic toxicity

heptan-2-one Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity

4-chloro-a,a,a-trifluorotoluene Category 3

% of unknown composition 0%



### Persistence and degradability

No information available.

### Bioaccumulation

No information available.

### Mobility in soil

No information available.

#### Other adverse effects

No information available.

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

# 14. Transport information

NZS5433 Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Packing group:	III
Hazchem Code:	3Y
IMDG (Sea transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	III
Marine Pollutant:	no
EmS:	F-E,S-E
ICAO/IATA (Air transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	III

### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

# 15. Regulatory information



### National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code	HSR002662
HSNO Classification	
Acute oral toxicity	Category 6.1E
Acute inhalation toxicity	Category 6.1E
Flammable liquids	Category 3.1C
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

# 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version	Changes
1.0	
Revision Date: B12868358	2015-01-29

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet



# 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name	AF740 Imron Clearcoat		
Product code	AF740		
Intended use of the substance/preparation Coating for professional use			
<b>Supplier</b> Street address Telephone Telefax	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Limited 15 - 23 Melbourne Road, Riverstone NSW 2765, Australia		
Emergency Information Emergency telephone number	+(64) 9801 0034 NZ Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764 766 or +(64) 3 479 7248		
Importer	Resene Automotive & Light Indus- trial		
Street/Box	4 Te Apunga Place, Mt Wellington, Auckland, NZ		
NatCode/Postal code/City Telephone	+64 (09) 259 2738		
Date of preparation	2015-01-29		

# 2. Hazards identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the HS (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

#### **HSNO Classification**

Flammable liquids	Category 3.1B
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 6.3B
Skin sensitisation	Category 6.5B
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 9.1C

Endpoints which are "not classified", "cannot classified" and "not applicable" are not shown

### **GHS-Labelling**

Hazard symbols	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful to aquatic life.
Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking.</li> <li>Keep container tightly closed.</li> <li>Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.</li> <li>Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray.</li> <li>If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.</li> <li>Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.</li> <li>Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.</li> </ul>



### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contains: bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate; methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate. May produce an allergic reaction.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration	GHS Haz- ardous
110-43-0	heptan-2-one	10 - 20%	$\checkmark$
103-09-3	2-ethylhexyl acetate	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
763-69-9	ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	5 - 10%	$\checkmark$
67-64-1	acetone	3 - 5%	$\checkmark$
67-63-0	propan-2-ol	1 - 3%	$\checkmark$
41556-26-7	bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) seba- cate	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$
141-78-6	ethyl acetate	0.3 - 1.0%	$\checkmark$
82919-37-7	methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl se- bacate	0.1 - 0.3%	$\checkmark$

Non-regulated ingredients 50 - 60%

## 4. First aid measures

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

#### Most Important Symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.



#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

#### Notes to physician

No data available on the product. See section 3 and 11 for hazardous ingredients found in the product.

# 5. Firefighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

#### Specific hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

#### **Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures**

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

## 6. Accidental release measures

### **Personal precautions**

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8). Do not inhale vapours.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems.

#### Methods for cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

# 7. Handling and storage

#### Handling

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

#### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

#### Storage

#### Suitable storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25 °C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Suitable container and packaging materials for safe storage

Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.



# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

#### National occupational exposure limits Workplace Exposure Standards (WESs) 2002

Chemical Name		
heptan-2-one	TWA	50 ppm
	TWA	233 mg/m3
n-butyl acetate	TWA	150 ppm
	STEL	200 ppm
	STEL	950 mg/m3
	TWA	713 mg/m3
acetone	TWA	500 ppm
	STEL	1,000 ppm
	STEL	2,375 mg/m3
	TWA	1,185 mg/m3
propan-2-ol	TWA	400 ppm
	STEL	500 ppm
	STEL	1,230 mg/m3
	TWA	983 mg/m3
ethyl acetate	TWA	200 ppm
	TWA	720 mg/m3

#### **Engineering measures**

Provide adequate ventilation. This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

### **Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Eye protection

Wear protective eyewear for protection against solvent spatter.

#### Hand protection

The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical Name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) ®	0.7 mm	10 min

### SAFETY DATA SHEET



Chemical Name	Glove material Nitrile rubber	Glove thickness 0.33 mm	Break through time 30 min
ethyl acetate	Nitrile rubber	0.33 mm	10 min
	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	480 min

The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

#### Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothings made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

Form : liquid Colour: transparent Odor Threshold : no data available

рН	not applicable	
Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point	152°C	
Flash point	0 ° C	
Evapouration rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability		
Upper explosion limit	10.3 %	
Lower explosion limit	1 %	
Vapour pressure	15.2 hPa	
Solubility(ies)	moderate	
Vapour density	no data available	
Density	0.96 $g/cm^{3}$	DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	no data available	
Ignition temperature	268 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature		
Viscosity (23 °C)	Not applicable.	ISO 2431-1993

## 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

Stable

### Hazardous polymerisation

Will not occur.

#### Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

#### Materials to avoid

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.



#### Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

# 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Inhalation

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Ingestion

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

#### Skin or eye contact

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Acute oral toxicity not hazardous

### Acute dermal toxicity

not hazardous

# Acute inhalation toxicity not hazardous

not nazardous

% of unknown composition 0 %

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Category 2
Category 2
Category 3

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### **Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified according to GHS criteria

Skin sensitisation

bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Carcinogenicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria



#### Toxicity for reproduction

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Not classified according to GHS criteria

#### Aspiration toxicity

Not classified according to GHS criteria

### Numerical measures of toxicity (acute toxicity estimation (ATE),etc. )

No information available.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

# 12. Ecological information

Product contains environmentally hazardous substances and product is not classified per GHS.

#### **Ecotoxicity effects**

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses.

#### Acute aquatic toxicity

heptan-2-one	Category 3
2-ethylhexyl acetate	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	Category 3
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	Category 1
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Category 1

% of unknown composition 0%

#### Persistence and degradability

No information available.

**Bioaccumulation** No information available.

# Mobility in soil

No information available.

### Other adverse effects

No information available.

## **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.



#### **Disposal considerations**

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

# 14. Transport information

NZS5433 Proper shipping name:	PAINT
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Packing group:	II
Hazchem Code:	3YE
IMDG (Sea transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II
Marine Pollutant:	no
EmS:	F-E,S-E
ICAO/IATA (Air transport) Proper shipping name:	PAINT
UN number:	1263
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class:	Not applicable.
Packing group:	II

#### Matters needing attention for transportation

Confirm that there is no breakage, corrosion, or leakage from the container before shipping. Be sure to prevent damage to cargo by loading so as to avoid falling, dropping, or collapse. Ship in appropriate containers with denotation of the content in accordance with the relevant statutes and rules.

# 15. Regulatory information

#### National regulatory information

HSNO Approval CodeHSR02662HSNO Control AThis product must be under the control of an approved handler during use.HSNO ClassificationSkin corrosion/irritationSkin sensitisationCategory 6.3BSkin sensitisationCategory 6.5BFlammable liquidsCategory 3.1BAcute aquatic toxicityCategory 9.1C

## 16. Other information

**Revision Note** 

Version Changes

1.0

Revision Date: 2015-01-29 B12730970

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The above information relates only to the



specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet